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Flunt's Perfection Seeds

-> JAN 17 1820 *



1930

Vegetable Seed Trials F. M. Shoomaks JAN 22 1930

Seeds, Bulbs, Plants and Garden Supplies

WILLIAM M. HUNT & COMPANY, Inc.

Incorporating J. M. THORBURN & CO., Established over a Century

Telephones: Bryant { 3547 3548

115 West 45th Street, NEW YORK CITY

TERMS. Prices quoted are net and do not include free transit, except for seeds in packets, ounces, or quarter-pounds, on which we prepay postage or expressage to any point in the United States.

Upon delivery of goods by us to the carrier, ownership passes to the purchaser; when the carrier issues a receipt, our responsibility ceases. Claims for loss or damage should be made to the agent at point of delivery.

EARLY ORDERING. Your cooperation is invited, by placing orders early; this will aid us in preparing for the spring trade and facilitate delivery at proper time.

RUSH ORDERS may be telegraphed or telephoned at our expense.

PRICES on Bulbs, Seeds, Plants, and Supplies are subject to market and tariff changes.

SUBSTITUTES. Should the stock of any variety ordered be exhausted, we shall, to save delay, send in its place the most suitable substitute, unless instructed to the contrary.

NON-WARRANTY. William M. Hunt & Company, Inc., give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, or plants they send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

January 1, 1930

WILLIAM M. HUNT & COMPANY, Inc.

PLANTING CALENDAR

FEBRUARY
Sow in hotbed
Artichoke Early Cabbage Early Cauliflower Celery Eggplant Leek Onion Parsley Pepper Radish Tomato

MARCH Sow in hotbed All seeds men-tioned in February table and Kohlrabi Lettuce Early Beet

APRIL
Sow in hotbed
All seeds men-
tioned in February
and March tables,
also the following:
Asparagus
Cucumber
Melon
Plant outdoors
Acnorague Poets

Asparagus
Cucumber
Melon
Plant outdoors
Asparagus Roots
Beet
Early Cabbage
Carrot

Set out plants of Early Cabbage Early Lettuce Early Cauliflower Early Beet Onion
MAY
Plant outdoors

WAI
Plant outdo
Artichoke
Asparagus
Bush Beans
Lima Beans
Beet
Carrot
Cauliflower
Celery
Sweet Corn
Cucumber
Kohlrabi

Leek
Lettu ce
Melon
Onion
Parsley
Peas
Radish
Salsify Spinach
Spinach
Swiss Chard
Herbs
Okra
Pumpki n
Squash
Brussels Sprouts
Late Cabbage
Late Cauliflower
Endive
Rutabaga
Kale
Set out plants o

Set out plants of
Early Cabbage
Lettuce
Early Cauliflower
Eggplant
Pepper
Kohlrabi
Onion
Beet
Tomato

Carrot
Late Cauliflowe
Sweet Corn
Cucumber
Endive
Kale
Kohlrabi
Lettuce
Melon
Okra
Peas
Pumpkin
Radish
Salsify
Swiss Chard
Squash
Herbs

Set out plants of Celery Eggplant Pepper Tomato	f
JULY Plant outdoors	

JULI
Plant outdoor
Beans
Beet
Carrot
Sweet Corn
Corn Salad
Cress
Cucumber
Endive
Kale
Kohlrabi
Lettuce

Early Peas, late crop	fc
Pumpkin	
Radish	
Squash	
Turnip	
Rutabaga	
Set out plant	ts (
0 1	

Set out plants of
Celery
Late Cabbage
Late Cauliflower
Kale
Endive
Brussels Sprouts
Rutabaga
3

AUGUST

Plant outdoors
Bush Beans
Corn Salad
Cress
Endive
Lettuce
Early Dwarf Peas,
for late crop
Radish
Spinach
Set out plants of
Kale
Endive

SEPTEMBER Plant outdoors Corn Salad Lettuce, Simpson Radish Spinach

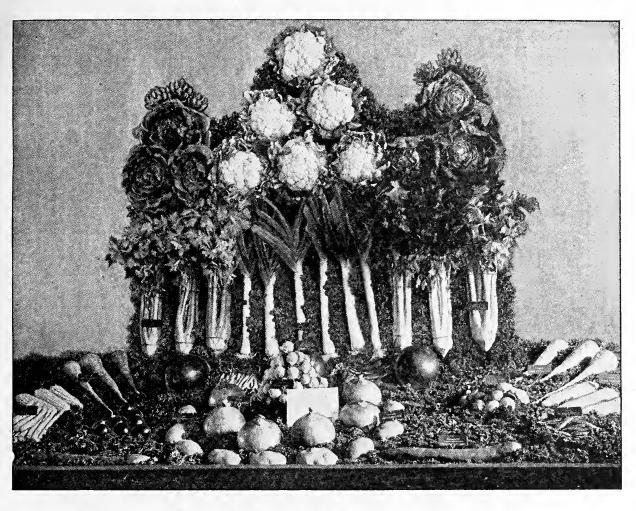
Rutabaga



Nerines, Hunt's Choicest Hybrids. See page 85







Hunt's Perfection Vegetable Seeds

Owing to the unprecedented drought of last season, both at home and abroad, the crops of several varieties of seeds are very short, especially Beans, Radishes, Cabbage, Beets, Corn, and Turnips. Orders should be placed early to avoid disappointment.

In spite of the fact that the commercial gardener can supply most vegetables during the summer at less than what it costs the consumer in time and labor to raise them himself, market vegetables, no matter how expeditiously and scientifically marketed, are never as good as those grown in the home-garden.

People who have never grown their own peas and sweet corn, for instance, are in total ignorance of the true flavor of those delicious vegetables. Besides, there is always the added spice of triumphant achievement in producing the vegetables for family use from the home plot.

If there is space, such crops as mature underground—potatoes, turnips, parsnips, carrots, and so on—can be grown cheaply in quantity, and may be stored in the cellar in autumn and kept until wanted for use. Garden space and garden enthusiasm are all that are needed to produce greater quantities of those staple things of better quality and at less cost than they can be purchased.





1/4lb.

\$0 60

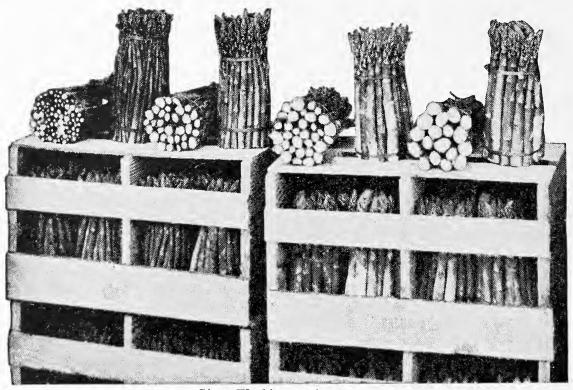
75

°Cz. \$0°20

20

35

10



Giant Washington Asparagus

Artichoke

	Artichaut	Al cacho fa	Artischoke	Pkt.	Oz.
Large French Globe.	Seed should	be sown indoors	and plants potte	ed	
same as tomatoes;	set out in April	and May		\$0 15	\$1 00
	For Artich	ioke Plants, see pa	age 27		
	1	Asparagus			
	Asperges	Esparrago	Spargel		
	One oun	ce will produce 200 p	lants Pkt.	Oz.	1/4lb.
Connover's Colossal.					
Palmetto. Produces la	arge, green, tend	der stalks of delicio	ous flavor 10	25	75
	ASP	ARAGUS ROOT	'S		
Set out in April, in roy	vs 2 feet apart. pla	ints 1½ feet apart in	the row, and 6 inches	s below su	rface. In
small gardens, two and the quicker results.	hree-year plants a	re preferred to seed,	as they are easier to		
	3-vear			100 \$3, 50	1,000 \$30 00
Connover's Colossal. Palmetto. 2-year	·····			. 2 50	22 50
Washington. Practic	ally rustproof;	produces large, lu	ı sc ious, dark greeı	n	
stalks of finest qual					T 0.00
ington Asparagus.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		250 roots \$15.	. 7 00	50 00
Forcing Crowns. Ext	ra strong			.15 00	
	Ror	ecole or Ka	1e		
		e Col			
	Cisou veri Tris	e COi	Giun ixon		

Sow seed $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch deep, in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart, and thin plants to 2 feet apart. Borecole is always improved in quality by mild early autumn frosts. Sowings should therefore be made in May and the plants transplanted in July.

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of row

Dwarf Curled Green Scotch. Very dwarf and spreading. Leaves Pkt. densely crisped and curled. Hardy and productive.......\$0 10 Tall Green Curled Scotch. Heavy cropping sort. Should be

grown extensively where winter greens are in demand.....

Easily grown; almost equaling asparagus when cooked......

Sponge Kale. Distinct, resembles a finely honeycombed sponge.



Beans. Golden Wax

Hunt's PERFECTION Seeds



Beans

Haricots Nains Frijoles Bobnen

Beans, particularly the bush varieties, are one of the most satisfactory vegetables to grow. They adapt themselves to practically any condition of soil, succeeding particularly well in the virgin soil of newly made gardens. Successive sowings should be made throughout the season. The crop should always be picked promptly when matured, used immediately or canned for winter. Black Valentine, Masterpiece, and Golden Wax carry our highest recommendations.

Sow about May 1, in drills 2 inches deep, and 1½ to 2 feet apart. Drop the Beans 3 inches apart, and cover not more than 2 inches. Sow every two weeks, up to the end of July, for a succession. Immediately the pods have attained a fair size they should be removed, for the over-development of a few Beans will soon cause the plants to cease bearing.

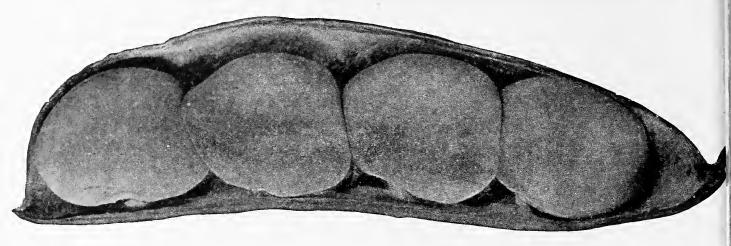
Dwarf or Bush Beans

One pound (or pint) will plant 50 feet of drill

	GREEN-PODDED			
8	NOTE.—Beans, Peas, and Corn are offered by weight One pound is slightly over one pint.	ıt inst	ead of m	easure:
	Black Valentine. Long, round, solid pods. For	Lb.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.
	forcing or garden; heavy cropper. On account of its hardiness, may be planted very early. \$0	65	\$3 00	\$5 75
	Bountiful. One of the best green-podded sorts. Early and prolific; long green, flat pods Earliest Red Valentine. Ready to pick in 35	75	3 50	6 50
	days; tender and of fine flavor	60	2 75	5 00
	Early Mohawk. Long, flat pods; hardy, early; productive	60	2 75	5 00
	ductive; early Feltham Prolific. Very heavy cropper, producing a mass of medium-sized, rich green, fleshy podsPkt. 20 cts	60	2 75	5 00
	Long Yellow Six Weeks. Very early, produc-	60	2 75	5 00
	tive, and of splendid flavor. Remains tender and crisp a long time after maturity	60	2 75	5 00
	Mammoth Stringless Green-Pod. Large, handsome pods. One of the best early varieties.	60	2 75	5 00
	Masterpiece (Sutton's). One of the best dwarf Beans. Extra early and perhaps the best for forcing. Plant robust in constitution and the long pods are straight, handsome, and tender			
	—unusually productive	75	3 50	6 50
	of fine flavor	60	2 75	5 00
	WAX-PODDED			
	Black Wax, Improved. Round pods; early, tender, and productive	60	2 75	5 00
	stringless and tender. More prolific than the old variety—not liable to rust	60	2 75	5 00
	ing; immense cropper	55	2 50	4 75
	heavy crop; not liable to rust; early and crisp	55	2 50	4 75
	WHITE NAVY BEANS. Good cither as a Shell or String Bean	40	1 75	3 25







Lima Beans

Lima Beans should not be planted until all danger from frost is past. Sow bush varieties in drills 2 feet apart, the Beans about 6 inches apart, and cover about 2 inches. For Pole Limas, allow 5 Beans to a hill; plant seed eyes down, 2 inches deep.

BUSH

Two pounds	(or quart)	will plant	100 fe	et of drill
------------	------------	------------	--------	-------------

1 to found (or quart) with france 100 feet of with			
Burpee's Bush Lima. A perfect bush form of the large Lima. Pods are enormous, often measuring 5 to 6 inches in length.	Lb.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.
Very productive\$0	75	\$3 50	\$6 50
Dreer's Bush Lima. Pods thick and large, containing 3 to 5 thick Beans. Useful for home-gardens on account of its productiveness	60	2 75	5 00
Fordhook Bush Lima. Immense pods and Beans of delicious flavor. Upright and branching	75	3 50	6 50
Henderson's Bush Lima. Early and heavy cropper. Small Beans of fine quality. Very hardy and rapid grower	60	2 75	5 00
POLE LIMA BEANS			
Two pounds (or quart) will plant 100 hills			
Burpee's Giant-Podded. The Beans are large and thick; productive.	65	3 00	5 50
Carpinteria. Large, thicker than ordinary Pole Limas; vigorous grower; heavy cropper	60	2 75	5 00
Dreer's Improved. Early and heavy cropper, of excellent quality	55	2 50	4 75
Early Leviathan. Pods contain 5 Beans. Early; excellent	60	2 75	5 00

Pole Beans, Green-Podded

60

55

2 75

2 50

5 00

4 75

Ford's Mammoth. Large, long pods. A well-known standard

Large White. Old standard sort.....

Pole Beans make ideal ornamental vines on trellises or arches adjacent to the vegetable-garden. Try the Scarlet Runner in this way, if opportunity comes. The flowers are exquisite and the matured pods are deliciously tender to eat.

Kentucky Wonder (Old Homestead). Long, green, and flat; very Lb. 2 lbs. prolific	\$2 25
Scarlet Runner. Used both as a String and Shell Bean. Produces a heavy crop of tender, stringless, delicious Beans	2 25

Broad Beans

Taylor's Broad Windsor. A well-known and productive variety.			
May be sown as soon as frost is out of the ground. For table		00	0.00
use, prepare the same way as Lima Beans	50	90	2 00





Beet

Betterave

Remolacha

Salatrube

Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks after, for a succession, up to the first week of July. Soil should be light, sandy loam, well enriched with manure. Sow in drills, 15 inches apart, and when well up, thin out to 4 inches.

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds per acre

Hunt's Dark-leaved Globe. This variety has not only a dark leaf, like	Oz.	⅓lЬ .	Lb.
the best decorative strains, but is equal in color of the flesh to			
Detroit. These two important features, coupled with its hand- some form, place it in the front rank of this class of Beet. It is			
a main-crop Beet of excellent keeping qualitiesPkt. 25 cts\$	50	\$1 50	\$5 00
Crimson Globe. Fine, globular shape; flesh rich, very tender and			
sweet. For an early crop this is one of the best; and from sowings made as late as July splendid roots may be obtained in autumn			
and winterPkt. 10 cts	25	60	1 75
Crosby's Egyptian. Rapid grower; can be sown outside as late as	20	50	1 50
July; dark blood-red Detroit Dark Red. Sweet and tender; very early	20 20	50 50	1 50
Early Blood Turnip. Dark red; fine flavor. Good for winter	20	50	1 50
Eclipse. Early; round; bright red. Heavy yielder Egyptian. Flat-shaped; extra early; deep red; tender and sweet	20 20	50 50	1 50 1 50
Electric. Extra early; nearly round; bright	20	<i>J</i> 0	1 00
red	20	50	1 50
Feltham Intermediate. This early variety is of a handsome tankard or intermedi-			
ate shape. Admirably suited for pick-			
ling	40	1 00	
Half-Long Blood. Finest quality; sweet; crisp, and tender	20	60	2 00
Intermediate or Oblong. This	20	00	_ 00
variety of Beet is very early			
and of fine flavor. Color of leaves bronze-green			
Pkt. 15 cts	60	1 50	
Model Red Globe. Few other Beets produce such high-			
quality roots as this strain			
we offer. Flesh is exceed-			
ingly rich and of the choicest flavor. Perfect in shape,			
with very small tap-root.			
Splendid for exhibition	25	75	2 50
Pkt. 10 cts Perfect Model Globe. A fine	25	75	2 00
selection of Globe Beet; very			
small top. Heavy cropper; splendid keeper Pkt. 15 cts	60	1 50	
SWISS CHARD, Lucullus. Large, dark green	00	1 00	
leaves, white ribs. May be used as spinach.	20	60	1 75
	_		
Sugar Beets and Mar	ngel	S	
Six to 8 pounds of seed are required p	ет асте	Lb.	5 lbs.
Giant Intermediate. Heavy cropper		1 00	\$4 50 4 50
Mammoth Long Red. Largest and heaviest Yellow Globe		1 00	4 50
Yellow Tankard. Very heavy cropper		. 1 25	5 00
SUGAR BEET, Klein Wanzleben			4 50
7			







Brussels Sprouts, Hunt's Exhibition

Brussels Sprouts

Bidoots opiodes	
Chou de Bruxelles Berza de Bruselas Rosenkohl	
Sow seed in April in seed-beds, transplanting afterward into rows 2 feet apart, and cultivate like ca	bbag€.
One ounce of seed will produce 1,500 plants	
Hunt's Exhibition. Produces an abundant crop of de-Pkt. Oz.	⅓Ib
Dalkeith. Produces large, solid Sprouts of finest flavor 10 40	\$3 75 1 50
Dwarf Gem. Produces compact Sprouts of superior quality. Buttons remain fine for a considerable time	1 25
duces a splendid crop of large, heavy Sprouts of excellent quality	
Heavy cropper. The plant is tall and covered with firm Sprouts from top to bottom	1 25
and flavor; splendid for exhibition	
Skirbeck Favorite. This variety produces Sprouts of excellent quality from the tip of the plant right down to the ground 10 40	1 50
Broccoli	
A vegetable similar to Cauliflower, of less delicate flavor, but hardier. Italian Riviera, Green Sprouting. This variety of Broccoli has recently Pkt. become very popular; is preferred by many to cauliflower \(\frac{1}{4} \text{oz. } \\$2 \\$0 25	Oz. \$6 00
Chervil	
Cerfeuil Perifollo Kerbel One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of drill Pkt. Oz. Curled. For flavoring \$0 10 \$0 20 \$0. Tuberous-rooted 15 40	¹ ⁄ ₄ Ib 60 75 1 50





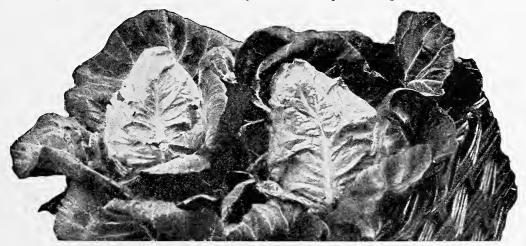
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Cabbage

Chou Col repollo Kopfkobl

For plants of early kinds, sow seed in January and rglass, and prick out into flats about 2 inches apart. Transplant to open ground as early in the spring as the soil can be prepared, setting $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet to 2 feet apart, in rows, which should be 3 feet apart. Cultivate frequently, and during dry weather water copiously. Late Cabbage seed should be sown in drills in open ground during April and May, and transplanted in June or July. Fertilize heavily, using 400 pounds Nitrate of Soda per acre in three dressings, one-third when plants are set out, and two-thirds a month apart later.

when plants are set out, and two-thirds a month apart later.			
One ounce of seed will produce about 1,500 heads; 8 ounces will play	ant an	acre	
Hunt's Earliest. This is a conical-shaped Cabbage of very dwarf habit, with very few outer	Pkt.	Oz.	⅓lЬ.
leaves. It is delicate in flavor, very tender, and quick to mature.			
Seed sown in early spring will produce Cabbages ready for	25	\$0 75	\$2 50
cutting in early June\$ All Seasons. Round, very solid; best quality. Midseason	10	φυ 75 50	1 75
Autumn King. Large, flat heads with leaves set closely; fine	10	90	1 /5
quality; good keeper	10	40	1 50
Copenhagen Market. The earliest round variety and the largest;	10	10	1 50
very solid; fine quality; short-stemmed. Danish-grown seed.			
Strongly recommended	15	75	2 25
Danish Ballhead. Medium size; few outer leaves; good keeper	15	75	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{25}$
Early Jersey Wakefield. The standard early variety; conical in			
shape; solid, with few outer leaves. One of the best for private			
or market-garden	10	50	1 75
Early Summer. Large, solid, flat heads of superior quality. A			
reliable second-early variety	10	50	1 75
Glory of Enkhuizen. Large, early, ball-shaped heads; fine quality.	15	1 00	3 50
Greyhound. An entirely new and distinct strain of such compact			
habit that it can, with advantage, be planted more closely than			
is usual with other sorts. Very early3 pkts. \$1	35		
Johnson's First Crop. An ideal garden Cabbage. The earliest			
of all pointed varieties, and distinct from any other on the	25	1 00	2 00
market	25	1 00	3 00
Premium Flat Dutch. Well-known late sort. The heads are flat	10	50	1 75
and grow remarkably large	10	50	1 /5
Giant Chinese. Resembles somewhat Romaine lettuce and Spinach Beet or Swiss Chard. Outside leaves are pale green,			
inside creamy white; very mild flavor	10	60	2 00
Shaw's Nonpareil. Very compact, with few outer leaves; matures	10	00	2 00
early in the season	25	1 00	
Mammoth Rock Red. Round, solid heads of deep red color	$\overline{10}$	60	1 75
SAVOY, American Drumhead. Unsurpassed for winter use;	10		- //
	15	1 00	3 50
Savoy, Perfection. Largely grown for New York market. Pro-	1)	1 00	3 70
The state of the s	1.5	1 00	2 50

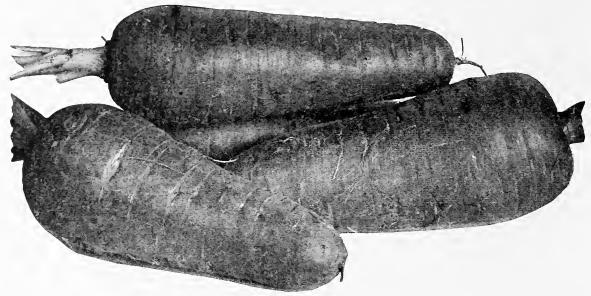


duces larger and better heads than any other Savoy Cabbage.... 15

Hunt's Earliest Cabbage







Carrots, Chantenay

Carrot

Zanaboria

 $M\ddot{o}bre$

Carotte

Carotte Zanaboria Mok		• .т	T 1/*	T T
Sow seed in light sandy soil, from April to July, in drills 1½ feet apa Thin out the young plants from 3 to 5 inches apart, according to size of not allow the soil to get too dry during hot weather.	rt, cov varie	ty. Culti	seed ½in vate freely	y and do
One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; 4 pou	nds pe	er acre		
Hunt's Scarlet Intermediate. The stock we I offer has been	kt.	Oz.	⅓lЬ.	Lb.
carefully selected for many successive years, and in color, quality and shape cannot be excelled. Splendid		\$0 50	\$1 25	
cropper and good keeper\$0 Chantenay Half-Long Scarlet. Stump-rooted variety,	4)	φυ)υ	Ψ1 47	
with broad shoulder	10	35	1 00	\$3 00
Danvers Half-Long. Large, smooth, rich orange-red, and has little core. Handsome. Produces very large crops	10	30	90	2 50
Early French Forcing. The earliest Carrot in cultivation.				
The small, mild flavored, globe-shaped roots make an elegant and delicious side dish	10	30	90	2 50
Early Scarlet Horn. Very thick roots; fine for frames; popular kitchen variety	10	30	90	2 50
Guerande or Oxheart. An immense cropper. Especially suited to hard soils	10	30	90	2 50
Half-Long Nantes. A popular French sort, adapted to shallow soils	10	30	90	2 50
Long Red Surrey. One of the finest for exhibition purposes. Heavy cropper of first-rate quality	10	35	1 00	3 00
St. Valery. A thick, intermediate long red, splendid for kitchen or stock.	10	30	90	2 50
The Premier. Excellent both for table and market, being heavier than Chantenay and possessing all the fine qualities of St. Valery	15	40	1 20	
quanties of our variety	17	10	, 2 20	
Field Carrots			1/11	T L
Long Orange. For stock			. \$0 40	Lb. \$1 25
White Belgian. For stock. Very large; good keeper			. 40	1 25
Yellow Belgian. For cattle feeding				1 25





Celery

Celeri

Apios

Sellerie

For earliest crop, sow in February under glass or in heated frames. Prick out on bottom heat when ready, and transplant to trenches in May or June. For main crop sow in March and continue up to July. When plants are large enough, transplant to trenches, preparing same with good rich loam. Water freely during July and August. To grow good Celery it is essential to place at least 3 to 4 inches of rotted manure in the bottom of the trenches before setting out plants. Withbottom of the trenches before setting out plants. Without it, dwarf, stunted plants invariably result.

One ounce of seed will produce 3,000 plants

Easy Blanching. A fine variety of Celery with remarkable easy-blanching characteristics and useful both for early use and for keeping during the winter months. The plants make a quick, healthy growth; stalks thick, very tender and brittle; rich flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. 75 cts.; ¼Ib. \$2.50.

Fin de Siecle. Largest, hardiest, and best keeping. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼lb. \$1.50.

Giant Pascal. Solid and crisp; golden yellow heart, rich nutty flavor; easily blanched and fine keeper. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; ¼Ib. \$2.

Golden Self-Blanching. French-grown. Crisp; tender; fine flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1; ⅓lb. \$3**.**

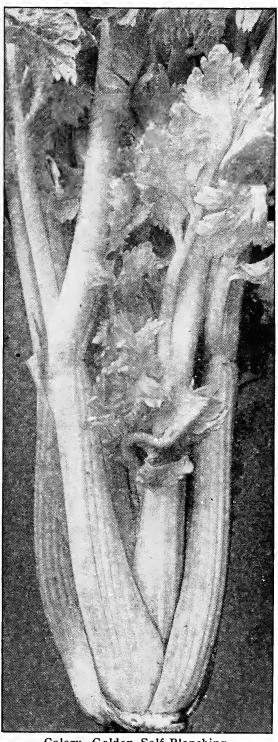
Pink Beauty. Very solid and of fine nutty flavor. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1; 1/4lb. \$3.50.

Pink Plume. Strong, compact grower; long keeper. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$1; 1/4 lb. \$3.50.

White Plume. A valuable early variety unsurpassed for fall and winter use. Blanches easily. Popular market sort. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼Ib. \$1.50.

Winter Queen. The best white Celery. Very Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.50.





Celery, Golden Self-Blanching

Chicory

Chicoree

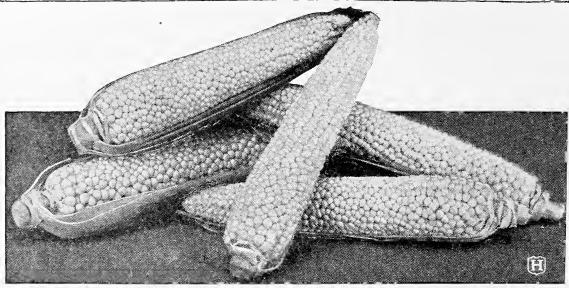
Achicoria

Common or Wild. Very useful for salads. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.

Witloof or French Endive. stalks when blanched are used for salad. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.25.







Corn, Country Gentleman

Corn, Sweet or Sugar

Mais Maiz Korn

Plant in rich, warm soil, in hills 2 to 3 feet apart, in rows 3 feet apart for early kinds and 4 feet apart for late sorts. Make first sowing about the middle of May and continue fortnightly up to about the middle of July.

One bound of seed will blood 200 feet of drill a 200 feet of dri One pound of seed will plant 200 feet of drill or 200 to 300 hills

Bantam Evergreen. An excellent medium-sized early variety of Lb. delicious flavor. \$0.45	2 lbs. \$0 80	5 lbs. \$1 75
Black Mexican. Very sweet; grains black; second early 45	80	1 75
Country Gentleman. Best for midseason. Grains irregular—not		
in rows—and deliciously sweet, tender and milky	80	1 75
Crosby's Early. Fair-sized ears of good quality; very early and of		
rich, sweet flavor	70	1 60
Early White Cory. An early variety; sweet and productive 40	70	1 60
First of All. Early variety; very sweet	70	1 60
Golden Bantam. Extra early; very sweet and tender; yellow. A		
fine variety for the home-garden	65	1 50
fine variety for the home-garden		
tiveness, and quality	90	2 25
Howling Mob. A delicious early Corn with quite large ears 40	70	1 69
Kendel's Giant. Large variety of fine quality; very early. The	, 0	1 00
grains are sweet and tender	80	1 75
Mayflower. Fully 10 days earlier than White Cory, on which	00	1 12
variety it is a great improvement. Ears are long and well filled		
with tender white kernels	80	1 75
Metropolitan. Large, extra-sweet ears of fine quality	70	1 60
	70	1 00
Peep o' Day. A very hardy and early sort, being remarkably sweet, tender, and unusually prolific.	70	1 60
	70 70	1 60
	70	1 00
Stowell's Evergreen. Late; ears large, very sweet. One of the	70	1 60
most popular varieties for late and main crop	70	1 00

Field Corn





Cauliflower

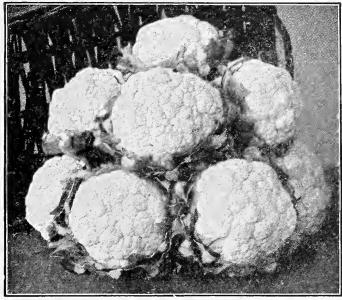
Chou Fleur Coliflor Blumenkohl

For early varieties, sow seed in hotbeds during January or February, transplant 2 to 3 inches apart, to flats or coldframes and set out in open ground 2½ feet apart as soon as weather is suitable. Thrives best in loamy soil. Water freely during dry spells. For late Cauliflower give same treatment as late cabbage.

One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants

Dry Weather. Later than Erfurt; withstands drought better than other sorts. Heads grow to a very large size, solid, pure white, of delicious flavor. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.25; oz. \$4.

Extra-Early Snowball. The best for forcing under glass or for open ground. Extremely dwarf, early, producing wonderful white heads. Very choice imported strain



Cauliflower, Snowball

producing wonderful white heads. Very choice imported strain	Pkt. \$0 25	\$\frac{1}{4}\text{oz.}{50}	Oz. \$5 00
Improved Erfurt (Earliest Dwarf). One of the earliest and most desirable, small-leaved, dwarf varieties	-		
Veitch's Autumn Giant. Vigorous; very large white heads of good quality; late		50	1 50

Cucumber

Concombre Pepino Gurke

Sow outdoor varieties early in spring, in hotbeds, and transplant to open ground when weather is suitable. For later crop, sow seed when weather becomes settled, in hills 4 to 6 inches apart. They require a warm, rich soil, and should be watered liberally.

One ounce of seed will plant 50 hills; 2 pounds, an acre

Davis' Perfect. Fine for forcing or outdoors. Fruits are long and Paslim, very tender, and of fine flavor\$0	kt. 10	Oz. \$0 30	\$1 00
Fordhook Famous. Dark green fruits 12 to 18 inches long; vigorous and productive	10	30	1 00
Long Green (Jersey Pickle). Dark green; long and crisp; excellent for pickles	10	25	75
Rawson's White Spine. Fruit even in size and regular in form	10	30	1 00
Selected White Spine Improved. Vigorous grower; fine for cutting or pickles	10	40	1 50
West India Gherkin. Very small; used for pickles. Should be pickled while young and tender	10	35	1 25

English Forcing Cucumbers

English or Frame varieties must be started about the end of February. Sow in pots or pans, protecting from strong light until seedlings appear. When strong enough to handle, transplant to permanent position in hotbed or greenhouse. The soil must be well prepared, and good results will be obtained if mild liquid manures are given.

Delicacy, Sutton's.	Fruits dark green,	slightly ribbed;	splendid for	exhibition; Pk	t.
fine c ropper				\$0.7	75
Lockie's Perfection.					35
Telegraph. Very pr	olific; quick in grow	th; of fine shape			35



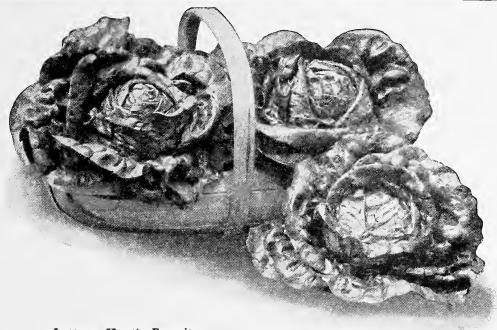


Corn Salad or Fetticus

Corn Salad or Fetticus		
Mache Macha o Valerianilla Ackersalat	1 /11	* 1
Large-seeded. Useful in winter in place of lettuce\$0 10 \$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 50
Cress or Pepper Grass		
Cresson Bara o Mastuerzo Wasserkresse		
One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of drill Pkt. Extra Curled. Splendid for salads and garnishing. Lb. \$1 . \$0 10 True Water Cress	Oz. \$0 20 75 30	\$0 50 2 25 1 00
Eggplant		
Aubergine Berengena Eierpflanze		
Sow in mild heat, about the middle of March, and transplant June 1, setting the pla One ounce of seed will produce about 1,000 plants Pkt.	, -	_
Black Beauty. Large, round, deep purple fruits; very early \$0 25 Early Long Purple. Hardy and productive. Cut before full-grown . 25	Oz. \$0 75 75	\$2 50 2 50
Improved New York Spineless. Fruit of large size and perfect form. Early and productive	75	2 50
Endive		
Chicoree Escarola o Endivia Endivien		
Sow about the middle of April, in rows 1½ feet apart, and thin out to about 9 inche One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill	es apart.	
Broad-leaved (Escarolle). Leaves long, broad, and succulent. Pkt.	Oz.	1/4lb
Fine for winter salads and cooking	\$0 25 25 25 25	\$0 75 75 75 75
Kohlrabi		
Chou-Rave Colinabo Kohlrabi		
Drill seeds in rows about 15 inches apart in May, and thin out to about 9 inches apar	t.	
One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill Pkt.	Oz.	¼lb.
Short-leaved White Vienna. Mild and delicate flavor\$0 10 Early Purple Vienna. Good all-round sort	\$0 30 30	\$1 GO 1 OO
Leek		
Poireau Puerr Lauch		
Sow in April and transplant in July into trenches of well-manured soil, about 20 in plants. In warm weather apply frequently liberal dressings of liquid manure.	iches bety	ween the
One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill Line 12 - Line 12 - Line 12 - Line 13 - Line 14 -	0-	1/11
Hunt's Exhibition. This is undoubtedly the largest of all Leeks, and it is unexcelled for exhibition purposes. It blanches perfectly right up to where the leaves spread. The stem is solid and compact to the top of the	Oz.	⅓lb.
blanch. Flavor mild\$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 50
Large American Flag. Hardy and productive	50	1 75
Musselburgh or Scotch. Of large size and extra-fine quality 10 Prizetaker. Very large and long pure white stems. The leading	50	1 75
exhibition variety	60	2 00
4 pounds each	1 00	







Lettuce, Hunt's Favorite

Lettuce

Laitue Lechuga Lattich

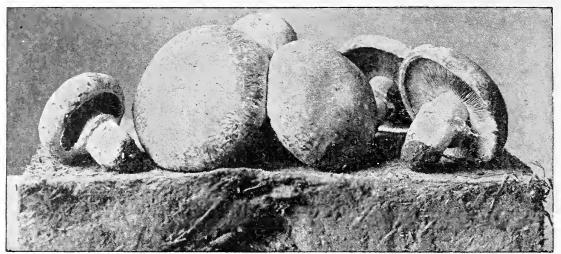
Sow the seed in hotbeds during February until the middle of March, afterward pricking off into flats or coldframes, leaving about 6 to 8 inches between the plants. As soon as weather becomes suitable, transfer to open ground and set out in rows 1 foot apart, leaving 9 inches between the plants in the rows.

One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants

Hunt's Favorite. One of the best for spring sowing, and, being of a hardy constitution, also does	Oz.	⅓lb.
well in the fall. The leaves are curled and the heart is crisp and		
tender. It is ready for use in a short period and is one of the		
last to run to seed\$0 25	\$1 00	\$3 50
last to run to seed	40	1 50
Big Boston. Very large heads of splendid flavor. Fine for forcing		
	40	1 50
in coldframes or open ground		
leaves, the inner ones forming a semi-compact head; tender; good		
flavor. Splendid heat-resister	40	1 50
flavor. Splendid heat-resister		
Good forcing variety	30	1 00
California Cream Butter. Produces a large white head	40	1 50
Early Curled Simpson A very tender bunching variety of line	4.0	4 50
flavor. White seed	40	1 50
Early Market All-Heart. Similar to All-the-Year-Round, but		
quicker and produces more heart, although in actual size it is		
somewhat smaller		
Golden Queen. A small variety of compact habit, forming yel-	50	1 75
lowish green heads of excellent flavor	50	1 75
Grand Rapids Forcing. Large, crisp, tender, early bunching va-	50	1 75
riety. Fine for forcing	50 75	1 75
Hartford Bronze-Head. Forms large, compact heads	75 5 0	2 25 1 75
Long Lost. Extra-large, curly Lettuce, crisp and tender	20	1 /2
May King. Extra-large, round, solid, very tender heads. Good	40	1 50
alike for outdoors or under glass	40	1 50
Mignonette. Small, russet-colored heads, exceedingly tender, crisp, sweet, solid, and compact	50	1 75
1, 1 1, 1	50 50	1 75
	50 50	1 75
	75	1 //
Sunset. Medium green with red edge	1)	
size. Used for forcing	50	1 75







Mushrooms and Spawn, Pure Culture

Romaine or Cos Lettuce

Hunt's Dwarf Gem. A splendid variety for forcing and for the early garden. Compact in	kt	Oz.	⅓lb.
habit and requires less space than is necessary for some of the other Cos varieties. Self-folding, exquisite flavor, tender, crisp, and does not readily run to seed\$0		\$1 00	\$3 50
Balloon Cos. The largest Cos Lettuce		40	1 50
	10	40	1 50
Lobjoit's Green Cos. Splendid self-folding variety. It is a rich, rather deep clear green, very crisp, medium in height, and com-			
	20	1 00	3 50
Paris White Cos. Upright in growth; color pale green	10	40	1 50
Self-folding Cos. The largest Cos Lettuce. Heart clear white	15	75	2 00
Silver Cos. Largest size, perfect form, self-folding, and very crisp	15	60	1 75

Mushroom Spawn

American Direct Pure-Culture. Produces Mushrooms in four to five weeks; uniform in shape, good size, and of a creamy white color. We always have a large and fresh supply on hand. Brick 50 cts., 10 bricks \$4.50, 50 bricks \$21, 100 bricks \$40.

Spawn in Bottles, \$1.50 each, 6 bottles \$8. Cultural directions free on request.

Mustard

	Moutarde	Mostaza	Senfkraut	Oz.	⅓lЬ.	Lb.
White London.	Leaves used for salad	[. \$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00

White London. Leaves used for salad\$6) 10	\$0 30	\$1 00			
Watermelon						
Melon d' Eau Zandia Wasser Melone	?					
Give treatment similar to muskmelon, excepting that they should be planted	out ir	hills 8 to	10 feet			
One ounce of seed will plant 25 hills; 5 to 6 pounds, in hills, as	n acre					
	Pkt.	Oz.	1∕4lb.			
Citron. Round and handsome; for preserving; red seed\$0) 10	\$0 25				
Cole's Early. Medium size; red flesh; green skin	10	25	75			
Kleckley's Sweet. Exceedingly sweet and fine flavored	10	20	60			
Mountain Sweet. Flesh red; late; dark green	10	20	60			
Sweetheart. Oval; bright skin; fine quality; very large	10	25	75			
	_					





Muskmelon

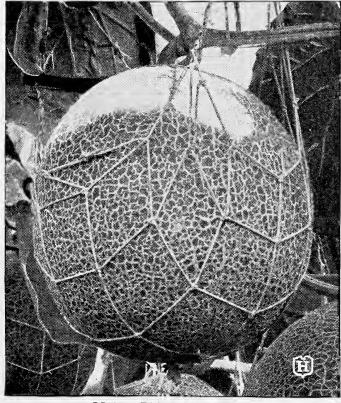
Melon Muscade	Melon Muscatel	Melone					
Seed should be planted in rich, sandy soil, about the first week in May. Place ten seeds in hills about 5 feet apart each way; afterward thin out, leaving three or four of the best plants to the hill.							
One ounce will plant 50 hills;	2 to 3 pounds of seed,	in hills, an acre					
Emerald Gem. Dark green skin; orang early			Oz. \$0 50	¼IЬ. \$1 50			
Fordhook. Medium size, heavily netted delicious flavor	ed; thick, salmon f	lesh of	50	1 50			
Hackensack. Large, round, early varied of good quality. Popular	ty; flesh green and	sweet, 10	40	1 25			
Honeydew. White skin; flesh green, thi	ck, of sweet flavor.	10	50	1 50			
Jenny Lind. Small, green-fleshed; very	early variety	10	50	1 50			
Montreal Nutmeg. Largest green-flesher	d variety	10	40	1 25			
Rocky Ford. Oval; flesh thick, green, ve	ery sweet	10	40	1 25			

English Muskmelon (Greenhouse Varieties)

For first crop, sow seed in January in good, rich loam and well-rotted manure, adding a dressing of fine soil to the surface, and bring plants as near light and glass as possible. A regular temperature should be maintained. When fruit is ripened, give air freely and check supply of water in order to develop the flavor.

Pkt.

flavor.	Pkt.
Blenheim Orange. Scarlet flesh\$	
King George. Very distinct scarlet-fleshed melon	1 00



Melon, Ridgefield Scarlet

Royal Sovereign. Beautiful golden color, slightly netted; flesh white and very thick		75
Sutton's Best of All. Very thick, deep green flesh, of splendid flavor	1	00
Sutton's Emerald Gem. Flesh unusually thick, of rich green color, and superb in		
flavor	1	00
Sutton's Perfection. A valuable melon; flesh green	1	00
Sutton's Ringleader. Oval; yellow skin; flesh pale		
green, of delicious flavor	1	00
Sutton's Scarlet. Golden skin, rich in color and flavor	1	00
Sutton's Superlative. Medium size; handsome shape; scar-	1	00
let flesh of rich flavor	1	UU
Veitch's Eminence. Medium size; white flesh; splendid		
flavor	1	00

Sutton's Melon Seeds are sold only in original packets



Onions, Yellow Globe Danvers

Onion

Oignon

Cebolla

Zwiebel

As early as soil can be worked in spring, sow the seeds thinly in drills 1 foot apart, and cover lightly, later thinning out to about 6 inches apart in the row. The soil must be well fertilized and be made very friable. In hot weather, water frequently. Don't forget that the first crop you will bring in from your garden will be "spring" Onions. Plant Onion sets as early as your ground will permit for little green Onions, and some for late big Onions.

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; 4 to 5 pounds, an acre

the market, with small neck, mild flavor,	Pkt.	Oz.	1⁄4lb.
globular shape, and yellow skin. A wonder. Specially recommended for exhibition purposes\$	35	\$1 50	\$5 50
Ailsa Craig. Extra-selected strain. Flesh white; a good keeper and valuable for exhibition. The seed we offer is raised by one of the best growers in England, and we strongly recommend same for			
exhibition and culinary purposes	25	1 00	3 25
Cranston's Excelsior. A favorite exhibition variety of large size	25	1 00	3 25
Gigantic Gibraltar. Very large; handsome, globular shape; light	25		0.50
Johnson's Giant. This is a distinct variety, producing excellent	25	75	2 50
bulbs one-third larger than Ailsa Craig or Excelsior, pale yellow			
in color, flesh firm, handsome form, and fine flavor. A good			
keeper. One of the best Onions ever offered	35	1 00	3 25
Large Red Wethersfield. A large, rather strongly flavored Onion	4.0	<i>(</i> 0	2 00
that does well in all localities and is an excellent keeper. Lb. \$7.	10	60 60	2 00
Prizetaker. Immense, globular, yellow Onion; flesh white. Lb. \$7 Southport Red Globe. A globe-shaped, medium-sized Onion that	10	00	2 00
keeps well and is of excellent quality. Beautiful shape. Con-			
sidered the finest red varietyLb. \$7	10	60	2 00
Southport White Globe. Flesh firm, fine-grained, mild, pure			
white; globe-shaped	10	60	2 00
Victoria Cross. The highest type of yellow exhibition long-keep-			
ing Onion. New selection. Large, almost round, straw colored bulb	25	1 25	4 00
White Portugal. The standard flat white Onion. Early and of	2)	1 20	1 00
mild flavor	25	75	2 50
Yellow Danvers. Standard sort; early and a good keeper	10	60	2 00
Yellow Globe Danvers. Globular shape; keeps well. There is no	10	60	2 00
better variety for general crop	10	00	2 00





Onion Sets

Prices subject to market changes Quart Peck	
Red Onion Sets \$0 50 \$3 0 White Onion Sets 50 3 0 Yellow Onion Sets 50 3 0 Shallots 50 3 5 Garlic Lb. 75 cts	0 0 0
Okra or Gumbo	
Gombaud Quimbombo Essbarer Hibiscus	
Sow seed early in May in rows 3 feet apart and 2 inches deep. As plants appear, thin out to about	ŧŧ
1 foot apart. One ounce of seed will plant 40 feet of drill Oz. 14lb. Lb.	
Dwarf Green. Short, thick pods; early \$0 20 \$0 60 \$1 7. Long Green. Very productive 20 50 1 50 White Velvet. Tender, long white pods 20 50 1 50	0
Parsley	
Persil Perijil Petersilie	
Sow the seeds thinly in beds any time from February until the end of May. Soak seed thoroughly i water before sowing. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill	n
Hunt's Perfecta. Dwarf, compact Parsley, of bright green Pkt. Oz. 1/4lb color, beautifully curled. One of the best	
varieties for general cultivation	0
Exhibition Green Gem. Leaves consistently rich deep green, and most exquisitely and closely curled. Its compact habit we	
believe to be unequaled by any other strain	
Fern-Leaved. Superior variety; useful for garnishing	
Triple Moss-Curled. Immensely double, compact leaves 10 25 7.	
Parsnip	
Panais Chirivia Pastinake	
Sow the seed as soon as season will permit, in drills about 2 feet apart, and thin plants out to 1 for apart in the row. The ground should be deeply trenched and well manured.	ot
One ounce of seed will plant 100 feet of drill; 5 pounds, an acre American Hollow Crown. Long, smooth, and milky white. The Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb.	
best and most productive variety. Lb. \$2 .\$0 10 \$0 25 \$0 7. Early Round. Very early and of good flavor 10 25 7.	5
Pepper	
One ounce of seed will produce about 2,000 plants Pkt. Oz.	_
Chili. Cherry-shaped; used for pickles; very hot	_
Large Bell or Bull-Nose. Large, early variety; bright red; mild	
Long Red Cayenne. Very not; for pickles	5
Red Apple. Mild and sweet	
Sweet Mountain. Mild and sweet; truits very large	5
Upright Sweet Salad	5
Pumpkin	
Potiron Tucca Grosse Kurbis	
Sow about the end of April, in hills 8 feet apart, using three or four seeds to hill.	
One ounce of seed will plant 25 hills; 3 pounds, an acre pkt. Oz. 14lb. Connecticut Field. Large, oval: splendid for pies	
Connecticut Field. Large, oval; splendid for pies. \$0 10 \$0 30 \$1 00 Jumbo. 10 30 \$1 00	
Large Cheese. Flat. One of the best for family use	





Peas

Pois

Chicharos o Guisantes

Erbsen

English-grown Seed

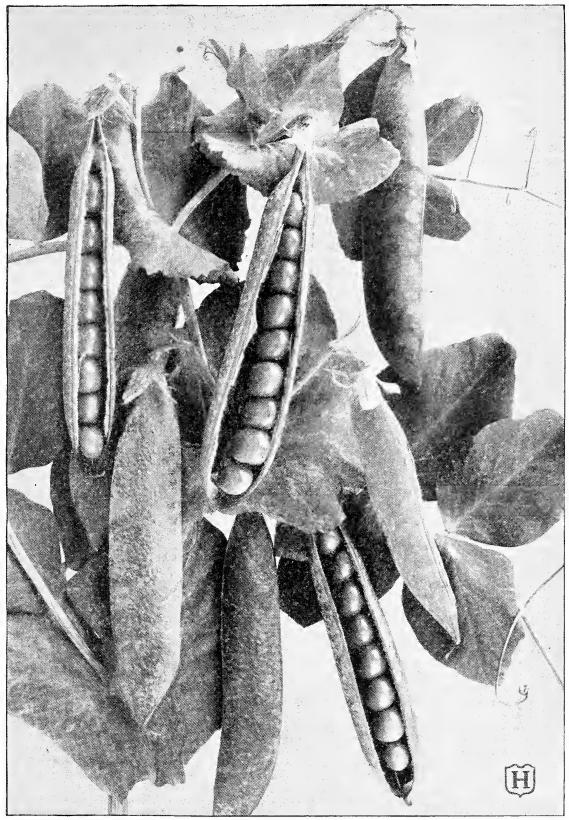
For first crop, round-seeded Peas should be sown in the open ground as soon as it is fit to be worked; wrinkled varieties should be planted two to three weeks later. Frequent planting for succession, and a careful selection of varieties, will give an almost continuous crop of Peas from June until frost. Sow Peas in rows 3 feet apart and 3 inches deep. Rotted horse manure and wood ashes should be freely used in the preparation of soil for Pea-sowing.

Three pounds of seed will sow 100 feet of drill

This is your opportunity to sow lots of Peas this season; prices are mu	ıch lou	ver tban ı	ısual
Admiral Beatty. 3½ ft. We consider this the best second-early Pea extant. It is a full-flavored marrowfat	Lь. 50 50	5 lbs. \$2 25	10 lbs. \$4 00
Alaska. 2 ft. Extremely early, round, blue-seeded variety. Heavy cropper. Suitable for canning20 lbs. \$5 Alderman. 5 ft. Main crop. Peas of delicious flavor, contained	35	1 50	2 75
in immense pods; unusually prolific	45	2 00	3 75
Very popular. Recommended for glass culture	40	1 85	3 5 0
row Peas of excellent quality and delicious flavor20 lbs. \$5 Duke of Albany. 5 ft. Main crop. Produces an abundance of very	3 5	1 50	2 75
large pods well filled with tender and sweet Peas. No better variety for the amateur's garden	3 5	1 50	2 75
large round Peas in abundance	50	2 25	4 00
First of All. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Best for first sowing, round variety; very hardy. Selected strain of extra earlies20 lbs. \$5 Gradus or Prosperity. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Second early. Bears abundance of long pods, containing 10 large Peas. Without a doubt one of	35	1 50	2 75
the best Peas in commerce	3 5	1 50	2 75
James Kelway. 2½ ft. A good cropper, making an excellent wrinkled main crop.	50	2 50	4 50
Laxton's Progress. 1½ ft. Large-podded, early, wrinkled Pea. Recognized as the very best of the Laxtonian type Laxton's Superb. 2 ft. This Pea, being very hardy and semi-wrinkled, can be sown as early as Pilot, and stands wet and cold	50	2 50	
well. It has an enormous pod, slightly curved, and it crops very heavily	55	2 50	4 50
Laxtonian. 1½ ft. Early. Bears an abundance of dark green pods filled with large Peas of fine quality Little Marvel. 1½ ft. Extra early. Produces well-filled pods in	35	1 65	3 25
abundance. Flavor exceptionally good. A very popular Pea for successive sowings	3 5	1 65	3 25
McLean's Advancer. 2½ ft. Second early. A fine standard sort	45	2 10	4 00
of excellent quality	35	1 65	3 25
or June sowing. Yields first quality Peas in abundance Plentiful. 3½ ft. Early. Seeds are round and consequently may be sown earlier than the wrinkled late sorts. The plant is of vigorous, branching habit, with thick stem and broad leaves.	30	1 40	2 50
	1 50		
large size and fine flavor. Claimed to be the largest Pea grown	55	2 50	4 50
Sutton's Excelsior. 1½ ft. First early. One of the finest dwarf wrinkled Peas in cultivation. A very heavy cropper Telephone. 5 ft. Main crop. A tall and very robust grower, bearing and property of the control	50	2 25	4 00
ing enormous pods and Peas of best quality; unusually productive	40 40	1 85 1 85	3 50 3 50







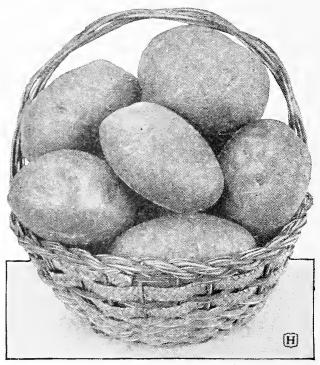
Peas, Gradus or Prosperity

PEAS, continued

Thomas Laxton. 3 ft. Second early. A heavy and reliable Lb.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.
cropper. Supplies an abundance of delicious Peas from June until August	\$2 25	\$4 00
Victoria Cross. (Sutton's.) 5 to 6 ft. Second early. The largest		
podded Pea in commerce. Produces pods of twelve or thirteen Peas of superior flavor	4 00	7 50







Potatoes, Green Mountain

Potatoes

Pomme de Terre Patatas Kartoffel

Excellent results are obtained by setting out Potatoes in good, sandy loam, making furrows 1½ feet deep and about 3 feet apart. Apply freely a good commercial fertilizer or well-decayed stable manure to each drill, eover slightly, and plant pieces of Potatoes, each containing two or three eyes, 1½ feet apart, in rows. Cultivate when plants are 6 inches high.

Ten bushels of cut tubers will plant an acre Bus. \$5, bbl. or sack (23/4 bus. or 165 lbs. approximately) \$13.50

Prices subject to change. Booked at market prices for later delivery

Beauty of Hebron. An early and popular variety. Tubers are large, of good

flavor, and keep well.

Carman No. 1. The handsome tubers have a peculiar white skin, are uniformly large, oval, of excellent qual-

ity; an enormous yielder.

Early Rose. Early, productive, and of excellent quality; long and of good size; cooks mealy and is of good flavor.

Gold Coin. Splendid table variety; flesh white; golden skin. Main crop.

Green Mountain. Unsurpassed for main crop. A well-known variety which is suitable for planting in almost any condition of soil, always doing well.

Irish Cobbler. One of the first to be ready for use. Flesh white, of fine flavor.

Red Bliss or Bliss's Triumph. Very early. Tubers round and smooth.

Rural New Yorker No. 2. Medium-early. White, oblong, inclined to round, rather flattened.

flattened.

Spaulding Rose. Red skin; late maturing. One of the best-keeping sorts. Large smooth tubers of excellent quality.

Radish

Radis et Rave	Rabanos y Rabanitos	Radiesch	pen	
For an early crop, sow in hotbed in Ja worked, sow seed in the open, in rows 1 foo	nuary, February, and March. As t apart.	soon as g	ground is	fit to be
One ounce	of seed will sow 75 feet of drill	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
Crimson Giant. Crisp and solid		.\$0 20	\$0 60	\$1 75
Deep Scarlet Turnip Forcing. Hand	Isome; delicious; crisp	. 20	60	1 75
French Breakfast. Always reliable				
Scarlet with white tip; very early		. 20	60	1 75
Long Icicle. Pure white; very hands	some, crisp, and tender	. 25	75	2 00
Long Scarlet. Long, crisp, and swee	et. Very early	. 20	60	1 75
Scarlet Globe. Good for forcing or	open ground	. 20	60	1 75
Scarlet Olive-shaped. Valuable and	distinct sort	. 20	75	2 00
White Spanish		. 20	60	
White-tipped Scarlet Turnip. Very e	early. Fine for frames	. 20	60	1 75
Winter Long Black Spanish		. 20	60	
Winter Round Black Spanish		. 20	60	
Winter Scarlet Chinese		. 25	75	

Salsify

Salsifis Ostion Vegeta Haferwurzel

Sow early in April in drills about 1½ feet apart; thin out plants to 8 inches apart.

One ounce of seed will sow 75 feet of drill

Mammoth Sandwich Island. A large-growing variety. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.75, Ib. \$5.





3 50

1 00

Scorzonera

Corzonere

Escorzonera

Resembles salsify, but is black. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4lb. \$1.75.

Sea Kale

Chou marin

Breton de mar

Sea Kale Seed. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.

Sorrel

	Oseille	Acedera	Sauerampfer	Pkt.	Oz.	⅓lb.
Large-leaved French.	Used for s					

Spinach

Epinard

Espinaca

Spinat

Summer Spinach should be sown every ten days, from April to the middle of July, for succession; winter varieties during August and September.

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; 12 pounds, an acre, in drill

	Oz.	1∕4lb.	Lb.
Curled-leaved Savoy. Large, tender, curled and wrinkled leaves	0 15	\$0.40	\$1 00
King of Denmark. Large, tender curled leaves of fine substance			
and flavor. Hardy and early	15	50	1 25
Large and Crumpled-leaved. The leaves are very dark green,			
thick, and fleshy. Improved late sort	15	50	1 25
Long-standing (Round, Thick-leaved). A greatly improved stock			
of round Spinach. Dark green. Best for spring sowing	15	40	1 00
New Zealand Summer. Does well in hot summer weather. Very			
productive	25	75	2.00

Perpetual. A valuable addition to the Spinach family, producing green leaves in abundance close to the ground. Immediately one gathering has been made, fresh leaves appear, maintaining a supply long after other sorts are exhausted.

Squash

Courge Calabaza Speisse Kurbis

Seeds should be planted about the middle of May, in hills 4 feet apart for bush varieties, and 10 feet apart for the running sorts. Put twelve to fifteen seeds in each hill; afterward thin out, leaving three or four of the best plants.

One ounce of seed will plant 50 hills of the early sort and 25 hills of the	e later	varieties	
Bush Summer Crookneck. The best summer variety. Yellow	Pkt.	Oz.	⅓lb.
fruit of delicious flavor; early and productive\$) 10	\$0 40	\$1 00
English Marrow, Bush White. Extremely productive; very			
tender. Fruits are oval, cream-colored, of delicate flavor	15	50	1 25
English Marrow, Long White. Skin greenish yellow; flesh white,			
soft, and richly flavored	15	5 0	1 25
English Marrow, Rotherside Orange. The fruits are globe-shaped,			
and when ripe take a deep golden color	15	75	2 00
Extra-Early Jersey White Bush. Enormously productive	10	40	1 00
Fordhook. Bright yellow skin; flesh straw-yellow, dry, and sweet	10	40	1 00
Giant Summer Crookneck. Very large; rich flavor	10	40	1 00
Golden Hubbard. Flesh deep golden yellow, much richer than			
original Hubbard though only about half the size	10	50	1 25
Improved Hubbard. Well known and liked for late use. Will keep			
from September to May	10	50	1 25
White Bush Scallop. A good early variety of fine quality and			
very prolific	10	40	1 00
very prolific	10	40	1 00





2 00

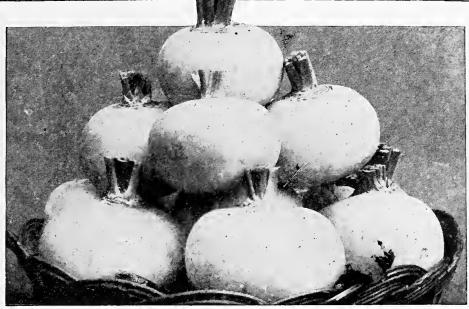
Tomato	
Tomato Tomate Liebesapfel	
In February or March sow seeds lightly in rows in greenhouse, hotbed, or window-box, as plants have reached a height of 3 inches, transplant to hotbeds. About June 1, set out in open 4 feet apart, giving plenty of well-rotted manure to each plant. Water freely during hot weat obtain the best results, trellises or stakes should be used.	ground.
One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants Pkt. Oz.	\$2 00
Acme. One of the earliest. Handsome, medium-sized fruit\$0 10 \$0 60 Bonny Best. Very early; medium size and produces freely. Valuable for market	2 00
Valuable for market	2 00
Dwarf Champion. Fruit of medium size; very prolific 10 60	2 00
Earliana. Extra early; bright red, smooth	2 00
duces fruit of medium size and fine flavor	2 00 2 50
Stone, Dwarf. Large scarlet fruits, very solid and of superb flavor. Its dwarf, compact habit should induce all amateurs to	2 00
grow this variety	2 00 2 50
FANCY SHAPED TOMATOES	
Red Pear \$0 15 Yellow Pear	Pkt. \$0.15
Red Plum 15 Yellow Plum 15 Strawberry (or Husk)	. 15
FORCING TOMATOES Pkt.	1/40Z.
Hunt's Victory. A very heavy cropper; early; produces round, medium-sized fruit of splendid flavor, in large	
trusses. Excellent for shipping. Equally good, both in and outdoors\$0 25 SALVATORE CAIRO, Superintendent to M. H. Meinhard, Esq., Port Chester, N. Y., says: "Hunt's Victory Tomato is the best variety I ever grew; never saw such a crop before."	\$2 00
Dobbie's Champion. Heavy cropper; deep scarlet	2 00
Early Sunrise. Splendid cropper; medium size	$\frac{2}{2} 00$
Godber's Market Favorite. Very early; very free setting, and a wonderful cropper. Sold only in packets of 200 seeds	
cropper. Sold only in packets of 200 seeds 4 pkts. \$1	
dium-sized, pure golden yel-	
low fruit, excellent in flavor, being entirely free from acid. 25	2 00
Holmes' Supreme. Medium-	2 00
sized, scarlet fruit, round,	
smooth and firm; heavy cropper	2 00
per	2 00
medium-sized fruit of excel-	2 00
lent flavor; very prolific 25 Lister's Protection. Enormous	2 00
cropper, every fruit being of	
uniform size, most beautifully	
shaped, and of splendid flavor. In raiser's sealed packets only 1 00	
Market King. A very heavy	
cropper; early; produces round fruit of medium size 25	1 75
TOURGETTIIL OF MECHAN SIZE . 20	//

Tomato, Hunt's Victory

Stirling Castle. Small, very solid fruits of finest flavor; enormously productive.....

Cultural Hints on Vegetable Seeds supplied free on request.





Turnips, Early Snowball

Turnip Nabo Weisse Rübe

i uiiip			
Navet Nabo Weisse			
For main crop, sow in open ground, from May to July; for win out in rows 1½ feet apart, allowing a space of 6 inches between the One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of drill; 2		and Aug	ust. Set
Early Snowball. Crisp, tender and sweet. A good tab and an excellent sort for the amateur grower Golden Ball. The flesh is very tender, making it one of	le variety Oz\$0 25	\$0 60	\$2 00
table sorts	25	60	2 00
Milan, Early Purple-Top. Flesh pure white, delicate, and	sweet 25	60	2 00
Milan, Early White-Top. Very tender; quick grower		60	2 00
Purple-Top White Globe. A very handsome, globe-shape Yellow Aberdeen. Very hardy and productive, excellen	t both for	60	2 00
table and stock	25	60	1 75
Yellow Globe. For early or late sowing		50	1 50
GARDEN SWEDE. Specially selected for garden and		60	4 77
purposes		60	1 75
Swede Turnip or Rut Sow 3 pounds of seed to an acr	abaga	Lb.	5 lbs.
American Purple-Top. Large size. Champion. Purple-top; good keeper. Long Island Improved.		.\$1 50 . 1 50	\$7 00 7 00 7 00
Sweet and Medicinal	Herbs	Pkt.	Oz.
Anise. Seeds aromatic			\$0.50
Basil, Sweet. Used for flavoring.		. 10	50
Caraway. Used in flavoring		. 10	50
Dill. Seeds used for flavoring		. 10	20
Fennel, Florence		. 10	40
Fennel, Sweet. For flavoring		. 10	40 75
Hyssop. Has medicinal qualities		. 10	1 00
Marjoram, Sweet. For seasoning.		10	75
Rue. Used for flavoring.		. 10	1 00
Sage, Broad-leaf. Culinary herb		. 10	1 00
Savory, Summer. Culinary herb		, 10	75
Savory, Winter. Culinary herb.		. 10	75 1 00
Thyme, Broad-leaved English	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 15	1 00
25			





Farm and Field Seeds Prices subject to market changes

Carrot

Carrot			
Sow 4 pounds to an acre Long Orange. Large and long. Especially suited to deep soil. \$1 25 White Belgian. Excellent for horses and cattle during winter. 1 25 Yellow Belgian. For stock. 1 25	\$ \$!	5 (os. 00 00 00
Field Corn			
Eight quarts of seed will plant one acre in hills; 3 bushels will sow one acre broadcast, or half that quantity in drills Brewer's Yellow Dent. One of the finest Dent Corns in cultivation Early Learning (Eureka). A very hardy and early Dent Corn Golden Beauty. Very heavy cropper Golden Nugget. Produces extremely large ears; heavy cropper Longfellow (Yellow Flint). Small cob; large grain; popular 8-rowed variety Luce's Favorite. A Dent Corn which is as early as the Flint varieties	\$7	6 (6 t) 6 (6 t) 6 (7 t	00 00 00 50 00 50
Southern Horse-Tooth. A popular variety for fodder and ensilage		5 ()0 50
Rutabaga			
Sow 3 pounds of seed to an acre American Purple-Top. Large; very hardy and productive	\$7	7 (7 (7 ($\begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 00 \end{array}$
Mangel-Wurzel			
Six to 8 pounds of seed are required per acre			
Mammoth Long Red. Largest and heaviest		1 5	
the Mammoth Long Red		1 5 5 (
SUGAR BEET, Klein Wanzleben		1 5	
Oat			
Sow 2 to 3 bushels to the acre; 32 pounds to the bushel	F	Bus	·
Northern Grown American. Very heavy	\$4 ed 4	! 5 ! 2	50 25
Storm King. A very early variety that makes a strong growth of straw, producing 70 bushels per acre. The large heads are well filled with big, heavy, white grains White Tartar. Extremely early.	ng s 3		50
Buckwheat			
Sow 1 bushel (48 lbs.) to the acre			
Japanese. Early and productive, yielding almost double that of the other varieties Silverhull. Light gray grain	s. 4 5	5 5	50 50
Millet			
Hungarian. Yields a heavy growth of excellent hay. Can be sown as late as July Sow ½ bushel to the acre	.\$12 n	ы IЬ О)s.)()
Sow in rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, using 10 to 12 pounds per acre, and cultivate until 15 inches high, when its rapid growth will smother all weeds	e	0	00
26			





Wheat

Sow 1½ bushels to the acre			
Four-rowed Fulz. Red; hardy and prolific; beardless			
Rye			
For grain, sow 1 bushel (56 lbs.) to the acre; for forage or soiling $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels			
Giant Winter King. Popular as a cover crop and produces an abundance Bus. 5 bus. of early green feed			
September; 6 pecks per acre for later sowings			
Miscellaneous Farm Seeds			
BARLEY, Vermont Champion. Two-rowed, early, hardy and prolific. Two Bus. bushels will sow one acre			
COWPEAS, Black Eye. Valuable in this latitude as a fodder plant. Its chief value, however, is as a green crop to plow under			
PEAS, Canada Field. Makes fine ensilage. If sown with oats, sow about 1½ bushels to the acre; in drills, 2 to 3 bushels			
SOJA BEAN, Mammoth Yellow. Splendid as ensilage or green fodder 5 50			
RAPE, Dwarf Essex (English). Excellent for sheep pasture and also for soiling\$15 00			
SUDAN GRASS. Valuable both for hay and silo. Grows from 6 to 10 feet high, makes small leafy stems, and is greatly relished by stock. Sow seed when ground has become warm, using 4 to 6 pounds per acre			
SUNFLOWER, Mammoth Russian. May be grown to advantage on waste ground. An excellent and cheap food for fowls. All farmers should plant this, if only for feeding chickens. Plant 5 pounds to acre			
VETCHES Spring Vetches or Tares (Vicia sativa). Valuable for soiling or for green manuring. Use 2 to 3 bushels to acre, broadcast, or 1 to 2 bushels in drills. 16 00 Winter Vetches or Tares (Vicia villosa). For fall sowing, use 1 bushel of the			
seed per acre with 1 bushel of rye			
Vegetable Plants and Roots			
ASPARAGUS 100 1,000			
Forcing Crowns. These are extra-heavy and suitable only for forcing under glass or in frames			
Washington. Produces large, luscious, dark green stalks of the finest quality. Practically rustproof. 2-year-old roots\$15 for 250 7 00 50 00 1-year-old roots			
Cauliflower Plants 2 00 18 00 Celery Plants. Ready in July 1 50 12 50 Horse-Radish, Maliner Kren 3 00 20 00			
Rhubarb Roots. Extra strong			



Lawn on the Fairlawn Farms, Estate of Sanders A. Wertheim, Esq., Allenhurst, N. J. Grass seeds supplied by William M. Hunt & Company, Inc.





Lawn Grass Seed

How to Make a Lawn

To produce a good lawn requires considerable work; do not make the mistake of trying to cheapen the preparation, for nowhere in the garden is the old axiom of "what is worth doing, is worth doing well," better illustrated than in lawn-making.

The soil must be deep; a good lawn cannot exist on poor soil. Plow the ground deeply—a foot is none too much. Apply to the soil before plowing, a heavy coating of wellrotted stable manure. Fresh manure carries too many weed seeds; its use should be avoided. If rotted manure is not available, sheep manure or chemical fertilizers may be

Ground bone-meal, 1½ tons to the acre, is a good lawn fertilizer, furnishing plant-food over a long period; 100 pounds of nitrate of soda and 100 pounds of dried blood to the acre should be applied at the same time; these furnish nitrogen for immediate use. Sheep manure at the rate of 1,000 pounds to the acre may be used instead of nitrate of soda and dried blood. When only a small lawn is being made, use 20 pounds of bone-meal to 250 square feet, ½pound each of nitrate of soda and dried blood, or 6 pounds of sheep manure. Harrow and cross-harrow until the ground is thoroughly pulverized; the better harrowed the ground is, the better the grass will grow and the more permanent the lawn.

An acre requires 125 pounds of seed or one pound to each 250 square feet. Harrow or rake the ground lightly, and roll with a heavy roller.

Hunt's Perfection Lawn Seed

This mixture is well worthy the name we have bestowed upon it, and we firmly believe is destined to become the favorite Grass Seed for use where a fine lawn is of importance. It is the result of careful study and trials made during the past few years under varied conditions. In advance of cataloguing Hunt's Perfection Lawn Seed, we said privately several late of this mixture during the past few years. sold, privately, several lots of this mixture during the past four years, and in each and every instance the results obtained have been remarkable, quite confirming our own trials and fully meeting our expectations. Those who have tried out this seed tell us that "we have got the real goods for a perfect lawn." Lb. 80c., 20 lbs. \$12.50, 100 lbs. \$60.

Hunt's Perfection Lawn Seed contains 10 per cent South German Mixed Bent (Creeping Bent).

Prospect Park Lawn Seed

This mixture is made of the finest American and European grasses specially adapted for lawns. With proper care of the soil before sowing it will produce a rich, velvety lawn in four to six weeks, which will remain green throughout the year. For making new lawns we recommend 5 bushels to the acre; 1 pound of seed will sow 250 square feet; for renovating use one-half this quantity. Lb. 50 cts., 20 lbs. \$8.50, 100 lbs. \$40, 1,000 lbs. \$375.

MIXTURE FOR SHADY LAWNS AND UNDER TREES. This mixture is a combination of dwarf-growing grasses which thrive in shaded places. It quickly produces an abundant and even growth of lovely green grass where ordinary lawn seed mixtures are failures. Lb. 80 cts., 20 lbs. (bus.) \$12.50, 100 lbs. \$60.

TERRACE LAWN SEED. A mixture of fine stoloniferous grasses specially suited to terraces. Will produce a rich and lasting turf. Sow at the rate of two pounds per 100 square feet. This mixture is a combination of such grasses as will make a quick, strong growth, taking a firm hold of the soil and prevent washing away by heavy rains. Lb. 80 cts., 20 lbs. \$12.50, 100 lbs. \$60.

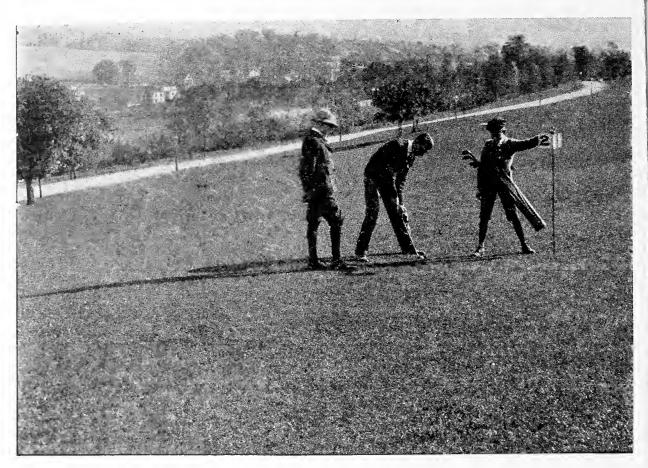
TENNIS-COURT MIXTURE. Will make a firm, green and lasting turf in the shortest possible time, that will improve with trampling. Lb. 90c., 20 lbs. \$13.50, 100 lbs. \$65.

SEASHORE MIXTURE. This mixture is peculiarly suited to seaside lawns, etc. Lb. 80 cts., 20 lbs. \$12.50, 100 lbs. \$60.

POLO FIELD and ATHLETIC GROUND MIXTURE. A mixture of specially selected grasses for heavy trampling that will quickly recover from hard usage. 100 lbs. \$60, 500 lbs. \$275.







Grass Seed for Golf Courses

Our golf-course trade is rapidly increasing. We take especial care in the selection of the highest grade of grasses obtainable, and prompt shipments in any required quantities can be depended upon. We recognize that varied formulas under diversified conditions are desirable, and we shall be glad to quote on specific requirements submitted, giving full information as to purity and germination of items quoted. All inquiries will receive immediate attention.

PUTTING-GREEN MIXTURE (Creeping Bent Formula). 20 lbs.	100 lbs.	1,000 lbs.
This mixture produces a beautiful turf of closest texture\$18 50	\$85 00	\$800 00
PUTTING-GREEN MIXTURE (Chewing's Fescue Formula).		
A popular mixture used by many golf clubs with satisfactory		
A popular mixture used by many golf clubs with satisfactory results. Produces a splendid turf of good color and texture 13 50	60 00	<i>575</i> 00
FAIRWAY MIXTURE NO. 1	<i>55</i> 00	500 00
FAIRWAY MIXTURE NO. 2	50 00	480 00
SPECIAL MIXTURE FOR TEES	52 50	
MIXTURE FOR THE ROUGH 11 00	50 00	•

SEMESAN. An effective remedy for the control of brown patch on lawns and putting greens; also for treatment of seed, preventing blight, damping A special booklet telling all about Semesan free on request. 5 lbs. \$13, 25 lbs. \$62.50, 100 lbs. \$240.

Fertilizers for Lawns and Golf Courses

	100 lbs.	
Bone-meal	.\$4 50	\$70 00
Sheep Manure	. 4 50	70 00
Nitrate of Soda	. 7 00	110 00
Lawn Sand (Imported). Kills dandelion	.18 00	
Sulphate of Ammonia	. 7 50	





15 00

Grasses in Separate Varieties

Grasses in Separate varieties		
Prices subject to fluctuation		
Canada Blue Grass. For sowing on hard clay and poor soils. Gives a large crop of hay. Sow 60 lbs. per acre. Weight per bus., 14 lbs\$	Lb. 0 50	100 lbs. \$45 00
Chewing's Fescue. Excellent for fairways and putting greens. Thrives		11
also in shady places. Weight per bus., 26 lbs	65	60 00
Colonial Bent. Grown in New Zealand. A desirable grass for putting		
greens. Weight per bus., 16 lbs	1 50	140 00
Creeping Bent (South German Mixed Bent). A natural grass from the forests of southern Germany. Used largely in this country for putting		
greens. Weight per bus. 16 lbs.	1 35	120 00
greens. Weight per bus., 16 lbs	65	60 00
English Rye Grass. Very nutritious, valuable for meadows and pastures.		
Sow 60 lbs. to the acre. Weight per bus., 24 lbs	30	25 00
Fine-Leaved Fescue. Suitable for lawns and putting greens. Weight		
per bus., 16 lbs	80	70 00
Hard Fescue. Weight per bus., 20 lbs	50	45 00
Italian Rye Grass. Thrives in any soil and yields early and abundant		
crops. Valuable for pasture mixtures. Sow 50 lbs. per acre. Weight		
per bus., 24 lbs.	25	22 50
Kentucky Blue Grass. This is the most hardy and valuable of all north-		
ern grasses. Especially useful for lawns, meadows and rich lands. Sow		
70 lbs. per acre for lawns, 40 lbs. for pasture. Weight per bus., 21 lbs	55	50 00
Meadow Fescue. An excellent grass of great value in mixtures for per-		
manent pastures. Sow 45 lbs. per acre. Weight per bus., 24 lbs	25	22 50
Meadow Foxtail. One of the earliest and best pasture grasses. Sow		405.00
	1 50	125 00
Orchard Grass. Adapted for growing in shady places or under trees.		
One of the most valuable for pastures; makes a good hay. Weight per	25	22 50
bus., 14 lbs	35	32 50
Red or Creeping Fescue (European). For lawns and sandy soils. Specially	50	4E 00
useful for putting greens. Sow 35 lbs. per acre. Weight per bus., 24 lbs.	50	45 00
Redtop, Fancy or Recleaned. Free from chaff. Splendid for lawns and	45	40 00
pastures. Weight per bus., 36 lbs. Rhode Island Bent. One of the best grasses for lawns. Weight per bus.,	49	40 00
14. The Very coarse	1 60	150 00
14 lbs. Very scarce	1 00	150 00
the situation is moist. Weight per bus., 18 lbs	80	75 00
Sheep Fescue. A valuable variety for the rough. Requires only one	00	75 00
cutting the whole season. Weight per bus., 20 lbs	50	45 00
Sudan Grass. Very valuable grass for hay, especially in sections subject	20	15 00
to drought; grows 4 to 9 ft. high, and yields three to five tons of ex-		
cellent hav per acre. Sow 25 lbs. per acre.	20	15 50
cellent hay per acre. Sow 25 lbs. per acre	1 00	90 00
Timothy. A field and not a pasture grass, as it will not endure close and		
frequent cropping. If used alone sow 30 lbs. to the acre. Weight per		
bus 45 lbs	25	15 00

90 00 White Clover for Lawns. Specially selected seed of high purity. Lb. 75 cts., 10 lbs. \$7.25, 100 lbs. \$70.

Meadow and Pasture Mixtures

Experience has proved that a better and more enduring growth is obtained from a mixture of many kinds of grasses than is possible from the use of only one or two varieties. Different species are suitable for certain conditions—some kinds thrive better on high ground and in dry weather, others on low ground, preferring moist conditions. Some mature early; others late. Our mixtures are compounded with the object of securing a good stand from early spring until the setting in of winter.

We are prepared to make special formulas to meet certain specified conditions.





Meadow Grass Mixtures

BOTH HAY AND PASTURE No. 1. For light soils. 100 lbs. to the acre. \$9 0 No. 2. For heavy soils. 90 lbs. to the acre. 9 5 No. 3. For woodland. 100 lbs. to the acre. 10 0	00 50	100 lbs. \$44 00 46 00 47 50
PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURES		
No. 4. For light soils. 80 lbs. to the acre	50	44 00 46 00 50 00
FOR HAY ONLY		
No. 7. Mixture. 40 Ibs. to the acre. 8 5 Timothy. 25 Ibs. to the acre. 4 0		40 00 15 00
Clovers		
Alfalfa (Lucerne). Requires a deep, rich soil, and in such will produce Lb several large crops every season. Sow 20 to 25 pounds per acre\$0 5 Alfalfa, Grimm's. Very hardy and productive; thrives well on hardpan	5. 55	100 lbs. \$50 00
	80	75 00
	55	50 00
	35	27 50
lish Cow Grass for plowing under. Sow 15 pounds per acre	60	55 00
	60	55 00
also used as a fertilizer	20 30	17 50 27 50
	75	70 00

Hunt's Lawn Dressing Seed

A New Product that should not be confused with ordinary lawn dressings, which are merely fertilizers

Our Lawn Dressing Seed is a scientific blending of the Finest Lawn Seeds with those fertilizing elements that give nourishment to the rootlets, thus insuring perfect growth, fine texture, and deep, rich coloring. Germination and rapid growth are stimulated by its free use.

Unsurpassed for Restoring Old Lawns

"Old age" impairs the looks of many lawns. Bare and worn spots are developed; weeds spring up and choke the grass. Lawn Dressing Seed will restore these lawns. Rake the worn spots thoroughly with an iron-tooth rake; spread the Lawn Dressing Seed heavily on such places and more lightly on the remainder of the lawn. A new growth will soon appear covering the whole surface with a thick turf.

Gives New Lawns the Right Start

After preparing the ground spread Lawn Dressing Seed at the rate of 25 lbs. to each 250 square feet. This gives a foundation for a perfect lawn. A day or two later sow the whole area with our Prospect Park Lawn Seed at the rate of 1 pound to each 250 square feet. This insures a permanent turf of fine texture which will remain green from spring to fall. For Golf Courses this product quickly brings the turf to perfection. Our Lawn Dressing Seed is recommended for Fairways and Putting Greens where it is vitally important to have the finest surface.

100-lb. bag, \$40; 50-lb. bag, \$21; 25-lb. bag, \$11; 5-lb. bag, \$3







Flower Seeds

Most of the bright summer flowers, which keep the garden gay all season and are so graceful for cutting, are easily raised from seed. In fact, most of them live only one season and have to be started anew from

seed each spring.

There is a tremendous thrill in sowing seeds and watching them come up so vigorously and push on into leaf and flower. There is endless opportunity for amusement and experiment in trying various types and colors of the same flower. Delicate color schemes and broad garden effects are easily and inexpensively achieved by sowing seeds of annual flowers.

Our seeds are secured from specialists and represent the largest quality

of attainment in varieties and in freshness and vigor.





Cultural Hints on Flower Seeds

The following abbreviations are used throughout the Flower Seed Department:

HA., Hardy Annuals HHA., Half-Hardy Annuals TA., Tender Annuals HP., Hardy Perennials HHP., Half-Hardy Perennials
HB., Hardy Biennials
HHB., Half-Hardy Biennials
GP., Greenhouse Plants
GS., Greenhouse Shrubs
GB., Greenhouse Bulbs HC., Hardy Climbers

GS., Greenhouse Shrubs GB., Greenhouse Bulbs GC., Greenhouse Climbers

Raising Plants from Seed

When sowing seeds in pots, pans, or trays, use a compost of sweet top soil, sand, and humus, or clean leaf-mold. Some growers substitute peat-moss for the humus, but I prefer the latter. No manure of any kind is required, and the mechanical condition should be such that if when just pleasantly moist a handful is squeezed together, it falls apart readily upon the hand being opened. If the particles cling tenaciously together, it requires the addition of more humus and sand. The soil should be passed through a sieve having a half-inch mesh. Fill the pots or flats to within half an inch of the top with this compost and press it moderately and uniformly firm, making the surface perfectly level. For very fine seeds, a surfacing layer of the same soil passed through a quarter-inch sieve will be required. Now water with a fine spray so that the whole body of soil is saturated. It will be found an excellent preventative of damping off and other fungoid troubles if Semesan is used (normal strength) for this purpose. Allow to drain for an hour or so and then sow the seed. Sow thinly and barely cover with soil shaken through a piece of wire screening. Large seeds, as Lupins and Sweet Peas, should be covered to a depth of 1 inch, and minute seeds, as Lobelia, Begonias, etc., will not require covering. Place a piece of glass and a sheet of brown paper over each pot or flat and lead in a temperature of 60 degrees. Examine each morning, and as soon as germination keep in a temperature of 60 degrees. Examine each morning, and as soon as germination is evident, remove the coverings and gradually expose the plants to full light. Water with care, never allowing the plants to suffer either for want of water or by being waterlogged. When water is required, stand the seed-pot in a pail and allow the moisture to rise from below.

When preparing a seed-bed in a frame, the soil should possess the qualities already described. Sand and humus may be freely used. The surface must be raked fine and level and the seed sown either broadcast or in shallow drills, 3 to 4 inches apart. Cover the seed to its own depth, or slightly more, for summer sowings. Press lightly with a flat piece of board and water well with a very fine spray. Keep the sash and shading material on until the shoots can be just discerned breaking through the surface, then remove the shading and admit ventilation on all favorable occasions. The ground where seed is to be sown in the open should be brought to a state of pulverization and the surface raked fine. So far as possible, sow either immediately before or after rains, so that the seed is insured sufficient moisture for germination and early growth. Annuals may be sown where they are to flower, the young plants afterward being vigorously thinned out. Perennials are best sown in rows and later transplanted.

Seedlings sown in pots and frames will require transplanting when the second pair of leaves develop. For many things, flats 3 or 4 inches deep are suitable, using a compost similar to that advised for seed-sowing but in a little coarser state, or they may be transplanted to beds in frames. Allow 2 inches each way for this first move. Perennials and biennial seedlings will be transplanted into frames or in rows in the open ground

allowing ample space for development.

Hardy annuals may be sown when the trees are bursting into leaf, and in some cases in the fall. Half-hardy annuals may be sown so that sizable plants are available for planting out when danger of frost has passed, and later for succession. Hardy biennials are best sown in June or July and hardy perennials from June to September. Greenhouse plants are sown at various times according to requirements, and in this connection it may be mentioned that many hardy annuals make excellent greenhouse plants if sown in September or in early spring. When seeds fail to germinate, my experience is that the fault is invariably with the person responsible for the sowing and after-care. No reputable seed-house disseminates untested seed. The most frequent causes of failure are too deep sowing and permitting the soil to become excessively dry or the reverse while germination is taking place. Either of these conditions is fatal to success. T. H. Everett, F.R.H.S.

Late of the Royal Botanical Gardens, Kew, England





Flower Seed Novelties

The descriptions are those of the raisers

Antirrhinum, Tall, White Wonder. HHA.

The largest and purest white Snapdragon. Pkt. 50 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.25.

Aster, Peerless Yellow. HA.

It has been difficult to obtain a good yellow Aster. We have been working constantly for several years and have at last developed one worth while. It may be described as of American Branching habit, height 2 feet, flowers of good size and form, petals slightly incurved, with no trace of quills as in the other forms of the yellow Asters. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.50.

Clarkia elegans, Firebrand, Double. HA.

Double; copper-scarlet—an entirely new color in Clarkias. Admirable for green-house culture. Pkt. 30 cts., 4 pkts. \$1.

Cosmos, Hollywood Star. HA.

This graceful oddity was found in a field of our late Crested Cosmos a few years ago, and in following it in our experimental grounds, we have found it reproducing itself true to type. The flowers are pink, red, and white, borne on long stems. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.50.

Dianthus, Sweet Wivelsfield. HA.

A new race of hardy annuals introduced by Allwood Brothers of England

It contains a great variety of colors and flowers almost continuously throughout the season. May be sown in April in the open for late summer flowering, or may be used as a pot plant by sowing thinly in frames during July or November. The plants grow 2 feet high and are of bushy habit. Pkt. 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.

Larkspur, Los Angeles. HA.

This variety was developed in response to the demand for a Larkspur of the same growing habit as La France, but with a richer color—something between shell-pink and rosy scarlet. The type of growth is similar to La France, but the foliage of Los Angeles is a much darker green, making the large, double flowers stand out more prominently. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.50.

Lobelia, Blue Stone. HHA.

The result of many years' selection. Plants of compact habit, with rich, clear blue flowers coming perfectly true from seed. Pkt. 30 cts., 4 pkts. \$1.

Primula malacoides, England's Dwarf Beauty. HHA.

The large, salmon-pink flowers, with clear yellow eyes, are borne in umbels on erect, stout stems over beautiful foliage. Pkt. \$1, 3 pkts. \$2.75.





Sweet Pea Novelties

- ADMIRATION. (I. & H.) A most vigorous grower, with flowers that are nicely waved and well placed on stems of unusual length. Admiration is a bright, clear rose-pink on white ground. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- ALL BRIGHT. (Morse.) This gives one the impression of a very intense scarlet-cerise, which describes this variety very well. The stems have great length and sprays usually bear four flowers. Pkt. (25 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- BEATALL. (Bolton.) This is a pink Sweet Pea, but a shade which will surpass other pinks in the richness of its color and brilliance of its luster. The flower has massive, beautifully frilled standards, nicely spread wings, and a bold, shapely keel. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- CAMBRIA. (Bolton.) There is a totally distinct character in this flower, which is of a shining rose-pink on a white ground. As a decorative Sweet Pea, Cambria is superb, and in an exhibition group its value will be great as an enricher of the cream-pinks with which it will blend in delightful harmony. Pkt. (12 secds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- **CARMEN.** (I. & H.) A brilliant, rich cerise, the best we have seen, belonging to the cerise section of the N. S. P. S. Classification List. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- CHEERIO. (King.) This is a clear blue which we consider the best in this shade and worthy to be in all collections. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- CLEMATIS. (Unwin.) This novelty is quite distinct from any other named variety. The color is rich violet-purple, very deep and velvety, with large flowers on long, heavy stems. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- FLAME OF FIRE. (Stark.) A gorgeous Sweet Pea. The standard is a bright orange-scarlet with cerise wings. A row in full bloom is a brilliant sight. Pkt. (12 seeds) 30 cts., 4 pkts. \$1.
- GOLDEN WEST. (Stark.) The rich bronze one sees in the sunset describes the color of this beautiful Sweet Pea. Large flowers, fine for exhibition. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- PURITY. (Stevenson.) I can safely state that this is the largest and most solid white Sweet Pea ever offered, and one that will be sought by all growers. The flowers are extra broad and the stems very long. Pkt. (12 secds) 50 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.25.
- ROSE MARIE. (Stark.) Deep rose-pink blooms of giant size. The largest Sweet Pea we have seen in pinks. Flowers are well placed and have plenty of substance. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.
- TALLY-HO. (King.) A color that has captured the keen exhibitor's eye—brilliant cherry-cerise, remarkable for its intensity. Five-flower stems of huge blooms are freely produced. Pkt. (12 seeds) 35 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.

Verbena, Mammoth Golden Queen. HHA.

As in asters, a clear golden yellow is very difficult to procure in Verbenas, but we have, after several years of close application, succeeded in developing Golden Queen, the deepest yellow on the market. Pkt. 25 cts., ½0z. \$1.25.

Zinnia, Dahlia-flowered

- GOLDEN DAWN. HA. The flowers are a golden yellow, comparable to that color in the Double Giants, and are cnormous, borne on long, strong stems. Pkt. 30 cts., ½80z. \$1.
- YOUTH. HA. In response to many requests for a light rose Zinnia, we are now pleased to offer for the first time, Youth, a beautiful soft rose self. The flowers are well-formed, of true Dahlia-flowered type, grown on the usual robust Dahlia-flowered plant. Pkt. 30 cts., ½0z. \$1.





Flower Seeds in Imported Collections

	Three
ANTIRRHINUM majus (Tall)	\$4 00
Nanum (Semi-dwarf) 6 vars 1 00 Tom Thumb 6 vars 1 00	2 50 2 50
ASTERS, Chrysanthemum-flowered, Dwarf 8 vars 1 25	3 00
Comet, Giant	2 50 4 00
Late Branching 6 vars 1 00	2 50
Ostrich Plume 6 vars 1 00 Queen of the Market 8 vars 1 25	2 50 3 00
Victoria	4 50 2 50
Victoria 6 vars 1 00 BALSAM, Camellia-flowered, Improved 8 vars 1 00	2 50
Rose-flowered	$\frac{2}{4} \frac{50}{00}$
BEGONIA, Box's Prize Strain, Double	5 50 4 00
CELOSIA Thompsoni magnifica 6 vars 1 00	2 50
CINERARIA. Finest Covent Garden Strain	5 25
CYCLAMEN. Finest Covent Garden Strain 6 vars 2 00	5 25
GAILLARDIA, Perennial. Best named sorts 6 vars 1 50	4 00
GRASSES, Ornamental	2 50
HOLLYHOCK, Double Choice Extra (Chater's)	4 50 3 00
LARKSPUR, Emperor	2 50
MARIGOLD, African 6 vars 1 00 French 6 vars 1 00	2 50 2 50
PANSY. Very choice 12 vars 1 50 Very choice 6 vars 1 00	
PHLOX Drummondi grandiflora 6 vars 1 00	2 50
POPPY, The Shirley	3 00
SALPIGLOSSIS grandiflora 6 vars 1 00	2 50
SCABIOUS, Tall Double. Large-flowered 6 vars 75	2 00
STOCKS, Mammoth, Nice	
Perpetual-flowering 6 vars 1 00 Ten Weeks'. Large-flowering 12 vars 1 50	
SWEET WILLIAM 6 vars 1 00	2 50
VERBENA hybrida 6 vars 1 00	2 50
ZINNIA elegans. Extra-double 10 vars 1 50 Elegans. Extra-double 6 vars 1 00	4 00 2 50

SEEDS OF ALPINE PLANTS SUITABLE FOR ROCK GARDENS, ETC.

Collection:	12	varieties,	our	selection	.\$2	50
				selection		
				selection		
Collection:	100	varieties,	our	selection	.14	50



Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) Hunt's Geneva Pink





Hunt's Geneva Pink

A Wonderful Snapdragon

Without a rival among Antirrhinums, old or new. Wholesalers, retailers, and the public marvel at the 6-foot stems, the upper 1½ feet of which carry dense spikes of big, delightful, glistening rose-pink blooms. The plants are robust growers, well furnished with dark green foliage, and bloom with remarkable freedom.

GENEVA PINK is the most superb Snapdragon we have ever seen, surpassing all others when grown under glass. It also thrives in the garden, producing wonderful spikes of bloom from early summer until frost.

True Originator's Seed is obtainable only in our sealed packets. Pkt. \$1, 3 pkts. \$2.75

Certificate of Merit by the INTERNATIONAL FLOWER SHOW, New York, N. Y., March 6, 1925

> Certificate of Merit by the CHICAGO FLORISTS CLUB, March 25, 1925

Certificate of Merit of the LAKE GENEVA HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, November 7, 1924

> Honorable Mention CLEVELAND FLOWER SHOW, March, 1925

A FEW INDORSEMENTS

Mr. Axel Johnson, Lake Geneva, Wis., who grows it for the Chicago Market, says: "Hunt's

Geneva Pink is bringing \$6 per dozen, less commission."

The Chicago Flower Growers' Association wrote Mr. Johnson: "Hunt's Geneva Pink Snapdragons have met with great favor among our customers. We have obtained a better average price for them than on any other Snaps. Customers say it is a welcome addition to the Snapdragon family. The keeping qualities are superb. The flowers seem to be fuller than any other variety and it is a good shipper."

WILLIAM M. HUNT & Co., INC.

Gentlemen: Last spring I got of you a package of Geneva Pink Snapdragon, and want to

tell you that they far exceeded our expectations. . . . Never have I seen anywhere such wonderful Snapdragons. I am wondering what else you offer in seeds of such high quality. Please send me catalogue of fall bulbs and shrubs. Yours very truly, Laura M. Armstrong, Lincoln Community High School, Lincoln, Illinois.

September 27, 1929. The Snapdragons, the seed of which we got from you last spring, have just been wonderful this summer. They caused quite a lot of comment and admiration. The colors were true and really wonderful, especially Geneva Pink, which I could cut with stems 30 inches to 3 feet long, and they withstood the dry weather very well. (Signed) Alan Roberts, Gardener, Devereaux Estate, 1274 Bishop Road, Wickliffe, Ohio.

Mr. J. W. Smith, of Ridgefield, Conn., one of the most successful eastern growers of fruits and flowers under glass, considers Geneva Pink one of the finest indoor "Snaps," always coming true to type and color, with a vigor and flower production unequaled by any other.







Robert Burns' Garden and Cottage

Alphabetical List of Flower Seeds Selected Strains. Only the highest types in each class

ACHILLEA Ptarmica flpl., The Pearl. HP. 2 ft. Produces an abundanc small double white flowers in loose sprays	e of F \$2\$0	kt.) 25
ACROCLINIUM album. HA. Everlasting, showy, double white flowers Roseum. Double; rose; useful for cutting		15 15
Ageratum HA		
Very effective for bedding and useful for bouquets. Easily raised from se is usually started in a hotbed or window and transferred to open ground in Ma	ay.	
Little Blue Star. 6 in. Beautiful mauve-colored miniature flower. \(\frac{1}{16}\)oz. \\$2 \\ Little Dorrit. 6 in. Azure-blue	15 \$0 15 50 15	ioz. 75 75
Mexicanum, Blue Perfection. Very fine dwarf	15 15	50 50
	10 10	
ALOYSIA citriodora (Lemon-scented Verbena). HHA. Very fragrant	30 1	25
Alyssum		
Carpet of Snow. HA. Invaluable for edges	10 \$0 15 1 25 2	Oz.) 60 . 50 2 00 . 50
ANCHUSA italica, Dropmore Variety. HP. Strong branching habit, producing large, brilliant blue flowers in abundance. July. One of the best hardy perennials	25	
	75	
ANTHOXANTHUM gracile. Ornamental Grass	10	





Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) HP

Effective for bedding and forcing under glass. Produces enormous spikes of many shades of color; highly decorative and lasting when cut. Easy of cultivation. Seed sown outdoors the first week in May will bloom in August and remain in flower until November.

TALL VARIETIES (Antirrhinum majus)	17
Hunt's Geneva Pink. Illustrated and fully described on pages 38 and 39\$1 00	⅓oz.
Brilliant. Bright scarlet and yellow	
Carmine. Pleasing shade of pink	
Ceylon Court. The new giant yellow sensation, specially grown for green-	
house culture	
Coral-Red. Bright red	
Cottage Maid. Very handsome; pale pink, with white throat 25	
Daybreak. White and pink	
Delicate Rose. The name describes it	
Fairy Queen. Orange, white throat.	
Firefly. Crimson and yellow	
Helen. A light pink variety that is well adapted for greenhouse culture.	, 15
Height 3 to 4 feet)
Height 3 to 4 feet	
blooms. Attains height of 3 to 4 feet)
blooms. Attains height of 3 to 4 feet	
Lilacinium. Very attractive light blue	5 75
Nelrose. Silvery pink. Recommended for winter flowering)
Penn Orange. Similar to the Philadelphia Pink, but not quite so early.	
Color is vivid orange with yellow and pink shadings. Very popular	
with florists	
Phelps' White. The best white variety	
Philadelphia Pink. Free-flowering greenhouse variety, lovely shade 2 00	
Romeo. Deep rose	
Rose Dore. Salmon, shaded gold—a unique color	
Salmon Queen. Golden rose, with white throat	
Venus. Delicate pink	
White Rock. Extra early; pure white; strong and free grower 2 00	
Tall Mixed. All the best varieties	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
INTERMEDIATE or SEMI-DWARF VARIETIES	
This class of Snapdragons attains a height of 1½ feet, has a great range	of color,
and is very suitable for bedding. Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Apple Blossom. White throat; pink lip and standard; dainty flower\$0 35	
Black Prince. Dark crimson flower.	
Bonfire. A lovely orange and flame color.	
Cottage Maid. Pale coral-pink, white throat	
Daybreak. Deep orange, white throat	
tive indeed	1
Orange King. Glowing orange. 25	
Pink Queen. Creamy pink.	
Queen of the North. White	
Sensation. Bright orange-scarlet with white throat	
Spitfire. Very bright orange-scarlet self	
White Queen. Pure white. A gem for pots and bedding	
Mixed. All the best sorts in proper proportion	60

I might add that I have a 100-foot bed of your Geneva Pink Snapdragon just coming into bloom, and it is gorgeous, doing as well outside as under glass. Thanking you for your letter of advice, I remain very sincerely, Lester Lowrie, Supt. J. J. Murdock, Esq., Larchmont, N. Y.







Aquilegia cærulea

Aquilegia (Columbine) HP

Aquilegias are easily grown from seed and are greatly admired in the spring and early summer. We particularly recommend the longspurred varieties which produce large flowers of singular beauty.

Cærulea. 3 ft. Pale blue. Summer.....\$0 50 Chrysantha. 3 ft. Canary. Summer...

½oz. \$1... 25

Chrysantha grandiflora alba. 3 ft. White. \frac{1}{4}oz. 75 cts...

Long-spurred Hybrids. All the best and

Mrs. Scott Elliott's Celebrated Strain. A renowned English strain, which enjoys a world's reputation for the choicest flowers in the greatest possible array of colors.

 $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.50... 50

ARABIS alpina. HP. 6 in. Small pure white flowers. Very useful for rockeries and bedding. 1/4 oz. 75 cts...

ARCTOTIS grandis. HHA. 2 ft. Large; pearly white, delicate mauve center. Valuable for cutting and borders....½0z. 50 cts.. 15

ARUNDO donax variegata.
Ornamental Grass..... 10

ASPARAGUS plumosus nanus. HHP. An excellent foliage plant for conservatory or for cutting as it will remain fresh in water for three weeks.

100 seeds \$1.. 25 Sprengeri. A drooping variety, ideally

suited for hanging-baskets.....

Hunt's Perfection Asters

For early flowering, the seed should be started in the house, hotbed, or coldframe, in March, transferring the seedlings to their permanent flowering position as soon as all danger from frost is past. Asters prefer a sunny position and thrive best in a heavy loamy soil enriched with bone-meal or Clay's Fertilizer.

AMERICAN BEAUTY, Purple. Raised and selected from the desirable Pkt. American Beauty Rose Aster having all the latter's good qualities, 1/80Z. differing only in color, which will make it a valuable addition.......\$0 25 \$0 75

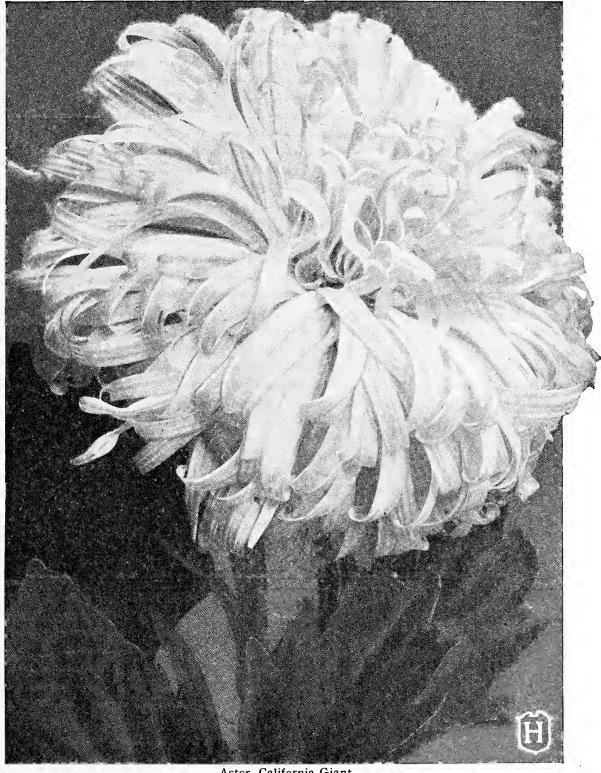
GIANT COMET

Flowers often measure 6 inches in diameter, borne on long strong stems. Splendid for cutting and effective when placed in large vases. A very elegant flower. Height 11/2 feet

1/2 1000.	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz.	Pkt.	½oz.
Crimson	\$0 20	\$0 60	Rose	\$0 60
Dark Blue	20	6 0	White	60
Light Blue	20	60	Mixed $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts 20	







Aster, California Giant

ASTERS, CALIFORNIA GIANT

Large and early; produces in greatest profusion, perfect globe-shaped	flowers,	in the
finest array of colors. Height 2 ft.	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Shell-Pink (Original)	\$0 25	\$1 50
Blue (Blue Bird)	25	1 50
Lavender	25	1 50
Kose (Rosy Morn)	25	1 50
Salmon (Salmon King)	25	1 50





GIANT CREGO ASTERS

	hemum	in size and shape. Of very strong growt	h.
Height $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pkt.	½07	Pkt. ½00	z.
Lavender. Beautiful blue \$0 20			
Pink. Shell-pink color 20	60	growth, well branched, with	
Rose. Deep pink	60		
Violet. Rich shade 20	60	flowers	50

KING

New class of Asters, distinct from				
of surpassing beauty. Last longer w			large	flowers
are borne on long strong stems. Hei	ght 2 f	t.	Pkt.	1/80Z.
Lavender King. Deep lav- Pkt.			0 20	\$0 75
ender\$0 20			20	75
Pink King. Shell-pink 20	75	White King. Pure white	20	75

QUEEN OF THE MARKET

Very early and useful for cutting	ng. Con	nes into bloom almost three w	veeks a	head of
other sorts. Height $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.			Pkt.	
Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	Light Rose	.\$0 15	\$0.75
Dark Blue	\$0.75	Scarlet	. 15	75
Lavender	75	White	. 15	75

LATE BRANCHING

Recommended for late flow	ering	; vigorot	us; profuse bloomers. The large	e and g	graceful
flowers are borne on erect, stro	ong s	tems. O	ne of the most popular types gr	rown.	Height
	kt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.		Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Carlson's Lavender\$0) 15	\$0 75	Vick's Purple	\$0 15	\$0.75
Semple's Shell-Pink	15	75	Vick's Rose	15	75
Upright White	15	75	Vick's White	15	75
Vick's Crimson	15		Vick's Mixed		50

LATE OSTRICH-PLUME

Flowers are large and wavy and produced on exceedingly long stems. Graceful for vases. This Aster comes into bloom when most other varieties are past their best. Height 1½ ft. Pkt. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. ½oz.\$0 2020 Crimson.....\$0 20 \$0.60 Salmon-Rose.... \$0.60 Deep Blue..... 20 60 White...... 60 Mixed...... $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts... 20 60 Lavender.........

Astermums

60

20

Light Blue.....

The gigantic flowers are especially full and deep in form and are borne	e on	stout,
erect stems 2 feet in length.	٤t.	½oz.
White\$0	25	\$0 60
Rose-Pink		
Dark Lavender	25	60

Single Large-Flowered Asters

This strain is an improvement on anything yet offered. The colors listed below are of beautiful shades and will be found excellent for cutting and general decorative purposes.

Pkt.

Carmine-Rose

Mauve

Violet

Pkt.

50

Collection: 1 pkt. each of the above 3 varieties, \$1.25





Asters, Perennial (Michaelmas Daisy) HP
Alpinus, Goliath. Flowers beautiful lilac with golden center. \$0 25 Subcæruleus. Handsome, bright mauve, Marguerite-like flowers. 25 Townshendi. Bears a profusion of pinkish lilac flowers. 25 White Queen. Free-flowering white variety. 25 New Large-flowered Mixed. A mixture of the choicest named varieties 50
AUBRIETIA (False Wall Cress). HP. 6 in. Pretty rock plant that blooms spring and summer.
Deltoidea græca. Trailing; purple
very large flowers
AURICULA, Alpine. HP. Yellow. Very fine strain. 50 Prize Stage Flowers, Choicest Mixed. 50
Balsam (Lady's Slipper) ннр
Suitable for borders or bedding. Excellent for conservatory as pot plants. Very brilliant colors. Pkt. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. Pkt. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. Carmine. \$0 25 \$0 60 Rose \$0 25 \$0 60 Lavender \$25 60 White \$25 60 Mixed \$1/4oz. 75 cts 25
Begonia ннр
Specially suited for summer bedding; makes a brilliant display. Very easy to grow.
Erfordi. Carmine-pink. \$0 35 Gracilis luminosa. Fiery dark scarlet flowers; reddish brown foliage. 50 Prima Donna. Rose and carmine. 35 Rex. Ornamental foliage plant. Choicest mixed. 50 Vernon. A fine bedding sort, with rich red flowers. 35 Double Tuberous-Rooted Mixed. Saved from the richest and most varied flowers. 75 Single Tuberous-Rooted Mixed. This is a mixture of the most attractive shades. 75 Tuberous Crested. Curled and crested varieties, mixed colors. Very fine. 75

Bellis (English Daisy) HP

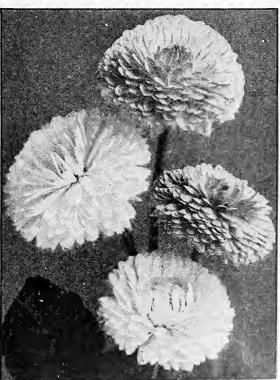
Very effective for bedding alone, or interspersed with pansies or forget-me-nots, etc.

Pkt.

Giant White. Perfect double blooms....

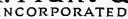
1/80z. \$2.50... 25

above; pure white. Fine for cutting. 25



Bellis

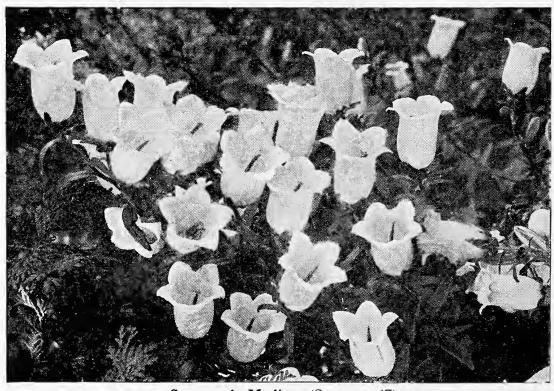






Calceolaria HHP and HHA

Albert Kent. This fine Calceolaria grows about 1½ feet high and bears immense trusses of bloom. The flowers are graceful in shape, and of a bright golden	Pkt.
yellow color with a rich maroon-red blotch	0 75
Choice Shrubby or Bedding Varieties, Mixed	75 75
Clibrani. Golden yellow. Effective in pots or for outdoor bedding	15
varied colors, including self colors, blotched, spotted and laced. Unsurpassed for exhibition	1 00
Rugosa, Yellow. 1 ft. The golden yellow bedding variety	75
Calendula (English Marigold) HA	
Suitable for indoor and outside culture. Pkt.	Oz.
Ball's Orange King. Strongly recommended for flowering under glass. Produces enormous yellow flowers\$0 35 \$	2 50
Campfire. This is of vigorous growth, the flowers are carried on long, stout	
stems, and it requires very little disbudding. The color of the petals is brilliant orange with a scarlet sheen and full yellow center. Espe-	
cially recommended for greenhouse culture	4 00
Lemon Queen. Bears deep sulphur flowers; very attractive	1 00 50
wetcor. Bouble, yellow-and-orange striped	20
Calliopsis (Coreopsis)	
Useful for borders and cutting. Pkt.	Oz.
	51 50 1 00
Grandiflora, HP, Bright golden vellow	1 75
Grandiflora flore-pleno. HP. It is proving to be a very valuable flower for cutting. Pure golden yellow	
Lanceolata. HP. Golden yellow	2 00



Campanula Medium (See page 47)





Campanula (Bellflower)

They are beautiful, graceful subjects for borders and beds, and may be grown with the greatest ease in all gardens. Useful for conservatory and house decorations.

Carpatica alba. HP. ½ft. White. Summer. Pkt. 50 cts.

Carpatica cœlestina. HP. ½ft. Blue. Pkt. 50c.

Medium (Canterbury Bells). HB. 1½ ft. Extremely showy in mixed borders, also used to advantage as pot plants.

Double Blue. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.

Double Rose. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.

Double White. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. \$1.50.

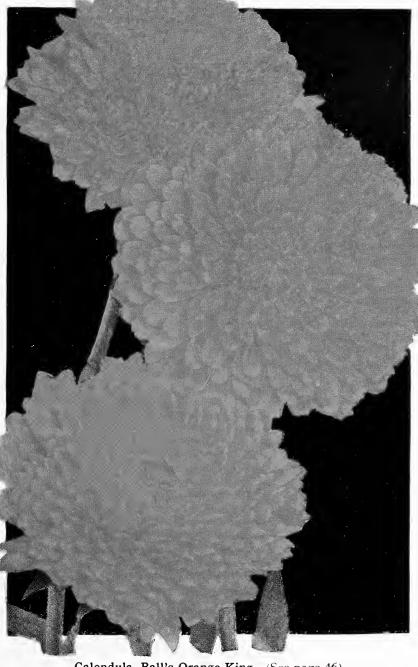
Medium Single Blue. Pkt. 20 cts.; ½oz. \$1.

Single Light Blue. Pkt. 20 cts.; ½oz. \$1.

Single Rose. Pkt. 20c.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.

Single White. Pkt. 20 cts.; ½oz. \$1.

Single Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.



Calendula, Ball's Orange King. (See page 46)

Medium calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer). 2 ft. Blue	Pkt. 80 20	½°°°. \$1 00
Rose	20	1 00
White	20	1 00
Persicifolia grandiflora. HP. 3 ft. One of the most handsome of the Campanula family. Produces large, blue, bell-shaped flowers on long		
stems in June	50	
grandiflora alba. HP. 4 ft. White	50	
Telham Beauty. 2 ft. Immense bell-shaped flowers of pale blue produced on long stems	75	
Pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). HP. 3½ ft. Elegant as a pot plant,		
also attractive in the border. Blue. Summer	20	1 00
alba. HP. 3½ ft. White	20	1 00
compacta, Blue. HP	50	1 50
compacta, White. HP	50	1 50







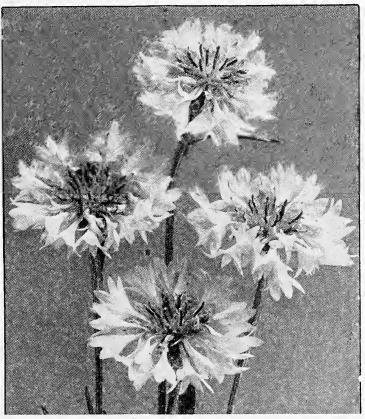
Candytuft, Giant Hyacinth-flowered

Candytuft (Iberis)

called tells (150115)		
A very useful annual for bedding; quite hardy. Seed may be sown in plis intended to bloom.	la <mark>c</mark> e w Pkt.	here it Oz.
Carmine. HA. 1 ft. Attractive bright carmine\$	0 15	\$1 00
Empress. HA. 1 ft. Pure white	15	1 00
Giant Hyacinth-flowered White. HA. Large, pure white, spiral spikes	15 25	1 50
Gibraltarica. HP. White and purple; splendid rock plant. \(\frac{1}{8}\text{oz.} \) 50 cts Large-flowered Hybrids. HA. Dwarf	20 20	1 50
Lilac. HA. Lilac; dwarf and compact	$\overline{15}$	1 00
Sempervirens. HP. 1 ft. White flowers throughout the summer	25	
Carnation ннр		
Allwoodi. Hybrid between carnation and pink. Extremely free-flowering; colors. Can be sown at all seasons	31.25.	.\$0 50 . 50
Grenadin. Very bright scarlet; dwarf habit; extra select, early, and of strongly recommended	iouble	:; . 25
Marguerite Mixture. Beautiful double fringed flowers; make a brilliant of in the open; greatly prized for border or table decoration	display	У
Celosia нна		
	Pkt.	1/80 z .
Crimson Exhibition. Seed selected from prize flowers and enormous		/802.
combs) 50	
Glasgow Prize. Dark leaves; crimson comb	50 50	
Plumosa (Ostrich-Plume). Suitable alike for pots or bedding. Makes a	<i>J</i> 0	
brilliant display in the summer.		
Pride of Castle Gould. We offer an excellent strain of this handsome	EO	
variety. Many shades from yellow to intense crimson	50	
Crimson	15	\$0 75
Yellow	15	75 75
Purple	15 15	75 50
CELSIA arcturus. HHB. Very pretty greenhouse plant, producing long		
spikes of bright yellow flowers	50	





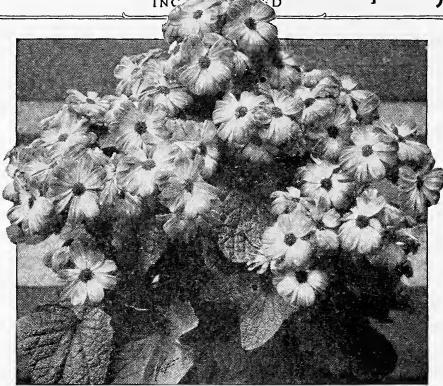


Centaurea cyanus

Centaurea

Americana. HA. 2½ ft. Very showy rosy lilac flowers from June to Septe		
alba. HA. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. White. Summer	cts.	. \$0 20
Candidissima (Dusty Miller). HP. 1 ft. For borders or edgings		. 25
Cyanus (Bachelor's Button; Cornflower). HA.		. 49
Pkt. Oz.	kt.	Oz.
Double Blue\$0 15 \$1 00 Single Rose\$0		\$0.75
Single Blue	10	50
		Pkt.
Gymnocarpa. HP. Taller than the above; flowers purple; narrow silver foliage		
Margarita. HA. 1½ ft. White; delightfully scented	cts	. 20
Montana. HP. 2 ft. A very handsome plant with large blue flowers,	read	y . 20
for cutting in the early summer		. 25
Odorata, Chameleon. HA. Yellow and rose	. \$1	. 20
Suaveolens (Yellow Sweet Sultan). HA	1.50.	. 20
Imperialis (Sweet Sultan). HA. This is a very attractive annual for	- 12 0 .	
cutting, providing graceful flowers of exquisite shades which last a		
long time in vases.	kt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Favorita. Brilliant rose\$0		\$1 00
Graziosa. Intense lilac	20	1 00
Lilacina. Lilac; very distinct	20	1 00
Rosea. Deep rose	20 20	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 00 \\ 1 & 00 \end{array}$
White. Extremely large and fragrant	20	1 00
		1 00
CERASTIUM tomentosum. HP. 6 in. Splendid for rockeries and as	25	
edging plants. Its silver-gray foliage is greatly admired	29	
CHEIRANTHUS Kewensis (Chinese Wallflower). HA. 1 ft. Produces	25	2 00
yellowish red, sweet-scented flowers over a long season	25	2 00





Cineraria hybrida, Hunt's Perfection

Cineraria HHP

One of the best and most attractive flowers for the greenhouse. The strains are grown for us by one of the leading English growers Pkt. Cactus-flowered Blue. Very distinct, beautiful clear blue, twisted petals\$1 00 Cactus-flowered, Mixed. Large flowers with narrow rolled petals radiating	3 pkts.
from a small center	2 75
most fantastic shades	2 75
Hunt's Perfection Dwarf Mixed. Dwarf and compact habit, carrying large flowers in an endless variety of colors	2 75
Hybrida. We are now able to offer an exceedingly choice strain of large-flowered Cineraria bybrida in the following separate colors.	
Blue and White Purple-magenta Dark Crimson Purple with White Eye Light Crimson Rose and White White with Crimson Tip	
Pkt. 75 cts. Collection: One pkt. each of above 7 varieties, \$4.50.	
Hybrida Grandiflora, Rosamond. Delicate pink with a white center. The circular flowers usually display two rows of petals, one above the other, and attain a diameter of 3 to 4 inches	2 50
Hybrida Multiflora Nana. A new race of Cineraria, producing dwarf plants with masses of small flowers, measuring about 34inch in diameter, in compact heads, over small and dainty foliage. The flowers are all self-colored, embracing shades of light and dark pink, light and	2.75
dark blue, red and violet. An extremely useful plant for decoration 1 00 Maritima (Dusty Miller). 1½ ft. Very useful for bedding or edging	2 75
Wartinia (Busty Willer). 1721t. Very userur for bedding or edging $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75 cts 15	
Maritima, Diamond. Much improved variety. Pure white leaves	
Stellata, Choicest Mixed. Unexcelled for house and conservatory decoration during winter. The star-shaped flowers are held on very long stems, making it very useful and attractive as a cut-flower	2 75
50	





Chrysanthemum

Very attractive in the borders, and useful for cutting.	
Maximum (Moonpenny or Shasta Daisy). HP.	Pkt.
King Edward VII. 2 ft. White	\$0 25
Mrs. C. Lothian Bell. 1½ ft. Blossoms pure white, borne on long stems	25
Shasta. 1½ ft. Mixed. Summer	25
The Speaker. 3 ft. White	25

Clarkia elegans HA

This showy hardy annual has in the past few years been in popular demand, and for that reason we have greatly extended our list. Very suitable for borders, and makes wonderful pot plants which attain a height of 4 to 5 feet, and bloom in the late fall.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz.
Carmine Queen. Large, double, light carmine flowers	\$0 25	\$1 00
Chamois Queen. Delicate pale chamois; double	25	1 00
Orange King. Very bright orange-scarlet; very double	25	1 00
Pale Chamois. Double	25	1 00
Queen Mary. Rose-carmine, double	25	1 00
Salmon Queen. A beautiful shade of salmon; double	25	1 00
Scarlet Queen. Intense orange-scarlet; double	25	1 00
Vesuvius. Orange-scarlet; double; very choice	25	1 00
COBÆA scandens. HHP. 20 ft. Rapid grower; blue flowers ½0z. 75 cts	15	
Alba. White	20	
COIX Lacryma-Jobi (Job's Tears). Ornamental Grass	10	
COLEUS, Rainbow Hybrids. HHA. Saved from one of the best European		
collections. Suitable for bedding and ornamental as pot plants	50	
Thyrsoideus. Flowers light blue, borne in panicles; fine leaves	75	
COWSLIP. HP. 6 in. Finest mixed colors	25	
CUPHEA platycentra (Cigar Plant). HP. 1 ft. Small scarlet and black		
tubular flowers. Splendid for bedding or as a pot plant	25	

Cosmos HA

Special attention is requested to the list of early blooming varieties which begin to flower almost immediately after planting and continue until cut down by frost. Unexcelled for table decoration.

Double Pink. The flowers, while not large, are very double and daintily Pkt.	
set in the foliage, making it invaluable for the table $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. \$1.50 . \$0 2	
	25
	5 \$0 75
Early-flowering Pink	.5 75
Early-flowering White	.5 75
Early-flowering Mixed	5 50
Lady Lenox, Pink. Color a delightful shell-pink	.5 50
Lady Lenox, White. Exceedingly popular. A splendid companion to	
Lady Lenox, Pink	.5 75
Midsummer Giants, pink and white shades. If sown early, will bloom	
continuously from August until frost	5 75
New Double Early-flowering Hybrids. The flowers of these new hybrids	
measure 3 to 4 inches across. They supply a fine range of colors; all	
shades from white to pink, rose, carmine, and blood-red, being repre-	
sented	25
sented	
strain of extra-early double Cosmos. It comes into bloom as early as	
the extra-early single and the flowers are unusually large. Pkt	t. ½oz.
	30 \$1 00
Crimson King	30 1 00
White Queen 3	30 1 00
Finest Mixed	25 75







Cosmos, Hunt's Mammoth

COSMOS, continued

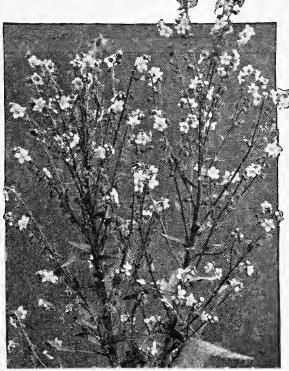
1	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
Mammoth, Crimson\$0	0 15	\$0 60
Pink	15	60
White	15	60
Mixed	15	60



Cyclamen ннр

These beautiful winter-blooming plants may be flowered from seed in about a year if the seedlings are pricked off and grown on rapidly without interruption. The flowers have a delicate fragrance.

have a delicate fragrance.	+	100 se	ede
		\$4	
Lilac Queen. Soft lilac	75	4	00
Mrs. Buckston. Immense sal-			
mon flowers, with beautifully			
frilled petals	75		
Purpurea. Deep purple	<i>75</i>		00
Rosy Morn. Rich rose	75		00
Salmon King	75		00
White, with Claret Base	75	4	00
White Giant. Snow-white	75	4	00
CYPERUS alternifolius (Uml Plant). HHP. This aquatic	plai	nt	kt.
is excellent for growing in wat			25
Alternifolius variegatus. A st	ripe	ed	
variety of the above			25



Cynoglossum amabile

Pkt. 1/40z.

Cynoglossum

t.
5
5
5

Dahlias

Dahlias may be had in flower the first season from seed if sown in February or March.

Cactus ... \$0 35

Large Double Show ... 35

Single Giants ... 35

Digitalis (Foxglove) HP. 3 ft.

No perennial border is complete without Foxgloves.

Gloxiniæflora alba. White	\$0 60
lilacina. Lilac	60
lutea. Yellow	60
purpurea. Purple	60
rosea. Rose	60
Finest Mixed Colors	5 0
Purpurea. Large, bell-shaped terminal flower.	
alba. White	
rosea. Rose	
rubra. Purple	
monstrosa, Mixed	75
DIMODDIIOTIECA (C. J. A.C. D.) IIA EI	

DIMORPHOTHECA (South African Daisy). HA. Flowers very early and keep	os	
on blooming throughout the summer.	Pkt.	
Aurantiaca. Rich glossy orange-gold	\$0 25	5
Aurantiaca hybrida. These hybrids are similar in habit to the above	25)
Salmon Beauty Salmon shade	25)
White Beauty. A new white form in this class	25	5







Delphinium HP

The Delphinium, or Hardy Larkspur, is probably the most valuable of all herbaceous plants, and provides many of the light and dark shades of blue, colors always desirable, but far too scarce in flowers. Many delightful shades of lavender and mauve are also present in the newest strains, all of which will be found in our Perfection Hybrids, which we recommend to those who desire the right start for "Glorious Delphiniums." Pkt. Belladonna, Improved. Slender stems of 5 feet in length bearing numerous flowers of a lovely azure-blue shade. It is excellent for cut-flowers and comes true 50 from seed..... 25 Cardinale. Bright scarlet, with yellow center..... 20 20 20 50 Nudicaule. Bright scarlet. Dwarf and compact...... Zalil (sulphureum). Beautiful yellow..... 50 Hunt's Perfection Hybrids. Show hybrids, saved from the best varieties. A very beautiful strain with large handsome flower-spikes. Very choice strain of re-50





ENGLISH HOLLYHOCK DELPHINIUMS

Black-eyed Susan. Huge, massive spikes of pale blue.

Cambria. Spikes long and full; large, semi-double flowers of glorious helio.

Coquette. Tapering spiral spikes, 4 feet long; amethyst-violet flowers, delicately shaded blue.

Happy Thought. Flowers enormous; outer petals blue on groundwork of pansy-violet, shaded rosy amethyst.

Ideal. Manganese-violet, shading to cornflower-blue, dark bronze bee-like center.

Jenny Jones. A statuesque beauty. Blooms of pansy-violet with vivid flashes of gentian-blue.

Purple Splendour. Lovely cornflower-blue, with crinkly inner petals, shaded amethyst. Queen Mauve. An exceptionally lovely mauve with a graceful spike 3 feet long.

Sealandia. The broad spikes are sheathed with Parma-violet flowers, tinted sky-blue; in center of each petal is a small dark eye.

Starlight. Pale blue, set off with a large black eye. Very long, rather close spike. Extremely late-flowering.

Wales. Each flower is placed in a perfect spiral, and the color, a royal purple self, with small white center, is in harmony with the general grandeur of the plant.

Welsh Boy. Dark gentian-blue. Fine spike and habit.

Any of the above varieties, \$1 per pkt.; 6 pkts., our selection, \$5

Dianthus (Pinks) HA and HP

A delightful subject for beds or borders and very useful for cutting.

Barbatus (See Sweet William).

Chinensis, Double Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$2.

Single, Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.; oz. \$1.

Diadematus. Double; choicest mixed. Pkt. 25 cts.

Heddewigii, Single Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$2.

Double Mixed. Pkt. 15 cts.; oz. \$2.

Salmon Queen, Single. Delicate salmon-red. Pkt. 25 cts.

Salmon Queen, Double. Pkt. 25 cts.

Snowdrift. Double. Pkt. 25 cts.

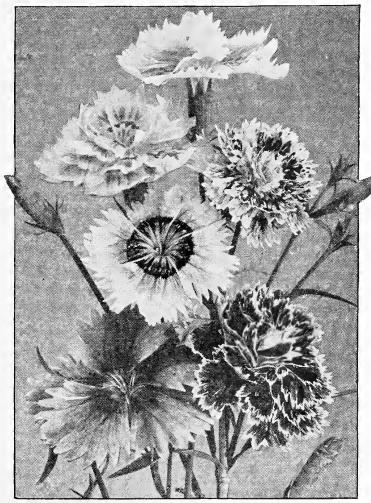
Vesuvius. Single orange-scarlet flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

Imperialis fl.-pl. Double; imperial pink. Pkt. 25 cts.

Plumarius scoticus. HP. Double mixed. Pkt. 75 cts.

Plower). Very attractive lavender flower. Blooms all summer. Splendid for indoor culture. Pkt. 30 cts.; 4 pkts. \$1.

ECHINACEA purpurea (Rudbeckia). HP. Elegant large purple flowers with black disc. Pkt. 30 cts.



Dianthus plumarius





	- , ,
ECHINOPS Ritro. HP. Blue flowers in globe-shaped head \$0 ERAGROSTIS elegans (Love Grass). HA. Very ornamental ERIANTHUS Ravennæ (Ornamental Grass). HA.	50 10 10
Eschscholtzia (California Poppy) HA. 1 ft.	
California, Giant. Yellow	0z. 75 50 00
EULALIA japonica. HA. Ornamental Grass	kt. 10 15
EUPHORBIA heterophylla (Mexican Fire Plant). HA. Splendid scarlet poinsettia-like annual. Variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). HA. Leaves margined green and white	25 25
FERNS, Greenhouse. Mixed spores of the finest varieties for culture under glass Hardy Mixed. Spores of the best varieties for outdoor growth	75 50
Gaillardia (Blanket Flower)	
The Perennial Gaillardias are wonderful for cut-flowers, blooming right through frost, and adapt themselves to almost any kind of soil. Amblyodon. HA. Rich blood-red. Grandiflora Hybrids, Choicest Mixed. HP. Grandiflora maxima. HP. 3 ft. Grandiflora, Portola Hybrids. HP. The flowers are red with a golden tip. Picta Lorenziana. HA. Double; mixed. The Dazzler. HP. The flowers are very large, of dark rich red with bright orange tip on the end of each petal. Very attractive for table decoration. The largest and most attractive red Gaillardia on the market.	kt.
GALEGA officinalis. HP. A popular hardy herbaceous plant producing miniature sprays of pea-like flowers throughout the summer.	
Purple	25 25
GERANIUM odoratissimum. HHP. Will flower the first year from seed Zonale. Exceptionally large-flowered hybrids	30 75
GERBERA Jamesoni (Transvaal Daisy). HHP. 15 in. Thrives well as a pot plant or in greenhouse benches. May also be grown in the open, if provided with a sunny position. Scarlet flowers	75 00 25
GILIA coronopifolia. HHB. 3 to 4 ft. Produces long spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers with delphinium-like foliage	50 15
Orange	15 1 5

56





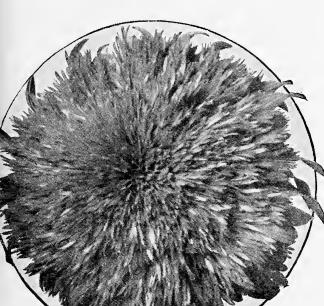
Glovinia TP

Giornia 11
Makes an elegant plant and can be had in flower from seed the first season. Our strain is one of the best obtainable. Perfection Mixed. Wonderful self-colored and spotted varieties3 pkts. \$2.75\$1 00
GNAPHALIUM Leontopodium (Edelweiss). HP. Should be sown early and kept moist. 25 GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). GS. 25 GYNERIUM argenteum (Pampas Grass). 10
Gypsophila (Baby's Breath)

The light, graceful sprays of both annual and perennial varieties are mo	ost de	sirable
for mixing in bouquets or vases of all other flowers.	kt.	Oz.
Elegans. HA. White and pink\$0	15	\$0 75
	15	1 50
grandiflora alba. White	15	1 50
grandiflora rosea. Rose	15	1 50
Pure White Compact. HA. A greatly improved strain	15	2 00
Muralis. 6 in. Dwarf hardy annual with rose-colored flowers, suitable		
for rockwork	15	1 75
Paniculata. HP. White flowers	15	1 50
Paniculata flpl., Snow-White. HP. Pure white variety, giving a very		
large percentage of double flowers	25	
HELENIUM (Sneezewort). HP. Late summer.		
autumnale. 6 ft. Yellow	15	
Bigelovi. A beautiful hardy perennial. Flowers golden yellow with black		
center, very striking for cut blooms	25	
Riverton Beauty. Rich lemon-yellow, surrounding cone of purplish		
black	25	
Riverton Gem. Brilliant flowers, opening old-gold, changing to wall-		
flower-red	25	
· ·		
TT 1' (1 (C) C)		
Helianthus (Sunflower) HA		

Helianthus (Sunnower) HA

Californicus.	6 ft.	Double orange				. 10	40
		^	1	. 1	0	1	



Helianthus Californicus

Chrysanthemum - flowered. Double. Large-flowering	10	75
Cucumerifolius, Orion. Single. Small flowered	15	1 50

Orngret Crimina		
Cucumerifolius, Stella. 3 ft.		
Single. Compact; prim-		
rose-vellow	15	1 75

Maroon Prince. This is a true maroon in color, single, and is unquestionably the best red Sunflower on the market

today.....4 pkts. \$1... 30 Perennial, Mixed. 3 to 6 ft. 15 Helianthus will be found under the heading of Sunflowers on page 70.

HELICHRYSUM monstrosum fl.-pl. (Everlasting). HA. Finest Mixture....

1 50 15





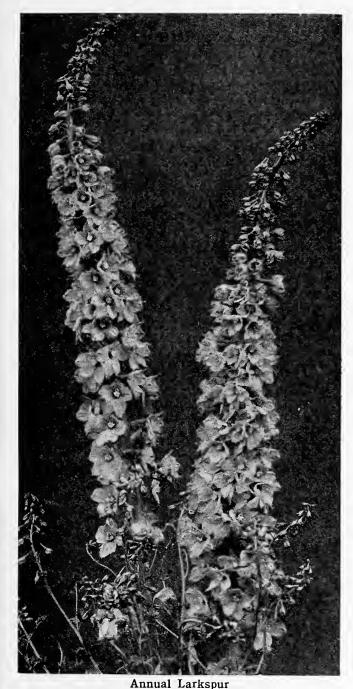
Heliotrope (Apple Pie) HHP

Tienotrope (Apple Fie) HHP		
Lemoine's Giant ½80z. \$1.50\$0 Queen Marguerite. Large; dark blue ½80z. \$1.50 Regale. Early; flowers freely ½80z. \$1.50	25	Oz.
HESPERIS matronalis (Sweet Rocket), Lilac. HP. 3 to 4 ft	10 10 10	\$1 00 1 00 1 00
HEUCHERA sanguinea. HP. 1½ ft. Flowers are of a lovely shade of coral-red. Very fine for cutting	25 25	
Hibiscus (Mallows)		
Africanus. HA. 2 ft. Yellow, maroon center. Mallow Marvels. HP. Large and handsome. Moscheutos, Crimson Eye. HP. 4 ft. White, crimson eye. Moscheutos roseus. HP. 3 ft. Rose.	15 25 15 15	1 25 1 75 1 25 1 50
Hollyhocks, Perfection Double HP		
Very choice. Everybody's favorite. Their stately appearance and exquarke them indispensable in the hardy garden.	~ r	colors
Apple Blossom. \$0 25 \$0 75 Salmon. Canary-Yellow. 25 75 Single, Finest Mixed. Newport Pink. 25 75 Single, Finest Mixed. Exquisite. The flowers of this splendid new Hollyhock are very large, mean the filt inches are and present the charming rows footune that are and the filt inches are and present the charming rows footune that are and the filt inches are and present the charming rows footune that are a second to the charming rows footon to the charming r	25	¢0 75
Newport Pink. 25 75 Single, Finest Mixed. Exquisite. The flowers of this splendid new Hollyhock are very large, meas 4 to 5½ inches across, and possess the charming new feature that every is exquisitely curled and fringed. Range of colors includes Rose, Light	peta	t1
Carmine, Violet, and Dark Purple	. \$1.	. \$0 25
Oz. \$1 INCARVILLEA variabilis Hybrids. HP. A new perennial which, if planted spring, can be handled as an annual. Produces a good showing of me sized, trumpet-shaped flowers the entire summer. The colors range from	in th dium n ye.	e 1 - [-
	kt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz.
IPOMŒA cardinalis (Cardinal Creeper). HA. Red\$0 Mexicana grandiflora alba. 15 ft	15	\$0 50
Rubro-cærulea. 15 ft. Sky-blue	25 15	75 50
KENILWORTH IVY (Linaria Cymbalaria). HP. Trailing perennial. Violet flowers	25	
KOCHIA trichophylla. Green foliage, changing to crimson in September	15	
LANTANA, Dwarf Compact Hybrids. HHP. Various shades of orange and red.	15	75
and red	15	75
Latifolius, Mixed	15	1 00
LAVANDULA spica. HP. 1½ ft. Midsummer	15 15	1 50 1 50
borders. The flowers are rich in color and may be cut with stems 2 feet or more long.		
Splendens alba. Pure white; very fine	25 25 20	75 75 50





25



Larkspur H	ΙA	
Sometimes called the A	nnua	I Del-
phinium. They are hardy large spikes of bloom which	, pro	ducing
large spikes of bloom which	ch are	e both
gracerul and attractive. P.	kt.	Oz.
Emperor, Azure-blue\$0	15 15	\$1 50
Black-blue	15 15	1 50 1 50
Rose	15	1 50
White Striped	15	1 50
White	15	1 50
White Intense		
blueGiant Newport Pink	15	1 50
Giant Newport Pink	15	2 00
Giant White	15	1 50
Giant Hyacinth-	10	1 00
flowered Mixed La France. The color is a	10 Dleas	1 00
ing salmon-pink, a	shade	<u> </u>
which closely resemble	es the	
popular snapdragon, J	ennie	2
Schneider. The large,	well	-
formed flowers, well-p	olacec	I
on long stems, pres	ent a	ι
beautiful appearance.		Pkt.
3 pkts.		
LEONTOPODIUM alp	inum	ı
(Edelweiss). HP. Extr	emely	y
useful for rockeries		
LEPTOSYNE Stillmanii.	HA.	•
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Golden yellow	flow	-
ers	• • • • •	25
LINUM perenne. HP. 1 Blue. July to Septem	$\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
Blue. July to Septem	ber	25
Lobelia HA and	d HF	
Excellent for bedding	g, wi	ndow-
boxes, and perennial borde	ers.	Pkt.
Cardinalis. HP. 2 ft. Se	carlet	-
flowers	. .	\$0 35
Erinus compacta, Crystal Pa	alace.	
HA. 9 in. Dark blue.	 ФЭ	25
1/80Z.	\$∠	25 25
Dwarf; light blue 1/80z. \$1	.50 \$1	25 25
/XUL	W	4

Erinus compacta, Emperor William. HA. 6 in. D

large, cobalt-blue flowers with white eye

Lupinus (Lupins) HA and HP

Very free-flowering plants that make a fine show for little cost. Many of the varieties are very fragrant. Useful for borders and greenhouse culture.

	A.	NNUAL	LUPINS		
P	kt.	Oz.		Pkt.	Oz.
Giant Pink\$0	15	\$1 00	Salmon-Pink	\$0 15	\$1 00
Mid-Blue	15	1 00	Scarlet and White	15	1 00
Pure White	15	1 00	Yellow	15	1 00







Lupins, Harkness' Gold Medal Hybrids. See page 61

PERENNIAL LUPINS (Lupinus polyphyllus)

Arboreus, Snow Queen (Tree Lupin). An exceedingly tall-growing perennial	9kt
Lupin making a very stately appearance in a large border. Produces long	
spikes of pure white flowers	25
Bicolor. Blue and white	25
Blue. 3 ft. Flowers similar to the annual variety	25
Carmineus. Carmine-pink	35
Elliott's Sweet-scented. Handsome spikes, in great range of colors, all deliciously	=0
scented	50
Golden Spire. Long spikes of rich golden yellow flowers	35
Harkness' Hybrids. A mixture containing many beautiful art shades of rose,	25
buil, yellow, terra-cotta, mauve, and blue	35
Roseus. 3 ft. Immense spikes of lovely soft pink flowers	25





Regal Lupins, Harkness' Gold Medal HP

Introduced by Harkness, of Bedale, Eng., representing the best varieties of Hardy Perennial Lupins. They give an abundance of long spikes of delicately scented and unique flowers. Cleopatra. Fawn, yellow wings; tall......\$0 30 \$1 00 Dazzler. Reddish apricot, bright yellow wings..... 30 2 00 Fortunata. Pale apricot, yellow wings..... 1 00 30 Gold Crest. Yellow, brighter yellow wings..... 1 00 30 John Harkness. Unique mahogany shade..... 30 2 00 Joy. Apricot-pink, yellow wings; dwarf..... 30 1 50 Lady Greenall. Pure self-apricot; immense spikes..... 30 1 50 Marjorie. Bronze-yellow with darker shading..... 30 1 00 Mascot. Rich glowing apricot, yellow wings..... 30 2 00 May Robinson. Apricot and fawn, tall..... 30 1 00 Winnie Walker. Yellow, with bronze luster..... 30 1 00 Winsome. Fawn, shaded yellow..... 1 00

Marigold HA

Marigolds provide a plentiful supply of bloom when other plants are past. Exceedingly attractive and useful for cutting.

AFRICAN

Eldorado. Brilliant Pkt. 14oz. yellow......\$0 10 \$0 35 Nugget of Gold.
Golden yellow... 10 35 Rich Yellow.... 10 50

AFRICAN MARIGOLD, IMPORTED SCOTCH STRAIN

Flowers large, intensely double. Very choice.

Lemon Queen. Pkt. 1/80z. Lemon.....\$0 25 \$1 50 Orange King.

Golden..... 25 1 50

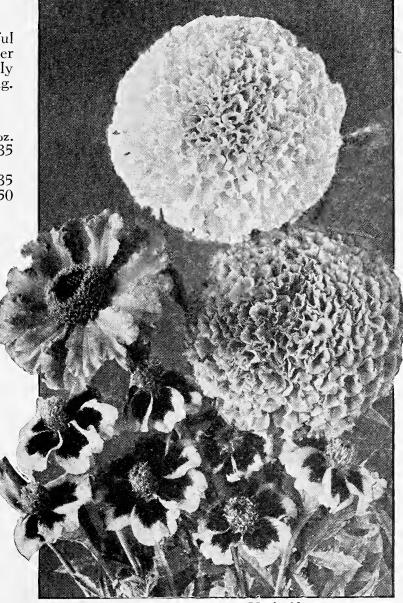
FRENCH

Gold Striped. Rich striped. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼oz. 35 cts. Legion of Honor. Single; golden yellow, marked velvety red. Pkt. 10 cts.; ¼oz. 50 cts.

Little Brownie. Single; golden yellow, marked velvety red. Pkt. 10 cts.; 1/40z. 50 cts.

Dwarf Mixed Double. Pkt. 10 cts.: ½oz. \$1.

10 cts.; ½oz. \$1. Tall Mixed Double. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.



French and African Marigolds





MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'Clock). HA. Finest mixed Pkt. Oz. 75 cts\$0 10 MATRICARIA (Feverfew). HHP. Capensis. 1½ ft. Double; white		
Mignonette (Reseda) на		
Exceedingly fragrant and ornamental either as a growing plant or as cut-flowers.		
Allen's Defiance. 1½ ft. Very long spikes; very fra-Pkt. ½oz. grant and fine for cutting\$0 25 \$1 00		
	I ignon	ette
Goliath. Extra-heavy spikes	Pkt.	½0Z.
Large-flowering. Sweet-scentedOz. 50 cts., ½Ib. \$1.50\$	0 10	, 0 -
Machet, Dwarf. Pyramidal growth; long, broad spikes of deliciously scented red flowers	25	
Majesty. (Originator's seed.) Best greenhouse variety. Immense spikes; deliciously scented.	50	\$1 50
New York Giant. Specially recommended for pot culture. The spikes measure 15 to 20 inches long. Very fragrant, excellent for shipping	50	1 50
Universal. Well-known exhibition strain. Especially selected for green-house culture. Intense spikes of fragrant flowers often measuring		
2 feet in length	75	2 00
MIMULUS (Monkey Flower). HHP. 1 ft.		
Cardinalis. Tall; orange-scarlet	35	

Myosotis (Forget-me-not) HP

Moschatus (Musk Plant). Invaluable for pots.....

Those who make a feature of late-flowering tulips for an effective May garden should use Myosotis either as a border or carpeting for the beds. The contrast of the blue Forget-me-not with lilac, violet, or mauve tulips, is extremely handsome. Plants for this purpose should be wintered in a coldframe and planted out early.



Myosotis (Forget-me-not)

Alpestris. A pretty blue trailer. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

25

Alpestris, Eliza Fonrobert. Fine for cutting; sky-blue, with yellow eye. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½80z. \$1.

Alpestris, Royal Blue. Upright variety; flowers large, very deep blue; fine for pots. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½soz. \$1.50.

25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.50.

Alpestris, Victoria. Sky-blue.
Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.

Dissitiflora. Compact. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½oz. \$1.50.

Ruth Fischer. Compact bushes, covered with sprays of beautiful, heavenly blue flowers. Pkt. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. \$2.50.

Semperflorens. Blooms from spring till autumn. Bright blue with yellow eye. Pkt. 15 cts.; ½oz. 75 cts.





Nasturtiums

DWARF	or	TOM	THUMB	(Tropæolum nanum)
D AA LIKT.	OI	TOM	TITOME	(Liopavium nunum)

` -		
Very striking and brilliant flowers; splendid for beds and borders.	Pkt.	Oz.
Cloth of Gold. Scarlet; golden leaves\$	0 10	\$0 40
Crimson	10	40
Empress of India. Dark crimson	10	40
White or Pearl	10	40
Yellow	10	40
Mixed	10	30
Queen of Tom Thumbs. Mixed, Variegated-leaved	15	60
TALL or CLIMBING (Tropæolum majus)		
Dark Crimson	10	35
Pearl. Whitish	10	35
Scarlet	10	35
Yellow	10	35
Fine Mixed	10	25
Lobb's Finest Mixture	10	50
Tall Queen, Mixed. (Variegated-leaved)	15	75

Nemesia нна

On account of the ever-increasing popularity of this pretty flower, which is used extensively for indoor and outdoor culture, we have increased our list of varieties. It is of easy cultivation and deserves a place in every greenhouse. The plants make a delightful show in the winter and early spring when grown in pots or benches and for this purpose seeds should be sown in September. For outdoor planting, sow seed in boxes in March and transplant to their flowering positions as soon as large enough to handle.

nande.	Pkt.	½oz.
Compacta, Blue Gem. Beautiful forget-me-not blue	\$0 25	\$2 00
Compacta, Fire King. Dazzling scarlet	35	
Compacta, Orange Prince (Sutton's). Rich orange flower; fine compact		
habit	25	2 00
Compacta, White Gem. Popular dwarf strain with pretty white flowers	25	2 00
Large-flowered Carmine. Very fine color	25	2 00
Strumosa, Triumph. Dwarf; compact; very fine mixture	50	3 00
Dwarf Compact Hybrids. 9 in. Choice mixture containing all colors in		
this class, with a great variety of new shades; very free flowering		1 50

	Nicotiana (Tobacco Plant)	Pkt.
Affinis. HA. 3 ft.	White flowers	0 15
Choice Hybrids.	Bright colors	25
Sanderæ Hybrids.	• > • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25

Nigella (Love-in-a-Mist) HA

8 (, , =	
Miss Jekyll. Lovely variety; clear cornflower-blueOz. \$1	15
Miss Jekyll, Pure White. A pretty contrast to the sky-blue of the original	
$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts	20
ŒNOTHER A (Evening Primrose). HP.	
Fraseri. 1½ ft. June to September. Yellow	20
Lamarckiana. Large yellow flower	20
Macrocarpa, 2 ft. August, Golden vellow	- 20
Odorata. Dwarf, sweet-scented variety; yellow flowers	20





Pansies HP

When the bright hues of the tulips and daffodils have faded, the rich varied shades of the Pansies provide a welcome change in the flower-beds. T listed below comprise a selection from the best and most recent introduction produce large blooms of good substance, regular markings, and full rich colors.	he vaions. ring.	arieties They
Hunt's Superb Mixture. Without doubt one of the finest mixtures ever Ploffered. The flowers are of the largest and most beautiful form		Oz.
Masterpiece (Frilled Pansies). Petals beautifully waved. Exquisite		7 50
Orchidæflora or Orchid-flowered Pansy. Contains many beautiful shades	50	
of gorgeous colors	50 50	8 00 10 00
Trimardeau. Mixed. Mammoth flowering and in a good range of colors. \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	25	6 00
Giant Dark Blue (Lord Beaconsfield). Purple-violet. Very large flowers\$0		\$\frac{1}{4}\text{oz.} \\ \$2 00
Giant Golden Queen. Brill ant yellow with dark center	25 25	2 00 2 00
Giant Mauve Queen. Pinkish mauve; very attractive	25 25	2 00 2 00
Giant White (Snowflake). Immense pure white flowers with purple eye Victoria. Giant. Claret-red	25 25	2 00 2 00
WINTER-FLOWERING		
Excellent for greenhouse culture. Seed sown in July or August will flo	wer	during
the early winter.	kt.	1/4 oz.
Celestial Queen. Sky-blue. \$0 Ice King. White with dark blotch. \$0 March Beauty. Dark velvety purple. \$0 Winter Sun. Golden yellow, dark eye.	35 35 35 35	\$1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50
Our Pansies are giant strains from the best European growers		Pkt.
PANICUM sulcatum. Elegant palm-like gras for pot culture Plicatum. Very handsome for groups or pots		
Papaver (Poppy) нр		
ORIENTAL POPPIES (Papaver orientale)		
Brilliant. 3 ft. Crimson. Summer Goliath. 3 ft. Crimson. Midsummer Parkmanii. 3 ft. Scarlet. Midsummer Salmon Queen. 3 ft. Salmon. Midsummer Trilby. 3 ft. Midsummer Mixed		. 25 . 25 . 25 . 25
ICELAND POPPIES (Papaver nudicaule)		
Album. White. Coccineum. Scarlet Croceum. Yellow. Mixed.		. 25 . 25
SINGLE POPPIES HA PR		Oz.
The 'Tulip (Glaucum)	10 10	\$1 50 50





SHIRLEY POPPIES

Very showy and useful for picking; seed should be sown where intended to flower.

Pkt.	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz.	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz.
Carmine-Crimson \$0 25	\$0 75	Rosy Pink, White Edged \$0 25	\$0.75
Deep Apricot	75	White, Pink Edged 25	["] 75
Deep Pink	75	Finest Mixed	
Pure White	75	Oz. \$1, ½Ib. \$3.50 15	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

DOUBLE POPPIES

200222 1011125					
American Flag. White and	d Pkt. Oz.	Carnation-flowered.	2 ft. Pkt.	Oz.	
		Mixed		\$0.50	
Peony-flowered. Mixed	. 10 50	Double Mixed	10	50	
PENNISETUM Longistylui	m. Fine rosy i	olumes	15		
Ruppelianum. Very hand	some ornamen	tal grass; abundant purple :	spikes 15		

Pentstemon HHP

Seed sown in February will produce flowering plants same year; treat as annuals.

Gloxinioides Hybrids. Splendid mixture of rich color. Pkt. 50 cts.; 3 pkts. \$1.25.

Sensation Improved. A very tall grower and free bloomer. The large flowers are beautifully marked. Pkt. 30 cts.; 4 pkts. \$1.

Petunias HHA

Very effective either as pot plants or for bedding.

Balcony, Blue. Rich indigoblue. Pkt. 35 cts.

Balcony, Pink. Brilliant rosepink. Pkt. 35 cts.

Balcony, White. Pure white; very graceful. Pkt. 35 cts.

Bar Harbor Beauty. The most effective of all single Petunias. Beautiful rose. Splendid for bedding. Pkt. 25 cts.; ½0z. 75 cts.

Carnation-flowered. Highly recommended for pot culture. Grows a medium height and is very free-flowering. Deep Rose, Pkt. \$1, 3 pkts. \$2.75; Flesh-Color, Pkt. \$1, 3 pkts. \$2.75.

Double Fringed, Mixed.
Double flowers of exquisite
beauty and great size. One
of the finest strains in existence. Pkt. \$1.
Dwarf California Giants.

Dwarf California Giants. When the plant is in full bloom it shows nothing but large, colorful flowers with open throats well marked and veined. Pkt. \$1,3 pkts. \$2.75.



Pansies. See page 64





PETUNIAS, continued

Phlox Drummondi HA

GRANDIFLORA

Very desirable for bedding and cutting. Height $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Large beds of Phlox make a wonderful display of brilliant colors. May be used to advantage as a greenhouse plant.

a wonderful display of brilliant colors. May be used to advantage as a gree	nhous	e plant.
	Pkt.	1/4 oz.
Chamois-Rose. Soft shade	\$0 20	\$1 25
Crimson	20	1 25
Isabellina. Yellow	20	1 25
Purple. Purple, white eye	20	1 25
Rosea. Rose	20	1 25
White. Pure white	20	1 25
MixedOz. \$2.50	15	1 00
DWARF Flame-Red	25	\$1 25 1 25 1 25 1 25
Fancy Mixed	15	1 00
PLATYCODON. See Wahlenbergia.		
Polyanthus (Primrose) ннр		Pkt.
Giant Crimson. Splendid color		.\$0 50

	Pkt.
Giant Crimson. Splendid color	50 50
Giant White. Produces pure white flowers of giant size	50
Giant Yellow. Large bright flowers; showy and suitable for spring bedding	50
Giant Munstead Strain. White and yellow—very fine combination	50
Gold-Laced, Extra Choice. Seed taken from a choice selection of show flowers,	
each petal handsomely laced with gold	50
Large-flowering Bedding Hybrids, Mixed. Extra-choice strain of mixed colors,	
recommended especially for bedding	50

Portulaca (Sun Plant) HA

Double Mixed	
Single Mixed	10
PRIMROSE, Dean's Colored Hybrids, Choice Mixed. HP. 4 in. A splendid	
strain of Primroses saved from the finest flowers of the brightest shades	
Yellow (Primula vulgaris). The common English Primrose	25

Pyrethrum ннР

The Perennial Pyrethrums are wonderfully free flowering, and their long stems make them desirable as cut-flowers. They flower with the first peonies and continue till frost. Be sure to include them in your list of hardy plants.

Aureum (Golden Feather). Yellow foliage. HA.

Selaginoides. Bright golden yellow. HA.

Hybridum, Double Mixed. Very choice. HP.

Hybridum, Single Mixed. Excellent for cutting. HP.

35





Hardy Primulas HP

Gardeners who are interested in rock and alpine gardens cannot find a more interesting subject to grow than the following list of Hardy Primulas. Amongst these will be found several gems that have an appealing effect both to the gardener and his visitor. The family of Hardy Primulas is now quite large and covers almost the entire season in time of blooming. Auricula. See Auricula, page 45.

Beesiana. 2 ft. Glowing velvety purple, with yellow eye; very free flowering and Pkt.\$0 50 Bulleyana. 2 ft. Buff, apricot, and orange shades; perfectly hardy, and well worth growing as a pot plant in the greenhouse..... 50 50 50 50 75 50 50 50 50 Kewensis. HHP. 10 to 18 in. Strong grower. Yellow flowers; very fragrant..... 75 Primula (Primrose) PRIMULA MALACOIDES Handsome and dainty, very effective for conservatory during the winter. Alba. Snow-white; handsome.

Lilac. Light lilac.

Rosea. Light rose and carmine.

Snow Queen. This is a vast improvement on Primula malacoides alba, the flowers 75 Superba. Deep rosy pink..... 75 PRIMULA OBCONICA GIGANTEA One of the most useful plants for pot culture. White...... 75 Lilac.... 75 Mixed.... 50 75 Rose..... PRIMULA SINENSIS Rhodanthe (Straw Flower) HA The Everlasting Flowers that make such attractive dried bouquets for vases during winter. Maculata. Bright pink with crimson circle......\$0 10 10

Ricinus (Castor-Oil Bean) HA Pkt.	O
Cambodgensis. 5 ft. Dark maroon\$0 10	\$0.75
Communis (Castor-oil Plant). 6 ft	75
Gibsoni. 6 ft. Dark purplish red	75
Finest Mixed Varieties	75
Zanzibariensis, Mixed	75







Salpiglossis (Painted Tongue) HHA

The strains we offer are all of the large-flowering type and contain some wonderful colors and markings.

Grandiflora superbissima.	Pkt.	½0 z .
Crimson and Gold	. \$0 20	\$0.75
Dark Red	. 20	75
Rose and Gold	. 20	75
Scarlet and Gold	. 20	75
Yellow	. 20	75
Violet and Gold	. 20	75
Mixed	. 15	
Emperor, Mixed	. 15	



Hunt's PERFECTION Seeds



SAINTPAULIA ionantha. GP. Splendid for greenhouse and table decoration. Pkt. Easily grown from seed, flowering within six months and continuing to bloom through the winter. Intense violet
Salvia (Scarlet Sage) ннр
Handsome and attractive. Comes into flower in the late summer and continues to bloom until cut down by frost.
Azurea grandiflora. HP. 3 ft. Sky-blue flowers on long spikes. Aug. \$0 25 Ball of Fire. Dwarf and early. Dark scarlet \$15 \$1 50 Clara Bedman (Bonfire). 1½ ft. The popular scarlet variety \$15 \$1 25 Farinacea. 2 ft. Perennial, should be grown as an annual. Long spikes of bright blue flowers \$25 \$1 75 Patens. GP. Rich deep blue \$16 \$1 \$25 Splendens. Bright scarlet spikes, varying from 16 to 24 inches in length \$15 \$1 \$25 Zurich. Compact, very early and free flowering \$25 \$1 \$50
Scabiosa, Tall Double HA
One of the most beautiful annuals; valuable for vases and for table decoration. Pkt. 1/4 oz. Pkt. 1/4 oz. Azure Fairy
Azure Fairy \$0 10 \$0 50 Lilac \$0 10 \$0 50 Black-Purple 10 50 Rose 10 50 Cherry-Red 10 50 White 10 50 Fiery Scarlet 10 50 Mixed 10 35 Flesh-Color 10 50 Mixed 50 Flesh-Color 10 50 Pkt. Caucasica, Giant Hybrids. The colors range from white to dark blue, but the predominating colors are delicate lilac and mauve 1/80z. \$1.50 . 50 Columbaria. It may be briefly described as a hardy, low-growing perennial with fine, light green foliage, some of the flowers measuring from 2 to 2½ inches across with short, compact petals borne on long, slender, yet strong stems. Pink and Lavender 4 pkts. \$1 . 30
Schizanthus (Butterfly Flower) HHP
The Schizanthus is unrivaled for conservatory and table decoration and as pot plants.
Grandiflorus maximus. (New.) Splendid large flowers with brilliant Pkt. coloring. Was awarded Silver-Gilt Medal by the Royal Horticultural Society. Mixed colors
SHAMROCK (True Irish)Oz. \$2\$0 15
SMILAX asparagoides. CP
SOLANUM Capsicastrum. HHP. Upright plant, covered with scarlet berries during winter. 15
STATICE (Sea Lavender). HP. Blooms for a long time.Latifolia. 2 ft. Blue. June to September.15Sinensis. 16 in. Yellow. June to September.15Sinuata, True Blue. HA. 2 ft. Rich navy-blue.25Sinuata Hybrids, Mixed.15Suworowii. 1½ ft. Rose. June to September.15







Sweet William

STEVIA serrata. GP. 2 ft. Produces very graceful sprays of tiny pure white flowers	
STIPA pinnata. An ornamental Feather Grass	10
STOKESIA cyanea (Hardy Blue Aster). HP. 2 ft. Blue. July to October	25
STREPTOCARPUS. GP. This pretty flower, from seed sown in early spring, will commence blooming in the early autumn and continue through the autumn and early winter months.	
Veitch's Hybrids. Large trumpet-shaped flowers in great variety of color	75
SUNFLOWERS, Miniature. (Small-flowered varieties.)	
For other varieties of Sunflowers, see Helianthus, page 57	
Apollo. Star-shaped flowers of golden yellow	25
Dazzler. (New.) Rich chestnut, tipped with orange; bold and striking	25
Diadem. Large flowers of primrose color	25
Excelsior Hybrids. (New.) 4 to 6 ft. Yellow flowers with zones of blood-red, purple, and brown	25
Golden Fleece. Flowers cactus-shaped, clear golden yellow, with dark center	25
Starlight. Sulphur-yellow, cactus-shaped flowers	25
Sunlight. Single, cactus-shaped flowers of golden yellow, with dark center. Dwarf, bushy habit	25

I wish to say the flowers from the bulbs you sent me were the finest I have seen and I believe you have fine stock. I only wish I had more funds and I would order very liberally. I am trying to work up a business here and keep your kind. Yours very truly, Mrs. C. L. C. Collier, E. Cleveland, Ohio.

Sweet William HB

Easy to grow, producing large, fragrant flowers of great lasting quality. Pkt.	½0Z.
Giant Double, Finest Mixed	
Giant White	\$1 00
Newport Pink. Watermelon-pink or salmon-rose	1 00
Pink Beauty. Delicate pink	75
Scarlet Beauty. Intense scarlet	75



Hunt's PERFECTION Seeds



Stocks нна

LARGE-FLOWERING TEN-WEEKS

LARGE-FLOWERING TEN-WEEKS		
One of the most popular of the hardy annuals, and suitable for bedding or The flowers are fragrant, lasting, and of many shades.	pot c	ulture.
Bright Rose\$0	20	\$1 50
Canary-Yellow	20	1 50
Crimson	20	1 50
Dark Violet-Blue	20	1 50
Flesh-Color.	20	1 50
Light Blue	20	1 50
Snow-White	20	1 50
		1 00
Fine Mixed	20	1 00
Mammoth Ten-Weeks, Heatham Beauty. The plant is of pyramidal		
habit, with very large flowers of a rich mauve, shaded terra-cotta	25	
5 pkts. \$1	25	
PERPETUAL-FLOWERING STOCKS		
Will flower continuously through the summer if sown early.	kt.	½oz.
Apple Blossom. Pink		\$2 00
Chamois	25	2 00
Dark Blood-Red	25	2 00
Princess Alice. White	25	2 00
	25	2 00
Rose		2 00
Violet. Dark blue	25	2 00
WINTER-FLOWERING STOCKS		
All the following varieties are splendid for late flowering outdoors and	are	unsur-
manad for many bound sulture	kt.	½0z.
Abundance. Lovely shade of carmine-rose, similar to Queen Alexandra\$0		\$2 50
Almond Blossom. White shaded carmine; very fine	25	2 00
	25	1 50
Beauty of Nice. Delicate flesh-pink; very popular		
Crimson King. Fiery crimson	25	1 50
Giant Perfection, White. Long, pyramidal spikes of large, double flowers	25	1 50
Monte Carlo. Pure yellow	25	1 50
Queen Alexandra. Flowers of a delicate rosy lilac, a tint of incomparable		
beauty	25	1 50
EARLY-FLOWERING BROMPTON, HARBINGER HB		

EARLY-FLOWERING BROMPTON, HARBINGER HB

This is an early-flowering type Stock. The habit is similar to that of the Monarch section, growing with a single stem of about 9 inches and then branching out into a number of fine spikes of bloom. We offer the seed in mixture, embracing a wide range of colors, such as chamois, lilac-pink, pure white, pale rose, yellow, rose, deep blush, mauve, and crimson. Pkt. 40 cts., 3 pkts. \$1.

THE MONARCH HA

Crimson Queen. A splendid variety of free-branching habit, producing a Pkt.	5 pkts.
large number of spikes of brilliant crimson-scarlet flowers\$0 25	\$1 00
Old-Rose. This is an extremely free-branching sort, bearing a great	
number of flower-spikes, all equally large, and in favorable conditions	
it forms an immense plant. The color is particularly beautiful under	1 00
and interest right.	1 00
Violet Queen. Another free-branching Stock, somewhat more compact	
in habit than Old-Rose, and bearing large spikes of pure bright violet	1 00
flowers	1 00





Sweet Peas

Introductory Remarks Specially Compiled for the Amateur

The Sweet Pea, during recent years, has evolved into quite a different flower from what it formerly was. The newer form, being known as the Spencer or Orchid, has the advantage of being, above all, much larger, fully twice the size of the older form, and borne on stout stems 12 to 15 inches long, each stem producing four and often five flowers. In form it has been changed to a far more graceful and beautiful flower, each petal being elegantly waved and frilled, resembling somewhat the rarer orchids.

The Twentieth Century Method of Growing Sweet Peas

For Early Blooms. Place three seeds in a small pot of soil in the house about March 1. If all three seeds germinate, pull out the two weakest plants and retain the strongest. As soon as the second set of leaves has formed, plunge the young plants, with the pots, in a cold-frame protected by sash, where they can be hardened off. Lift the sash during the sunny hours of the day and water carefully. Set the plants out in the open about April 15, and space them 6 inches apart in the row.

General Culture

Four ounces of seed will be sufficient to plant a single row of 100 feet

The ground where Sweet Peas are to be grown should be well prepared—if possible, the fall previous. Deep spading or plowing is very essential, for the roots love to penetrate into the cooler part of the soil. Manure placed at a considerable depth will help to draw the roots downward. Sweet Peas love sun, therefore they should always be

planted where they are exposed to the sun all day.

Sow Seeds Early. Sweet Peas produce their strongest roots during the cool, moist months of spring, so planting should take place as soon as the land can be worked. A little frost will do no harm to Sweet Peas. After the soil has been carefully smoothed and raked, draw a line for a straight row and sow three seeds every 6 inches in the row. Do not cover the seed with more than ½inch of soil, and if more than one plant should appear in each spot, carefully destroy all but one specimen so that one plant shows every 6 inches in the row.

Spencer Sweet Peas

THE REVISED UP-TO-DATE SELECTION

It would be impossible to list all the varieties of Sweet Peas, so we give what we consider to be the cream of the best sorts, both of the standard kinds and those of recent introduction. We recommend these for general outdoor growing throughout the United States, except in the extreme South, where Sweet Peas flower during the winter and where the Early-flowering type gives best results. Many Sweet Pea lovers plant a short row of the Early-flowering kinds to get the advantage of early blooms, but we recommend the Summer-flowering Sweet Peas for your principal crop for outdoor planting, either during the spring or fall.

To simplify ordering we are listing the different varieties in their color classification.

WHITE			
Burpee's Giant White. A black-seeded variety, gigantic in size, I	Pkt.	Oz.	¼Ib.
exquisite in form, and pure in color\$6) 15	\$0.50	\$1 50
Constance Hinton. Extra-large, black-seeded, white variety of			
fine form, nearly always producing four flowers on a stem	15	40	1 25
Etta Dyke. White; of very fine form and substance. Very reliable	15	40	1 25
King White. Strong and very free-flowering; of truly gigantic			
proportions	15	40	1 25
ODANGE COADIDO			
ORANGE-SCARLET			
Gloriosa. A recent English introduction, conspicuous on account			
of its large, well-formed flowers of glowing orange-scarlet	15	75	2 50
The President. Giant flowers of very good form, and brilliant			
orange-scarlet color; extra-strong grower	15	40	1 25



Hunt's PERFECTION Seeds



TIGUE OFFICE OFFICE DE LO			
Doris. This is a very strong grower and produces an abundance of rich cherry-pink flowers, perfectly sunproof, retaining their		Oz.	·1⁄4Ib
color until the end\$0 Hawlmark Cerise. A charming variety with large flowers of a glowing rose-cerise on a creamy ground. A very successful	15	\$0 50	\$1 50
exhibition sort	15	60	2 00
on the once-popular Edith Taylor	15	40	1 25
CREAM			
Clara Curtis. Beautifully frilled primrose variety Dobbie's Cream. Large, ruffled, very deep rich cream flowers Floradale Fairy, Improved. The most deeply colored cream variety. Flowers are exquisitely waved, of giant size, on long	15 15	75 60	2 50 2 00
stems; very productive	15 15	40 50	1 25 1 50
Mrs. R. Hallam. Deep cream-pink, with primrose base Sunkist. Large, rich cream flower, with clearly defined pink picotee edge, the first of this particular coloring4 pkts. \$1	15	50	1 50
	30		
BLUSH-PINK Elegans. The immense flowers are borne freely, four to a spray. Color is blush-lilac, faintly suffused with a pinkish lilac which makes a charming and singular shade	15	35	1 00
Valentine. Beautifully waved flushed pink flowers produced on		25	1 00
long, stout stems. Unsurpassed for cutting	15	35	1 00
LIGHT PINK SPENCER Daisybud. Extra-large and beautifully waved. The color is a beautiful combination of apple-blossom tints with a suggestion of cream-pink.	15	35	1 00
CREAM-PINK			
Improved Margaret Atlee. A great favorite on account of its size, good form, and magnificent coloring. The best of its class Mary Pickford. Very large flower of lovely form, dainty cream-	15	40	1 25
pink, with slight suffusion of salmon	2015	40	1 25
DEEP PINK			
Hawlmark Pink. A beautiful shade of rose-pink, deeply flushed and shaded with salmon. Produces large, well-waved blooms, usually borne in fours	15	40	1 00
salmon and orange. Produces flowers of the largest size and finest form. Hercules. A magnificent deep rose-pink variety, producing flowers	15	50	1 50
of enormous size, well-waved and fringed	15	40	1 00
Pinkie. Large, deep rose-pink blooms, free from any tinge of blueness, nicely waved and well placed on stem4 pkts. \$1	30		
ROSE SPENCER			
Renown. Large carmine-rose flowers, beautifully waved, four and sometimes five on each stem	15	50	1 50
Rosalind. Large flowers of rich rosy carmine color, daintly fluted and frilled	15	50	1 50
Sunset. Rich rose flowers have golden blotch at base of standard	15	40	1 25
SALMON			
Barbara. Superb salmon-colored variety that is excellent either for exhibition or table decoration	15	40	1 60





S No.		76	
ORANGE SWEET PEAS			
	Pkt.	Oz.	1 ₄ 16.
usually produced four on a stem\$ George Shawyer. The beautifully waved flowers are very large and borne freely in fours on long stems. The standard is a		\$0 60	\$2.00
Clear shade of bright orange-salmon	15	75 75	2 50
very unique shade in Sweet Peas	15	75	2 50
DEEP CERISE Fiery Cross. Deep cherry-red, with an orange-scarlet suffusion.			
Its large flowers, long stems, and distinct color are bound to make it one of the most popular Sweet Peas	15	40	1 25
deep scarlet. The plant is strong-growing and produces freely, four flowers to a stem	15	40	1 25
CRIMSON			
Charity. Very vigorous plants which produce large, well-waved, rich brilliant crimson flowers on very long stems; does not burn	4.5	40	4 25
in the sun	15	40	1 25
well-waved flowers are a deep rich crimson color	15	30	1 00
form	15	75	2 50
SCARLET			
Jack Hobbs. Blush scarlet-pink flowers on cream ground, with duplex standards, often bearing four or five large blooms on a stem	40		
Mrs. C. P. Tomlin. The flowers are of giant size, true Spencer type and scarlet, suffused fiery red. Remarkable for its richness and substance. Scarlet Duplex. Double flowers of very large size, heavy sub-	15	40	1 25
stance, and graceful form. Color is an intense bright pure scarlet which does not fade or burn in the brightest sunshine	15	75	2 50
Vermilion Brillant. The large rich vermilion flowers are carried in fours on extra-long strong stems	15	30	1 00
LAVENDER			
Colne Valley. Immense flowers, beautifully placed on long, stiff stems. The color is a most pleasing shade of lavender	15	60	2 00
Orchid. This is a rich shade of lavender with a pink suffusion. A strong and sturdy grower	15	40	1 25
Powerscourt. A pure lavender self-colored variety with flowers of mammoth size. Perhaps the best variety in this color	15	60	2 00
R. F. Felton. Very popular on account of its wonderful color and magnificent size. The blooms are a rich pinkish lavender	15	40	1 25
BLUE			
Blue Stone. Pleasing shade of aniline-blue, flushed bluish violet —a new color in Sweet Peas. The flowers are very large and are produced in fours on extra-strong stems	15	40	1 25
 Mrs. Tom Jones. The flowers are very large, of great substance, beautifully waved, and usually carried in fours on stems of great length. This is a first-class rich blue variety New Wedgwood. Claimed by the raisers to be most distinct and outstanding blue Sweet Pea ever produced. The flowers are 	15	40	1 25
bright delphinium-blue in color. They are not only very large, but also of a very heavy substance	15	50	1 50



Hunt's PERFECTION Seeds



DARK BLUE SWEET PEAS			
Blue Monarch. A splendid dark blue variety with flowers of large size and good substance	⁹ kt. 15	Oz. \$0 50	¼IЬ. \$1 50
violet-blue. The large flowers are produced abundantly in fours on long stems	15	50	1 50
MAUVE.			
King Mauve. This is a pleasing shade of rosy mauve and a flower of great size	15	40	1 25
PURPLE			
Floradale Purple. Unexcelled by any other purple variety. Vigorous and strong in habit, the flowers are correspondingly large and usually borne on long, very strong stems	15 15	60 40	2 00 1 25
MADOON			
MAROON Property of all Sweet Descripting descriptions to			
Ravenswing. This is the darkest of all Sweet Peas introduced to date. The perfectly waved flowers are of great size and the plants are of strong, robust habit	15	50	1 50
Warrior. Rich reddish maroon, flushed with bronze. Strong grower and free bloomer	15	40	1 25
ART SHADES			
Brocade. This fine art shade is a combination of salmon, rosy			
lavender, and rose-pink, with a satiny finish. The flowers are large and finely shaped	15	40	1 25
the wings are a unique shade of lavender, slightly marked bronze. A most vigorous grower	15	50	1 50
BICOLOR			
Dora. Standards deep rosy pink, slightly marked salmon; wings			
rich cream	15	40	1 25
light rose	15	40	1 25
cream	15	40	1 25
STRIPED			
America. Ivory-white ground-color, striped with brilliant crim-			
Senator. A varying combination of deep chocolate and claret,	15	40	1 25
striped and flaked on light heliotrope	15	40	1 25
HUNT'S PERFECTION SPENCER MIXED			
This mixture contains the cream of the very finest Spencer varieties. For those who desire a grand variety of colors, this mixture cannot fail to please	10	35	1 00
COLLECTIONS:			
One pkt. each of 12 varieties, our selection			\$2 00 \$4 00
Postpaid to any address for cash with order			





Sweet Peas for Greenhouse Culture and Early Outdoor Flowering

AUSTRALIAN (Recent Introductions) Albury Lavender. True lavender. Daisy Motte. Pure white; best form. Menelik. Maroon standard, purple wings. Moonstone. Mid-blue. Mrs. May Hasset. Pink, suffused cream. Salmonea. Rosy salmon. Sybil. Deep rose. Thalia Motte. Bright crimson; very fine.	Pkt. \$0 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Oz. \$2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50
Collection: One packet each of the above 8 varieties, \$1.50		
AUSTRALIAN VARIETIES (Yates' Original Seed)		
Concord Charm. White standard, flushed heliotrope	25	2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00
splendid size, form, substance, and freedom of flowering	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00

Early or Winter-flowering Spencer Sweet Peas Recent American Introductions

Invaluable for greenhouse culture, and they are also adapted for outdoor warmer climates, such as our own southern states. In cool climates they		
because they bloom a week or ten days earlier than summer-flowering sorts.	Pkt.	Oz.
Bluebird. Charming shade of true blue\$6		\$0.75
Burpee's Orange. True glowing orange self. Very attractive under	, 1,	ψ0 <i>1</i> 2
artificial light. The best Sweet Pea of this color	15	1 00
Burpee's White Star. The snow-white flowers are enormous in size, all	1)	1 00
beautifully waved and produced on long, strong stems	15	1 00
Early King. The finest early-flowering crimson	15	75
Enchantress. Bright rose-pink, shading deeper toward the edges of the	1)	1)
wings Very free flowering	15	75
wings. Very free flowering	15	75 75
Fordhools Poss Improved Chamber at all of some services	15	1 00
Fordhook Rose Improved. Charming shade of rosy carmine	15	75
Glitters. Bright fiery orange, with wings of deeper shade	15	75 75
Illumination. The flowers are of great size; color, glowing salmon-cerise	15	15
Lavender King. Rich true deep lavender throughout. The flowers are of	1 5	75
a large size and beautifully waved	15	
Loveliness. Soft pink picotee with rose-pink; very free flowering	15	75 75
Mauve Beauty. Pleasing shade of rosy mauve. Immense size	15	75
Mrs. Kerr. Salmon-pink. Probably the best indoor variety in this color.		
Flowers are of good substance, very large, well frilled, and are usually	4.5	4 00
borne in fours on long strong stems.	15	1 00
Rose Queen. Most pleasing shade of rich pink. Large and well waved	15	75
Snowstorm Improved. Finest of the white winter-flowering varieties	15	75
Zvolanek's Rose. One of the best in the deep pink class. Free blooming		
and easily grown variety	15	75
COLLECTIONS, One made to a 12 manistics our relation \$1	E'A	

COLLECTIONS: One packet each of 12 varieties, our selection, \$1.50 One ounce each of 12 varieties, our selection, \$5.50



Hunt's PERFECTION Seeds



		DL
TAGETES signata pumila. Bright yellow, striped brown		e
maidenhair fern	ays c	. 25 of
pure mauve and primrose flowers		. 25
Alata aurantiaca. Beautiful orange flowers. Alata Bakeri. Pure white. Coccinea. Scarlet flowers. Finest Mixed. HHA. 5 ft. Flowers white, yellow and orange, with black		. 25
TORENIA Fournieri. HHA. A pot-plant with rich blue flowers. Fournieri alba. Pure white	cts.	. 35
TROLLIUS caucasicus (Globe Flower). HP. 1½ ft. These hybrids con	tain	a
mixture of various shades of yellow. Blooms from June to September TROPÆOLUM canariense (Canary-Bird Flower). HA. Bright yellow f flowers	ringe	d
Verbenas ннр		
Effective for bedding and as cut-flowers in vases.	kt.	1/4 oz.
Blue) 15	\$0 75
Royal Bouquet. An erect-growing Verbena. Produces flowers which compare in size and variety of color with the finest strains of Auri-		75
cula-eyed Verbena; very suitable for pot-growing	30 15	2 50 75
White (candidissima) Mammoth Hybrids, Mixed Hybrida, Colossea. HA. A very fine new race, bearing large umbels of flowers, each of which exceeds an inch in diameter. We may add that it is fixed in character and is already available in the following shades:	15 10	75 60
Rose, Auricula-eyed 4 pkts. \$1 Rose Shades 4 pkts. \$1	30 30	
VERONICA spicata. HP. 1 ft. Herbaceous plant of pyramidal habit. Bright blue flowers	25	
Vinca (Periwinkle) ннр		
Valuable for bedding; seed should be sown early.		a .
Alba Pura. White\$0 15 \$0 75 Rosea alba. Rose and white\$0 \$0 75 Mixed	9kt. 15 10	\$0 75 50 75
Viola		
Requires same treatment as pansies. Very attractive for bedding and ro	ckeri	
Cornuta admirabilis. Very compact; free flowering; mixed colors; very showy; fine for bedding\$0) 50	½0Z.
Blue Perfection. ½ft. Blue	25 25	\$1 00 1 25
Papilio. ½ft. Blue	50 50	
bloomer Lutea. ½ft. Yellow	50 25	1 00
Odorata (English Violet)	25 25	1 00
Purple Queen. Blue White Perfection. ½ft. White Mixed. All colors.	25 25 25	1 00 1 00 1 00





Grandiflora. 1½ ft. Blue
The Wallflowers are ideally suited for bedding in masses or as a cut-flower. Pkt. Annual Varieties, Mixed
The Wallflowers are ideally suited for bedding in masses or as a cut-flower. Pkt. Annual Varieties, Mixed
Eastern Queen. HB. Bright chamois, changing to salmon-red. 25 75 Golden Gem. HA. The best yellow variety. 25 75 Perennial, Double, Finest Mixed. 1/80z. \$1.50. 50 Perennial, Single, Finest Mixed. 25 60 Zinnias HA Stately and showy for beds and borders. Continue blooming for a long period and have great lasting qualities as a cut-flower. ZINNIA, DOUBLE GIANT The following are truly Giant Zinnias, with beautiful, large, double flowers, 4½ to 6 inches in diameter. Cream Golden Yellow Sulphur-Yellow Scarlet Crimson Pink Purple White Flesh-Color Pkt. 20 cts., ½0z. \$1
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6 inches in diameter. Cream Crimson Flesh-Color Golden Yellow Sulphur-Yellow Purple White Pkt. 20 cts., ½0z. \$1
Cream Golden Yellow Sulphur-Yellow Scarlet Crimson Pink Purple White Flesh-Color Pkt. 20 cts., 1/4 oz. \$1
ZINNIA ELEGANS
Bright Rose Cream Crimson Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 75 cts. Finest Double Varieties, Mixed. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. \$1 Pkt. 15 cts., 1/4 oz. 75 cts.
Achievement. Distinct double, tubular, and cactus-like florets in rich shades \$0 25 Cerise Queen. New color in this class
GOLD MEDAL DAHLIA-FLOWERED ZINNIAS Crimson Monarch. The largest and best of the red shades
Oriole. Immense orange and gold bicolor; very beautiful



Hunt's PERFECTION Fruits



Hardy Fruits for the Home Garden

Extra-Strong Selected, Standard Trees

The home fruit garden combines utility and beauty. It is possible, by proper selection of varieties, to supply your table with fruit from the first cherries of early summer to the spicy Northern Spy apples which you cut with your friends before the open fire in

The snow-white cherry blossoms, the plum and peach, and later the pear and the delicate pink of the apple blossoms, vie with each other in profusion of bloom. The fruit garden can easily be made a part of the scheme for beautifying your property. There is much satisfaction in watching the growth of these trees that brighten the landscape in spring, and later supply the delicacies to please both eye and palate.

Apples

Strong selected trees, all varieties, \$1.75 each, \$18 per doz.

EARLY APPLE

Red Astrachan. An old popular variety. Tart, juicy flesh tinged with red.

AUTUMN APPLES

Fall Pippin. Large; yellow; rich and delicious. A good bearer when it reaches maturity. Likes a moist, well-drained soil.

Gravenstein. Large; yellow, striped with red; firm and fine flavored. Medium-heavy soil, well-drained.

WINTER APPLES

Baldwin. Large; deep red; productive and desirable. A winter Apple north of New York; a fall Apple south of it. Medium to semi-light soil.

Jonathan. Beautiful red, of high quality. An early bearer; very popular. McIntosh. A delicious, juicy aromatic Apple, with red or somewhat striped skin. Does best in the North.

Northern Spy. Pale yellow, striped with red; excellent flavor and a good keeper. Does best in cold climates. Moderately heavy soil.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, greenish yellow of prime quality. Popular north of

New York.

Cherries

Strong selected trees, all varieties, \$2.50 each, \$22 per doz.

SWEET CHERRIES

Black Tartarian. June. Big, dark red or black fruits of splendid flavor. A favorite. Yellow Spanish. Late June. Yellow, red cheeks; firm, juicy, and delicious. A popular light-colored Cherry.

SOUR CHERRIES

Early Richmond. June. Very productive. Useful for cooking or preserving.

Montmorency. Early June. Large, red, tart fruit. Very productive and hardy. A better keeper than Early Richmond.

Peaches

Strong selected trees, all varieties, \$1.50 each, \$12 per doz.

MIDSEASON PEACHES

Belle of Georgia. August and September. Large; rich, creamy white flesh; bright red blush. Best white Peach on the market. One of the best shippers. Popular as a commercial and home-garden variety. Freestone.

Elberta. Early September. The popular preserving Peach. Yellow skin, with deep red cheek; flesh golden yellow, firm, and juicy. Unexcelled for commercial or home use. Has a distinctive flavor. Freestone.

J. H. Hale. Mid-September. Large, yellow fruit of excellent quality, wonderful color,

and delicious flavor. An improvement over Elberta. Freestone.





Plums

Strong selected trees, all varieties, \$2.50 each, \$22 per doz.

Imperial Gage. Middle of August. A delicious, good-sized freestone, sweet and juicy; greenish in color.

Shropshire Damson. Last of September. A dark purple, medium-sized variety, valued especially for preserving. One of the best sorts for northern planting.

Pears

Strong selected trees, all varieties, \$2.50 each, \$22 per doz.

SUMMER PEARS

Bartlett. Late August. A favorite in all orchards and markets. Large, rich golden yellow fruit, juicy and possessing a delicious flavor, making it most popular as an eating or canning Pear.

Clapp's Favorite. August. Large, fine-looking, yellow Pear with crimson cheek; fine grained. An excellent table Pear.

AUTUMN PEAR

Seckel. September and October. The standard of excellence among Pears. Fruits medium in size, but rich in quality; exceptionally sweet and juicy. Particularly valuable for home planting.

WINTER PEAR

Kieffer. November. Large, golden yellow fruit; fair in quality and excellent for canning. A good keeper. Vigorous and productive even when young.

Quince

Orange. September. Large, handsome fruit of good quality. Valued for preserving and jelly-making. \$2.50 each, \$22 per doz.

Small Fruits

Grapes

For the Home Garden

Agawam. Large loose bunch; berries deep red, almost maroon,	large, Each	Doz.
meaty with rich aromatic fiavor. Strong two-year plants	\$1 00	\$9 00
Campbell's Early. An early-ripening black Grape that produces	large	
bunches of superb fruit. Two-year plants	1 00	9 00
Catawba. Standard red Grape. Vigorous, hardy, and productive. Cl	lusters	
large, long, and broad; berries of medium size. Two-year plants.	90	8 50
Concord. Best-known and most popular variety. Succeeds almost	every-	
where. Large black berries are borne in large bunches. Two	o-y e ar	
plants	90	8 50
Niagara. Popular white variety. Cluster large and compact. Rip	ens in	
midseason with Concord. Two-year plants	90	8 50
midseason with Concord. Two-year plants	90	8 50

Gooseberries

The Berry for Good Pies

Gooseberries may be grown in America just as easily as in Europe, where almost every cottage garden has its planting of Gooseberry bushes. No particular garden skill is necessary to raise them. The soil should be well enriched and the plants should be given ordinary garden culture.



Hunt's PERFECTION Fruits



GOOSEBERRIES, continued

Downing. Perhaps the most popular variety. The berries are pale green Each	Doz.
and of large size and good quality. Two-year plants\$1 50	\$9 00
Oregon Champion. Distinct from all others. The plant is of a rather	
slender growth and is not a very strong grower, but it produces berries	
that are pale amber when fully ripe and of excellent quality and good	
size. Two-year plants	9 00

Blackberries

There are indeed, few greater delights than to be able to go into one's garden and pick big, shiny beauties by the panful, to be converted into delicious jams, jellies, and pies, or served, just as they are, for breakfast or as dessert. In field-culture, plant in rows from 5 to 7 feet apart (according to the vigor of the variety) and 3 feet apart in the rows. In the garden, plant in rows 5 feet apart and the plants 3 feet apart in the rows.

Eldorado. Very popular, especially throughout the North, on account of Doz.	100
its extreme hardiness and vigor. Berries are medium size, jet-black,	
and very sweet. Fruits early to midseason. Transplanted canes\$2 00	\$12 00
Taylor. A most profitable late variety. Clean, healthy foliage with	
berries of good size and very productive. Transplanted plants 1 50	10 00
Ward. A very popular variety, especially in New Jersey. The canes are	
of strong growth, quite hardy, and yield a heavy crop of large hand-	
some berries that always command best prices. Transplanted plants. 2 00	12 00

Loganberries

This is rather a unique fruit, being a cross between the raspberry and blackberry yet it is distinct from either. The flavor is delicious, differing from any other fruit and pleases everybody as a dessert. It ripens about the end of the strawberry season and in advance of all but the earliest raspberries, therefore it comes into use at the time when it is most appreciated. Extra-heavy fruiting plants, \$7 per doz., \$45 per 100.

Raspberries

Cuthbert. Berries are large size, deep crimson, firm, and of high quality, Doz. being rich and spicy. Ripens in midseason until late, and succeeds	100
in any location. Strong plants\$3 00	\$15 00
La France. This variety is of recent introduction and has proved to be	
the best everbearing Raspberry grown. Is extremely hardy, reaches	
a height of 9 feet, and the berries are deep pink, juicy, and of delicious flavor. The fully developed fruits are twice the size of the average	
Raspberry. Extra-selected plants	45 00
Latham. A splendid strong-growing variety that produces immense	15 00
quantities of bright red, extra-large berries during the latter part of	
June and well into July. Extra-strong transplanted plants 3 50	17 50
St. Regis. A well-known everbearing variety that will produce berries	
of good quality for four months. Heavy fruiting plants	17 50
White Queen. This variety, our own introduction, was offered for the	
first time in 1920 and has exceeded our highest expectations. Bears	
an abundance of almost white fruits from August until well into	
November. The large, firm berries are free of seeds and acid; of	40.00
exquisite flavor and aroma. Plants attain a height of 6 feet 6 00	40 00
DI AGE DAGDDEDDEG	
BLACK RASPBERRIES	
Kansas Blackcaps. We are limiting our list to this variety, as it is the	
most widely known and grown sort and the best of this class. The	
canes are of strong growth, hardy, and prolific. Berries are of large	
size, jet-black, firm, and sweet. Ripens early to midseason, and matures its entire crop very quickly. Strong plants	15 00
matures its entire crop very quickly. Strong plants 3 00	1000







Bulbs and Roots

There is great variation in the quality of bulbs and roots offered on the market. We make a specialty of securing the firmest, ripest bulbs which we think will give the best results. There is no surer way of having a conservatory full of marvelous flowers or a garden full of brilliant color than by planting the bulbs and roots which we supply.

Achimenes

These attractive new seedlings were raised by a noted hybridizer and far surpass the older varieties in size and beauty of bloom.

Ambroise Verschaffelt. White, veined with lilac.

Dainty Queen. Pure white, with lavender eye. One of the most charming of the new hybrids.

Galathea Improved. Large violet flowers.

Magnifica. Tall, with magnificent sky-blue flowers having white throats.

Margherita. Large pure white flowers.
Purity. Pure white. The finest white variety yet produced.

Supreme. Mammoth light blue flowers, white eye. Swansoni. Mauve, mottled blue with a white throat.

Each of the above varieties, \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100

Amaryllis

Ideally suited for window culture.	
HALLI (Lycoris squamigera). This variety is perfectly hardy and will Doz.	100
grow anywhere without protection. Of unique blooming habit, send-	
ing up, in August, several flower-stalks to the height of 2 feet, bearing	
large bunches of fragrant lavender-pink blossoms	\$80 00
Equestris (Barbados Lily). Orange-scarlet flowers. Fine for garden 3 00	20 00
Johnsoni. Rich crimson with white stripe	40 00
Vittata Hybrids. Mixture of the best varieties\$1.50 each15 00	





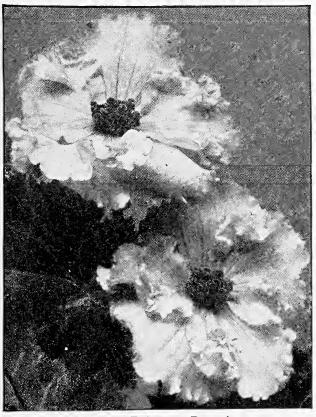
Tuberous-Rooted Begonias

Cultural Notes by T. H. EVERETT

For window- or porch-boxes, beds or borders in semi-shaded positions, Tuberous-Rooted Begonias are unexcelled for summer display, while well-grown examples in pots never fail to excite admiration. The gorgeously colored flowers, from 4 to 6 inches in diameter, are produced in steady succession, and it is difficult to decide whether single or double kinds are lovelier.

or double kinds are lovelier.

Tubers may be started into growth in late April by laying them in flats containing humus or leaf-mold, with the sprout side down. Spray with water at frequent intervals in a temperature of from 60 to 70 degrees. When the leaves begin to unfold, reverse the tubers and after two or three days transfer them singly to 4-inch pots. Use a compost having a large humus content. Sufficient sand must be used to make the compost very light and friable. See that the



Frilled Tuberous Begonia

pots are well drained, and do not press the compost too firmly. Water moderately until the pots are filled with roots, more freely afterward. A temperature of 60 to 65 degrees with a humid atmosphere is conducive to growth. Gradually harden off and plant out 1 foot apart, after all danger of frost has passed. They revel in an open soil containing plenty of humus, and a semi-shady position.

SINGLE-FLOWERED VARIETIES

Extra-large bulbs, 2 inches and up in diameter.	Doz.	100
Pure White, Delicate Pink, Bright Scarlet, Deep Crimson, Bright Yellow and Rich Salmon, in separate colors or mixed	\$4 50	\$30 00
DOUBLE-FLOWERED VARIETIES Bulbs 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Yellow, White, Crimson, Pink, Scarlet, and Mixed	5 00	35 00
FRILLED VARIETIES		
Flowers are of immense size, beautifully frilled, with wavy petals.		
Red, Pink, Yellow, and White	4 50	30 00
Choice Mixed Colors		24 00
Caladiums (Elephant Ears)	• • • •	40.00
Esculentum. 7 to 9-in. bulbs. 9 to 11-in. bulbs.	2 00 3 00	12 00 18 00
Fancy-leaved, Brazilian Collection. They provide a variety of colors and markings; an ideal pot plant for conservatory. One each of 10 named Fancy-leaved Caladiums, \$8.50; mixed varieties, \$7 per doz., \$45 per 100.	;)	10 00
CALLA Elliottiana. Large, deep golden yellow; leaves spotted white	7 50	<i>55</i> 00





Cannas

Dormant Roots

Particularly handsome and useful for mass bedding or spacing out with handsom	th o	othe	plai	nts
in borders.	D_{0}		10	0
American Beauty. 5 ft. Richest colored Canna. Carmine	\$3	00	\$20	00
Beacon. 4 ft. Rich cardinal-red	1	70		00
King Humbert. 4 ft. Bronze-leaved. Flowers orange-scarlet	2	00		00
King Midas. 5 ft. (New.) Outstanding variety. Large flowers o	f	00	1-4	00
glittering gamboge-vellow	6	50	50	00
Mohawk. 5 ft. Often called "Bronze-leaved President"	. 6	50		00
Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont. Ruffled giant flowers of rich watermelon-pink.				
Plants only, well-established in 3-in. pots\$2 each	18	00		
Palm Beach. 3½ ft. (New.) Eye-catching flowers of maize-yellow	,			
with faint blush of pink. Really rivals the finest orchids	. 8	00	60	00
Panama. 3 ft. Good bedder. Rich orange-red	. 1	70	10	00
Queen Helen. 5 ft. "Yellow Humbert"	. 2	00	14	00
The Ambassador. 5 ft. A bronze-leaved President. Vigorous	. 8	00	60	00
The President. 4 ft. Far and away superior to any other red Canna		00	12	00
Victory. 3 ft. (New.) Another of the popular apricot shades		00	30	00
Vulcan. 3 ft. (New.) Rich cardinal-red. Excellent to mass	. 5	00	40	00
Wabash. 4 ft. Rich carmine-pink. Bronze foliage	. 5	00	40	00
Wintzer's Colossal. 5 ft. Average flowers more than cover a man's hat	•			
Vivid scarlet		00	12	00

Montbretias

Cultural Notes by T. H. Everett

These graceful relatives of the lordly gladiolus are rapidly gaining popularity amongst flower-lovers. The modern varieties lend themselves so readily to garden embellishment as well as floral arrangements that they must be counted amongst the greatest acquisitions of recent years.

A sunny position, a deep, well-worked soil, enriched with rotted manure and bone-meal, are first essentials toward success. They may be planted in April or May, in double rows 15 inches apart, allowing 2 to 3 inches between the corms, or in groups of a dozen or more in the mixed border. Four to 5 inches is the correct planting depth.

During the growing period the surface of the ground must be kept well cultivated and in extended periods of drought give the ground a thorough soaking at ten-day intervals. The wiry stems are sufficiently rigid to stand without artificial support. South of New York, Montbretias will winter safely if mulched with leaves, litter, or salt hay, but farther north it is advisable to lift them in the same manner as gladiolus after the first hard frost. Store the corms during the winter in sand, soil, or peat moss which is just slightly moist.

Should be planted in April or May and protected with leaves in winter. They may be allowed to remain in the ground and will continue to bloom for many seasons.

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Doz.	100
Crœsus. 2 ft. Very large apricot-yellow blooms. One of the finest. Late. \$2 00	\$15 00
Etoile de Feu. 2 ft. Very graceful soft red flowers, with orange throat 1 50	10 00
George Davison. Free-flowering: vellow	10 00
King Edmund. Sturdy grower of medium height. Fine orange-yellow	
flowers measuring 2 inches across	12 00
Macrospila. 14 in. A beautiful combination of red and yellow. Free	
bloomer, producing three and four flowers to every bulb	10 00
Meteor. Graceful variety of orange with red tips on back of flowers.	
Very prolific and early	10 00
Reingold. 2 ft. Large, star-shaped flowers of pure golden yellow.	
Extra fine	15 00
Speciosa. Pleasing orange-red, with yellow throat	12 00
Solfatare. 14 in. Freesia-like flowers of pure yellow with foliage of	
bluish brown	10 00
All Varieties Mixed	7 00





Dielytra spectabilis (Bleeding Heart)

Fine for spring planting in the perennial border and as pot plants. \$8 per doz.; \$60 per 100.

Gloxinias

Elegant and handsome pot plants for window or conservatory. Bulbs 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Blue, Red, White, Bordered, and Mixed. Selected bulbs, \$6 per doz., \$45 per 100.

Hyacinthus candicans

They contrast elegantly with gladiolus. Planted anywhere, singly or in clumps, they are gorgeous. \$1.75 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Nerine (Amaryllidaceæ)

utifu	ıIIy
Do	z.
. \$24	00
. 24	00
-	
. 15	00
	nutifu Do .\$24 . 24 . 15

Spirea

These hardy Astilbes will thrive in any good rich soil, flowering in June and July in showy panicles.

America. Charming lilac-rose flowers. Gladstone. Fine spikes of pure white. Philadelphia. Clear lavender-rose.

Queen Alexandra. Large fluffy pink spike.

ear lavender-rose. | Rubens. Deep carmine-rose. Field-grown clumps of any of the above, \$9.50 per doz.

Tritoma

Pfitzeri. Red-Hot Poker. Very fine for bedding. Brilliant red blooms throughout the late summer and fall. \$4 per doz.; \$20 per 100.

Royal Standard. A very distinct new variety of vigorous growth and remarkably free flowering, blooming continuously from June to the end of October, producing 3-foot stems of good sized flowerheads, the flowers on the lower half of the spike of a bright yellow, the upper part a rich rosy scarlet; a most effective and rich color combination. \$1.50 each; \$15 per doz.

Tuberoses

The sweet-scented Tuberose is now exceedingly popular. It possesses a character and perfume distinct from any other flower and is easy of cultivation, both indoors and out.

Excelsior Pearl. Large; double; white. \$1.75 per doz.; \$10 per 100.



Tritoma Pfitzeri







Dahlia, Elite Glory

Dahlias

Cultural Notes by Thomas H. Everett

The merits of the many types of Dahlias are too well known to require elaboration. They occupy a worthy place in the forefront of popular garden flowers.

They are not at all fastidious in regard to soil-requirements, providing that medium is properly tilled and contains sufficient food material. Deep digging and the liberal addition of thoroughly decomposed manure and bone-meal is a necessary preparation. Unleached wood-ashes are also a valuable fertilizer as they provide the requisite potash.

Dahlias may be set out either as dormant tubers or as young "green" growing plants. Many growers prefer the latter. In either case, a distance of at least 3 feet in each direction must be allowed between individuals, and an extra foot between the rows will be found advantageous. Drive in a stout Dahlia stake at each planting-site before

the tuber or plant is put in position.

Green plants and small tubers must not be set out before all danger of frost has passed, but extra-strong tubers may be planted two weeks earlier. Cover the tubers with 5 to 6 inches of soil. When the shoots appear, remove all but the strongest and pinch the top out of this when three or four pairs of leaves have developed. This treatment will cause the plant to branch from the base, and three or four of these branches may be retained to produce flowers. Keep them tied to the stake with soft jute string.





DAHLIAS, continued

The removal of side-growths will result in the concentration of the energies of the

plant into a few flowers, and hence larger blooms will be obtained.

Cultivate the soil throughout the growing period and water adequately during very dry periods. Frequent sprinkling of the surface soil without moistening to a depth of several inches does much harm. After the buds have set, feeding with liquid manure, bone-meal, pulverized sheep-manure, or some other approved fertilizer will be of great benefit.

After the foliage has been blackened by frost, lift the tubers, allow them to dry in the open for a few hours and store them in a cool but frostproof cellar for the winter.

ABBREVIATIONS USED: D., Decorative; HD., Hybrid Decorative; C., Cactus; HC., Hybrid Cactus; HS., Hybrid Show; P., Peony-flowered; Pom., Pompon.

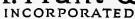
The Leading Novelties

The following novelties are worthy of your consideration, especially if you contemplate exhibiting.

Tubers ready for shipment in April; plants, May to July

- ANTARCTICA. (MacDonald.) D. Large pure white blooms; very free-flowering and of excellent habit. Both as an exhibition and cut-flower variety, it is an acquisition. Plants only, \$5.
- CARDINALIS. (James Kennedy.) D. Winner of prize as best undisseminated seedling at Trenton, 1929. Brilliant cardinal-red blooms of splendid formation, on strong, upright stems. Tubers \$10; plants \$5.
- CHEMAR'S EUREKA. (Chemar.) D. A splendid new variety, almost pure white in color, and of ideal form and stem. Tubers \$10; plants \$5.
- DOROTHY STONE. (F. & M.) D. A beautiful rose-pink. The stems are good and the large blooms are produced quite freely. Tubers \$10; plants \$5.
- GRACE CURLING. (Stredwick.) D. Deep, full flowers with serrated petals; clear cattelya-lavender, shading white at the base of the petals when opening. Tubers \$10; plants \$5.
- HELEN IVINS. (F. & M.) D. A beautiful orchid-lavender that was much admired the past season. Large, deep flowers borne on splendid stems. Tubers \$7.50; plants \$3.75.
- IVORY. (Bessie Boston.) D. An exceptionally fine large Dahlia of the true exhibition type. Color is creamy white. Plants only, \$5.
- JEAN TRIMBEE. (Trimbee.) HC. A native of Canada. Flowers very large, many over 12 inches in diameter, and of a beautiful rich petunia-violet color. Tubers \$10; plants \$5.
- JERSEY'S RUBY. (Waite.) D. The plant is of ideal habit, being of medium size. Blooms dark ruby-red. Tubers \$5; plants \$2.50.
- JERSEY'S TRIUMPH. (Waite.) D. Similar in habit to Jersey's Beauty but the color is entirely different, being a real autumn shade of bright copper, flushed with salmon-bronze. Tubers \$10; plants \$5.
- JUDGE LEON McCORD. (Bessie Boston.) D. Large flowers produced on splendid stems. Color is deep shade of old-gold, with a reverse of old-rose. Plants only, \$7.50.
- KATHERINE COLE. (McDowell.) D. Won the Darnell Cup (New York) for the best keeping variety. A beautiful combination of light pink and cream, the tips of the petals being pink, shading to cream with a pink center. Stock limited. Plants only, \$7.50.
- LILAC GLORY. (Ballego.) C. This pretty Cactus was greatly admired in our collection the past year. It is soft lilac in color and medium in size. Tubers \$5; plants \$2.50.
- THE WORLD. (Dahliadel.) D. Rich, deep rosy magenta, overlaid garnet, with silver shadings on the edges of the petals. Tubers \$7.50; plants \$3.75.
- YANKEE KING. (Wood.) D. Exceptionally strong and vigorous variety. Flowers bronze-orange, produced very freely. Tubers \$5; plants \$2.50.







The Up-to-Date Exhibition Dahlia Collection

The varieties submitted below are the cream of the latest prize-winning Dahlias. Tubers will be ready for delivery April 1. Started plants from May 1 to June 15.



Ambassador. (Broomall.) C. Soft yellow-buff, shaded pink. Tubers \$1.50.

Aztec Glory. (Broomall-Success.) D. A very large, rich clear golden yellow. Blooms are held erect on excellent stems. Tubers \$7; plants \$3.

Champagne. (Bessie Boston.) D. Chamois with a pink suffusion. A very large, handsome flower on fine stems. Tubers \$1.50.

Eldorado. (Bessie Boston.) D. Large, handsome, pure golden yellow flowers, on fine stems. Tubers \$3; plants \$1.50.

Eagle Rock Beauty. (Broomall.) D. A beautiful combination of pink and cream. The flowers are large and attract immediate attention. Plants only, \$3.

Eagle Rock Sunshine. C. Deep yellow. Large flower. Tubers \$4; plants \$2.

Edna Ferber. (Sanhican.) HC. Of huge size, with petals curled and twisted. Glistening coral shading to old-gold. Tubers \$4; plants \$2.

Dahlia, Eldorado Dahlia, Eldorado Elinor Vanderveer. (Seal.) D. The flowers are large, freely produced, and glowing satiny rose-pink in color. Tubers \$1.50.

Elite Glory. (Kennedy.) HD. A monstrous flower of a brilliant rich red color, without any purple or maroon shading. One of its many good features is its keeping quality as a cut-flower. Tubers \$3.

Elkridge. (Griffiths.) D. A new white variety. Flowers are of good size, borne on strong stems, and the petals are very firm in texture. Tubers \$2.

Elkridge Beauty. (Griffiths.) D. Tan color and cream. A fancy variety of large size and good shape. Tubers \$5; plants \$3.

Elkridge Gem. (Griffiths.) D. Lavender. Has very large petals forming a most graceful flower. Excellent for all purposes. Tubers \$4; plants \$2.

Elkridge Glory. (Griffiths.) D. Bright red. A fine exhibition and garden Decorative variety. Extra-large, well-shaped flower. Tubers \$5; plants \$3.

Elkridge Pride. (Griffiths.) D. Apricot and raspberry—a unique color combination. Blooms freely on splendid stems. Large-sized flowers. Tubers \$7; plants \$4.

Elkridge Queen. (Griffiths.) D. White, wonderfully formed large flower with wavy petals. Erect habit and exceptionally free-flowering. Tubers \$2.

Fort Washington. (Rindfleisch.) D. A splendid exhibition variety. Flowers very large, deep maroon, borne on very stiff stems. Tubers \$4; plants \$2.

Glory of Monmouth. (Kemp.) D. Petals blend from a base of light orange to shades of strawberry-pink. Tubers \$3; plants \$1.50.

Harry Mayer. (Success.) HC. The color is a beautiful silvery pink, with a deeper rosepink reverse. Tubers \$6; plants \$3.

Ida Perkins. (Perkins-Montrose.) D. One of the best whites yet introduced. Tubers \$6; plants \$3.



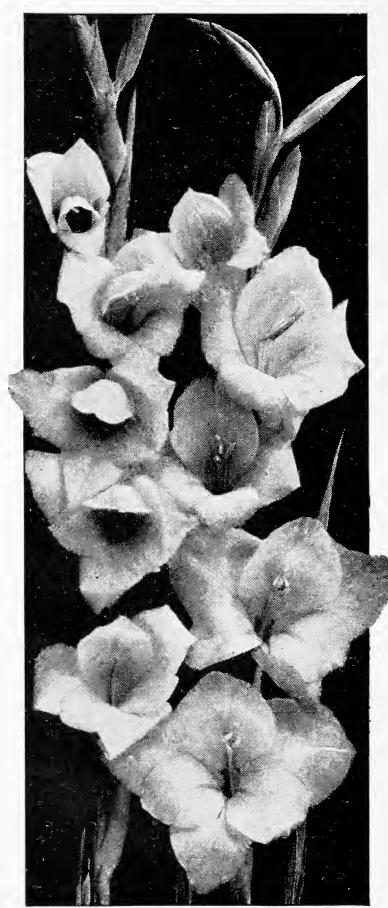


DAHLIAS, continued

- Jane Cowl. (Downs.) D. Its large, deep flower has as fine coloring as anything in the Dahlia world—a warm buff and old-gold blending to a bright salmon at the perfect center. Tubers \$8; plants \$4.
- Jersey's Beacon. (Waite.) D. Chinese scarlet, with a paler reverse, giving it a two-toned effect. Flowers large and globular in shape. Tubers \$1.50.
- Jersey's Beauty. (Waite.) D. Finest pink. No Dahlia of recent years has become such a universal favorite. As a cut-flower, it is unexcelled. Tubers \$1.
- Jersey's Daybreak. (Waite.) D. Hermosa pink shading to creamy yellow in the center. Flowers of medium size and splendid formation, holding the pointed center well to the last. Tubers \$4.
- Jersey's Elegans. (Waite.) D. Light pink, medium-sized flowers produced very freely on good stems. The foliage is finely cut. Tubers \$2.50; plants \$1.50.
- Jersey's Fiancee. (Waite.) D. Rose-pink, with the point of each floret slightly tipped gold. Tubers \$3; plants \$2.
- **Jersey's Empress.** (Waite.) D. Anthracene-violet in color. The large flowers are of very pleasing formation, having narrow and wavy petals of great depth and substance. Color is practically sunproof. Tubers \$3.50; plants \$2.
- Jersey's Ideal. (Waite.) D. The color of this variety is best described as lavender-pink. Very vigorous grower, and an ideal stem. Tubers \$3; plants \$1.50.
- Jersey's Sovereign. (Waite.) D. A shade of color that may be described as salmonorange. It is a very vigorous grower with dark foliage. Tubers \$1.50.
- Kalif. HC. The color is a rich pure scarlet. The plants are of strong growth and bear their mammoth flowers freely on fine long stems. Tubers \$1.
- Kemp's Violet Wonder. (Kemp.) D. Impressive blooms of rich violet, with an underlying tone of royal purple. Of huge and massive proportions, borne on strong stems well above the tall plant. Tubers \$8; plants \$4.
- Margaret Masson. (F. & M.) D. The flowers are very large, beautiful silvery rose-pink, and borne on perfect stems. Tubers \$2; plants \$1.
- Marian Broomall. (Broomall.) HC. Large pink and white blooms. Good stems and splendid habit. Tubers \$5; plants \$2.50.
- Marmion. (Mastick.) D. Immense blooms of golden yellow with a bronze suffusion, and a deeper bronze in the full, high center. Tubers \$2.50; plants \$1.50.
- Mrs. I. de Ver Warner. (Marean.) One of the best of the Marean varieties. Cattleya color; large and very fine. Tubers \$1, 6 for \$5.
- My Maryland. HC. A large Dahlia of clear, rich pink—a "different" pink that defies description—with hardly a suggestion of lavender. My Maryland is one of the healthiest varieties grown. The stems are straight and strong, yet graceful, and hold the large bloom in an ideal position. Tubers \$8; plants (for delivery June 1) \$4.
- Primula Rex. (Broomall.) D. The flowers are massive in form and of a light cream or English primrose color. Tubers \$2.50; plants \$1.50.
- Queen of the Garden Beautiful. (Burns.) D. Primrose-yellow in color, with full centers and excellent stems. Tubers \$2.50; plants \$1.50.
- Rose Fallon. D. Orange, amber, and salmon. This variety is of singular beauty, and is always popular with the Dahlia specialist. Tubers \$2.50; plants \$1.50.
- Sagamore. (Kirby.) D. A splendid cut-flower variety of a golden amber shading to the center with a warm salmon-rose or orange-buff. Tubers \$1.50; plants \$1.
- Trentonian. (F. & M.) D. Large, perfect Decorative. The color is in brown tones. A splendid grower and a free bloomer. Tubers \$1.50.
- Waldheim Sunshine. (Peacock.) D. A huge deep yellow Decorative, with twisted, wavy petals that relieve the immense size from stiffness. Tubers \$12; plants \$6.00.
- Watchung Sunrise. (Smith.) D. Large deep blooms, with a narrow clear rose-pink margin around each golden amber petal. Tubers \$6; plants \$3.







Primulinus Gladiolus

Gladiolus

There are no more enthusiastic gardeners than they who make Gladiolus their hobby. These graceful and beautiful flowers may be had in such infinite variety of colors and shapes that there is unlimited range for choice and enjoyment. They are the most popular and widely grown flowers in America, possibly because they are so little trouble to raise and make such a splendid show when cut.

They like rich, well-fertilized ground, and should be set out as soon as the frost is gone. If they are planted at ten-day intervals from then until the last of June, a continuous succession of the same or different varieties may be had. Four inches deep and the same apart is good, but they are best grown in rows, so that the cultivation may be thorough. The staking problem is also easier, for the finest spikes should be staked as soon as they begin to lengthen. Pulverized sheep - manure is very good for them, especially when used as a liquid, after the buds begin to show. Plenty of water should be provided at all times.







Gladiolus

Valuable Cultural Hints for the Amateur

Our selection has been painstakingly studied, with the sole object of offering the most beautiful sorts in the world, and from these only such as have distinctive merit.

Culture. Gladiolus will succeed in all kinds of soil, provided the location is a sunny one. Before spading or plowing, manure the ground thoroughly, as the Gladiolus likes a rich ground.

Time of Planting. The bulbs can be planted just as soon as the frost is out of the ground and the beds are properly prepared. In the vicinity of New York this may be early in April. If the flowers are wanted in successive crops, it is best to make weekly plantings, and, if planted as late as June 30, the flowers will appear before frost-time. Many of the more delicately colored Gladiolus will produce better and clearer colored blooms late than if they appear during the hot summer months.

Staking. As soon as the sword-like foliage has developed to a certain height, each plant should be supported with a light stake, provided the Gladiolus are wanted for garden effect. The best-looking support is the thin Japanese bamboo dyed a grass-green; it is straight, wiry, inconspicuous, and extremely inexpensive.

Feeding. Gladiolus are gross feeders, and we find pulverized sheep-manure is the most result-producing food. Apply it between the rows after the foliage has made a good start, and repeat the application every two weeks until the buds show. From that time on liquid sheep-manure, applied every other day, produces splendid results.

Watering. Continued moisture is just as essential for the successful growing of these flowers as food, and we wish to impress our readers with the fact that drought is most detrimental to their health.

Cultivation. It is a well-established fact that every plant benefits by constant cultivation, and if we were asked what part of the culture is the most important we should always say cultivation. The soil around the plants should always be open.

Depth and Distance to Plant. Our recommendation is to plant 4 inches deep and 4 inches apart.

We carry in cold storage several varieties of Gladiolus for delivery in June for forcing and late flowering outdoors. Quotations on request





Gladiolus Novelties

Top-Size Bulbs Only

1 op-Size Bulbs Only		
AÏDA. Large, beautifully formed flowers of striking dark blue, Each shading to royal purple. A superb introduction from Germany which was immediately recognized here and abroad as the very superior successor to Baron J. Hulot in color, size, and form. Very early; free-flowering\$2 00	Doz. \$18 00	100
BERTY SNOW. In the very popular silvery lavender shades, this introduction from Scotland makes a bid for highest honors. We like its make-up and vitality	24 00	
CARDINAL PRINCE. A rare shade of cardinal of great depth. Perfectly placed large flowers, six to seven open at one time on tall spike	2 50	\$18 00
COPPER-BRONZE. Fine, large-flowered Primulinus of peculiar but pleasing coloring best described by the name itself. A rapid propagator. Something different	3 00	20 00
GERALDINE FARRAR. Light lavender, with distinct blue tone and deep violet blotch. Probably the best light blue developed in America	8 00	50 00
GOLD EAGLE. A good rich yellow with frilled blooms of medium size, on good spikes. Very early and reliable in producing good spikes from small bulbs	5 00	·35 00
GOLDEN DREAM. Rather late, not very large, but tall spike and very clear yellow blooms of good texture, with five to seven flowers open at one time. The edges of the petals are gracefully rolled back	8 00	50 00
NANCY HANKS. A rich peach-red, shading to orange-pink, about the same color that made Alice Tiplady a favorite in spite of its dwarf habit. Nancy Hanks is taller and larger, with wide-open flowers	2 50	18 00
PATRICIA CARTER. Just pure pink. A Primulinus grandiflora of superlative character and rarest beauty. Blooms with several spikes from large bulbs. Tall; midseason 1 00	10 00	80 00
PHÄNOMEN. A perfectly formed pink and yellow of softest hue. Not very tall, but the coloring and perfection of spike make it a precious possession in the garden	4 00	27 00
RAJAH. Giant dark red. A coming choice variety bearing many large flowers without markings. Prominent at exhibitions. Early midseason	2 00	15 00
SANS PAREIL. A glorious apricot-pink, with pure white center. Truly "Sans pareil," meaning "without equal."	4 50	30 00
THE ORCHID. Light rosy lavender, a soft tint that goes well with the new form of the flowers. Upper petal bends very low; side petals ruffled, widely extended and slightly raised, very long lower petal, forming a particularly graceful floret. 1 50	15 00	100 00
VEILCHENBLAU. Color of the wood-violet shading darker into pansy-blue. Nice, wide-open flowers on good, strong spike 1 00	10 00	75 00





Gladiolus, Standard Varieties

Alphabetical list of Standard Varieties (including Gandavensis and Primulinus Types). Top-size bulbs.

Varieties marked thus (*) may be supplied in early summer for late flowering outdoors, or for greenhouse culture, from cold storage, without extra charge for this service.

doors, or for greenhouse current, from cold storage, without extra e	marg	c 101 till3	SCI VICC.
Alice Tiplady. Rich orange on three large outside petals, lower inside petals slightly lighter. Most popular orange Primu-		100	1,000
linus. Medium early; forces splendidly\$) 75	\$5 00	\$45 00
*America. The color is a soft lavender-pink, shading a bit lighter toward the center, with just a few light carmine lines half-way in the throat. Flowers of beautiful open form	75	4 50	40 00
Anna Eberius. Fine rhodamine-purple, with dark amaranth-			
1 , 1 , 5	1 25	7 00	65 00
*Baron Joseph Hulot. Rich, deep indigo-blue, narrow yellow pencil-stripe on lower petals	1 50	9 00	80 00
Byron L. Smith. Pure lavender-pink, with much paler center.		2 00	00 00
Exquisite as a garden flower	1 50	9 00	80 00
Capt. Boynton. Soft lavender over white ground and clear-cut			
purple blotches. Four to six broad-petaled flowers open on tall spikes carrying up to eighteen buds	2 50	15 00	
Dorothy Wheeler. Petalage of heavy texture. Considered the	1 00	5 50	50 00
very best salmon-rose Primulinus grandiflora Duchess of York. A rich blue-purple with velvety sheen, lighter	1 00	9 90	JU 00
toward the center, amaranth plume on lower petals. A			
wonderful vase- and basket-flower	1 75	11 00	100 00
*E. J. Shaylor. Ruffled rose-pink blooms of vivid hue. An all-			
round Gladiolus for cut-flower purposes, with florets close			
to the spike and many open. Buds develop nicely in water to the end	1 00	6 00	55 00
Elizabeth Tabor. A good pink with prominent carmine blotch.	. 00	0 00	,,
Individual flowers very beautiful, and set on good, slender			
stem	1 25	7 00	65 00
Empress of India. Very good dark maroon. Splendid, America-type flowers on good spike	1 50	9 00	80 00
Evelyn Kirtland. Lovely rose-pink over La-France-pink, lower petals bearing a richly figured soft red blotch. A variety			
of great decorative charm and exquisite loveliness	1 00	6 00	55 00
Gold. It is yellow, not golden yellow, but a very good color just			
the same; throat of a deeper yellow, the entire flower being	1 50	0.00	90.00
1	1 50	9 00	80 00
Golden Measure. Light maize-yellow, large, wide-open flowers. Plant and spike of gigantic stature. When well grown the			
size of its flowers and the length and strength of the stem			
are amazing, a beauty that fears no challenge on size	1 50	9 00	80 00
*Halley. Good salmon-pink. Has outlived the usual time			
allotted to a Gladiolus variety, but still used by the million for garden planting. Very reliable in every respect	75	4 50	40 00
Herada. Pure glistening mauve. A massive, straight spike	10	1 00	20 00
carrying large flowers, always correctly placed. Rather			
late but after the long parade of beautiful "Glads" that			
bloom earlier the refreshing mauve of its broad-petaled flowers rekindles our admiration	00	6 00	55 00
Illuminator. Brilliant carmine-red, self-colored, except for	. 00	5 00	
slightly darker shading or blotch on lower petalage; superb			
as to size, length, sturdiness, and placement	5 00	40 00	





GLADIOLUS, STANDARD VARIETIES, conti	nued		
Joerg's White. Lower petals shaded creamy yellow, with narrow feather of soft carmine, all other parts of the enormous		100	1,000
flowers are pure white. Truly a giant in size of spike, flowers and foliage	8 00	\$60 0	0
*Le Marechal Foch. Apple-blossom-pink, with rosy carmine center. Flowers of huge size. As early as Halley. Vigorous stock	75	4 5	0 \$40 00
L'Immaculee. Very good garden variety. Broad spike of white			
flowers set nicely in two rows. *Los Angeles. Shrimp-pink with orange-carmine throat. Distinct and elegant.	1 25	7 0	
tinct and elegant	>	, 0	0 00 00
Considered the best of all early Primulinus	1 25	7 0	0 65 00
Upper part of stem and bud husks very pale green, nearly white* *Ming Toy. Fine, large-flowered Primulinus grandiflora of a	1 00	6 0	0 55 00
rare buff shade with yellow throat. The tall spike is superbly poised and the intriguing color adds much to the	2 50	15.0	.0
gaiety of gardens	<i>2 9</i> 0	15 0	U
form of flowers very artistic	1 25	7 0	0 65 00
crimson blotch. Flowers large, slightly ruffled Mrs. Francis King. Scarlet, crimson blotch. Vigorous stock for	2 00	12 0	
*Mrs. F. Pendleton. Bright rose with crimson-scarlet blotches on lower petals. Although of a loud color, it is in very great	75	4 5	0 40 00
demand everywhere. Splendid stalk; good producer under	75	4 5	0 40 00
Mrs. Leon Douglas. We believe this variety sells itself solely on account of the size of its leaves, spike, and flowers. It is an imposing introduction on that score alone, never fail-			
ing to draw a crowd. Begonia-rose, with flecks of flame-scarlet, lower petal tinted lemon, with specks of ruby-red	2 00	12 0	00
*Odin. Rich salmon-pink with orange shading—a warm, attractive color accentuated by the soft carmine spear on the lower petals. Flowers very large, opening readily in perfect			
order on the plant or when cut. Early* *Orange Glory. Peach-red with orange, throat lighter with	1 00) 60	00 55 00
small carmine blotch; beautifully ruffled. Excellent show variety	1 25	8 0	0 75 00
copper-orange, producing a very attractive new tint. Medium early. Good for cutting outdoors	2 50) 15 (00
*Panama. Large, open, deep rose flowers, deeper rose-pink stripe on lower petals. Placement fine and many open. Late	1 25		
*Peace. White, with conspicuous lilac spear; very tall and late Prince of Wales. Pink, suffused with salmon-orange. Early.	75 75		
Extra good forcing variety	72	נ פ	0 00 00
in the throat with ruby-red speckles	1 50	90	00 80 00
blemishes, the lower petal carries a thin, sharp ruby-colored spear. A clean-looking, regal flower, all its large florets spaced perfectly and facing forward	1 00	60	0 55 00
*Souvenir. One of the best pure yellow Primulinus. Bold-shaped flower of splendid substance. Excellent for forcing.			
-			





GLADIOLUS, Standard Varieties, continued

*Virginia. This is the same as Scarlet Princeps, its original Doz. name. Beautiful, massive red blooms set close to the spike	100	1,000
in and Deauthur, massive red blooms set close to the spike		
in double rows\$1 00	\$5 50	\$50 00
*War. Blood-red, shaded crimson. Late	5 00	45 00
White Glory. White shaded cream, blue line on lower segments;		
heavily ruffled; compact spike	9 00	80 00
Yellow Hammer. Soft yellow with small red marks in throat;		
rather dwarf	6 50	60 00

Gladiolus Mixtures

Extra-selected Bulbs

Groff's Primulinus Hybrids. Graceful; colors range from sul- Doz. phur-yellow to chrome-yellow, orange to cream and pink\$0.75	100 \$4,00	1,000 \$37, 50
Exhibition Mixture of Primulinus Hybrids. Extra-large, se-	₩4 00	ψ37)0
lected bulbs	7 50	70 00
Hunt's Perfection Gandavensis Hybrids. Composed of fine		
sorts in all colors	3 75	35 00

Lily-of-the-Valley

Our Lily-of-the-Valley pips are imported direct from one of Germany's finest raisers, and are unexcelled for their quality; extra-large bells, long, strong spikes, and handsome foliage. Especially selected for exhibition.

Extra-strong Berlin pips, for forcing, from cold storage, \$18 per case of 250, \$70 per 1,000.

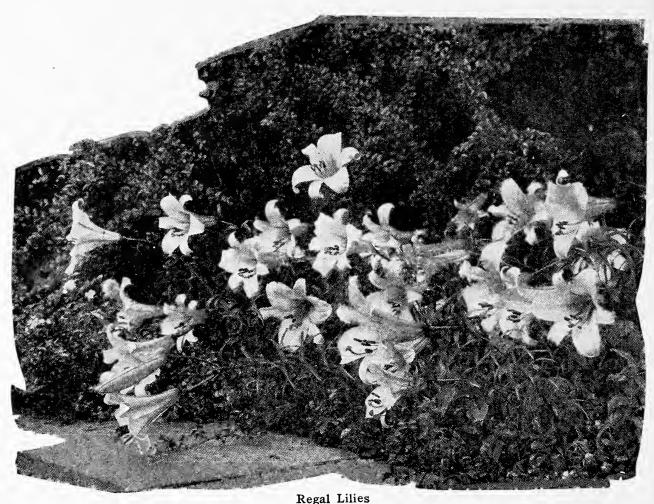
Extra-strong clumps, for outside planting. 60 cts. each, \$6.50 per doz., \$50 per 100.

Eucharis amazonica

The well-known White Eucharis Lily. Excellent as a greenhouse plant; will not thrive outdoors. \$10 per doz., \$75 per 100.



Border of Gladiolus



Garden Lilies

INCE the beginning of gardens, Lilies have been prized among the choicest plants. The family is so large, so diversified in shape and color of the flowers, so varied in their habit of growth, that truly Lilies may be chosen for any situation, and to

accommodate any mood of the gardener.

More than any other flower, perhaps, the Lilies are traditional. They have changed little or not at all in all the centuries they have dwelt within our gardens. Unlike the Rose which has been the jolly, adaptable companion of men and children since the playtime of the world, the Lilies have kept aloof in austere reserve, wrapped in an immutable conservatism that is in itself a fascinating thing.

In these days of hectic color, irregular and broken forms, it is a comfort and a stabilizing influence to turn again to the cool and classical beauty of the ancient, unchangeable Lilies, renewing the feeling of faith in the security of things that is so necessary to full and perfect living.





LILIES, continued

Lilium auratum. The Golden-banded Lily of Japan. It grows 4 to 8 feet high, bearing clusters of enormous white, waxen, widespread flowers 8 to 10 inches across. Each petal is peppered with numerous dark red dots and has a band of golden yellow down the center. Fragrance is strong and very pleasant, pervading the garden in the evening. The top of the stem must be in the sunlight all day; but the base should be buried in a deep mulch, or shaded by other plants. It is stem-rooting and should be planted 8 to 12 inches deep, depending upon the size of the bulb. It blooms in July and early August.

Each Doz. \$7 50 6 00 3 50 <u>7</u>5 45 00 27 50

bulbs, \$1 each; \$10 per doz.; \$75 per 100.

Lilium auratum rubro-vittatum. The Red-banded Auratum. \$2.75 each; \$25 per doz. Lilium Batemanniæ. The cup-shaped flowers are soft, pinkish apricot. They come in clusters of two or three, held erect upon a stem about 3 feet high. It is a stem-rooting Lily and should be planted deeply in a location where the tops may reach the sunlight.

Blooms in July and August. Strong bulbs, 50 cts. each; \$4 per doz.; \$30 per 100.

Lilium Browni. Its flowers are very large, nearly 10 inches long, of waxy texture, and very fragrant. The outside of the trumpet is stained with brown and purple. Usually the flowers are borne singly on top of 3 to 4-foot stems but occasionally in clusters of two or four. It is one of the most beautiful Lilies. As it is stem-rooting it should be planted deep. \$1.25 each; \$12.50 per doz.

Lilium canadense. This is the wild Meadow Lily of eastern United States. It grows 5 to 8 feet high, bearing several drooping, bell-like, orange flowers spotted brown, which sometimes vary to light yellow and to bright red. It is stem-rooting and should be planted very deep. It flowers in June and July. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.; \$20 per 100. Lilium concolor. Star-shaped flowers of deep crimson, dark spotted. \$5.50 per doz.;

\$40 per 100.

Lilium coridion. Deep yellow, with dark spots. \$5.50 per doz.; \$40 per 100. Lilium croceum. A very showy, orange-red Lily, 3 to 5 feet high, bearing clusters of

erect, cup-like flowers. While it should be planted deep, the bulb should be well drained. Blooms in June. \$1 each; \$7.50 per doz.; \$55 per 100.

Lilium dauricum (dahuricum). The plants grow about 3 feet tall and are surmounted by clusters of vivid scarlet-orange flowers. It blooms in June. One of the easiest to grow. It multiplies rapidly; plant shallow because it roots from the base of the bulb only. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.; \$20 per 100.

Lilium elegans. Much like Dauricum in appearance, but of a wider range of color, caping in many chadge of red aprient wellow and orange. Easy of cultivation. Plant

coming in many shades of red, apricot, yellow, and orange. Easy of cultivation. Plant deep. Blooms in June. 30 cts. each; \$3 per doz.; \$20 per 100.

Lilium elegans, Alice Wilson. Lemon-yellow, dark center. \$5 per doz.; \$40 per 100. Lilium elegans, Leonard Joerg. Apricot, with dark spots. \$4 per doz.; \$30 per 100. Lilium Hansoni. Erect, stout plants, 3 feet or more high, with clusters of nodding, recurved flowers of yellow and orange. The blooms are very thick and look as if they were carved from wood or stiff wax. It blooms very early, usually in June. 75 cts. each; \$8 per doz.; \$60 per 100.

Lilium Henryi. Under proper conditions it will grow 8 to 10 feet high and bear enor-

mous panicles of soft yellow, reflexed, slightly fragrant blooms, with a deep, vivid green crease at the base of each petal. It is very easy to grow, requiring fairly deep planting, a light ground-cover; good drainage is essential. Blooms in August. 75 cts. each; \$8

per doz.; \$60 per 100.

Lilium japonicum Krameri. Soft pink flowers, very fragrant. \$7.50 per doz.; \$55 per 100.

Lilium leichtlini. Yellow, with purple spots. \$7.50 per doz.; \$55 per 100.

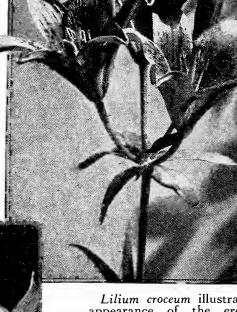
Lilium leichtlini, Red. \$7.50 per doz.; \$55 per 100.

Lilium medeoloides. Scarlet, with apricot shadings. \$5.50 per doz.; \$40 per 100.

Lilium pardalinum. The Leopard Lily. Very beautiful, bright red-orange flowers, marked with showy brown spots. It likes moist ground, partial shade, and a particularly heavy mulch or under-cover. Grows 3 to 5 feet high, is bulb-rooting only, and should not be deeply planted; blooms in July. 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per doz.; \$25 per 100.



Lilium superbum is the type of the reflexed or Turk's-Cap Lilies. Most of them are red or orange and variously spotted. L. pardalinum, L. tigrinum, and L. bansoni belong in this group.



Lilium croceum illustrates the appearance of the erect, or chalice-flowered Lilies. These are chiefly yellow, red, and orange. L. Batemanniæ, L. daburicum, L. elegans, and L. Wallacei represent this section.

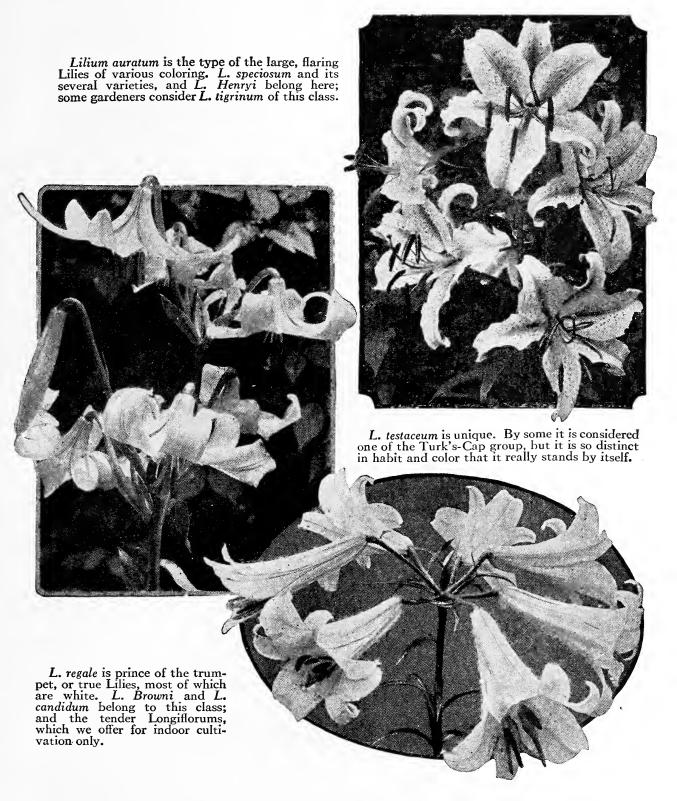
Lilium canadense is one of the nodding, or Bell-flowered Lilies; these, too, are chiefly red, yellow, orange, and spotted. L. Willmottiæ is a member of this group in color and shape of flower.

The culture of Lilies in the garden has been revived to a tremendous extent lately. Thousands of bulbs are planted now where there used to be few or none. This is largely due to the ease with which certain new kinds are known to flourish, and because of increased knowledge of how to care for the older varieties.

Practically all Lilies are true species or wild plants. In nature, they grow in the spots to which they have adapted themselves by centuries of conflict with their environment and other plants. This specialization is so thorough that they cannot readily adjust themselves to the artificial conditions of the ordinary garden. Consequently, either the garden must contain places suitable for them, or such places must be provided.

There is no trouble in growing Lilies if the conditions are right. Success depends absolutely upon selecting varieties to which the garden is naturally adapted by climate, soil and exposure; and by reproducing in the garden the conditions under which they thrive in the wild. When the right Lilies are found, and when they have been made comfortably at home in the garden, they require no further attention of any kind, and, as a rule, they seriously resent interference.

While all Lilies cannot be expected to flourish equally in every garden, almost all of them produce a magnificent display of bloom the first season after planting. This display fully justifies the expense of buying new bulbs of certain kinds every year; at least, until by repeated trials in different places and under different treatments, they can be happily established.



All Lilies have two requirements in common. The first is good drainage. Even those that grow naturally in damp ground or swamps are found settled upon hummocks, or perched upon a buried stone, which leads water away from the bulb. The second requirement is a mulch of either living plants or accumulated twigs and fallen herbage.

Almost all Lilies demand full sunlight to perfect their flowers. This means that the tops must rise above the plants or mulch which shade the lower part of their stems. There are a

few varieties which endure complete shade.

Almost all of them want clean, sweet soil, and do not thrive in ground which has been limed, or in places where peat has been added to create an acid condition. Nevertheless, if other conditions are right, Lilies are reasonably tolerant of the type of soil.

One group of Lilies forms roots only at the base of the bulb. Species of this type should

be planted quite shallow, with only an inch or so of soil over the bulbs. The other Lilies form two sets of roots; those at the base of the bulb and another set along the stem above it. Bulbs of these Lilies must be planted 8 to 12 inches down to provide soil for the upper roots to forage in.

No manure should be put into a Lily-bed, or on top of the ground about them. The soft





LILIES, continued

Lilium regale. Royal Lily. This is the most easily grown of the white trumpet Lilies, and one of the handsomest. The flowers are enormous, glorious waxy white, suffused with yellow in the throat, and have bright yellow centers and the outside marked with dull purple. Its blooms are produced in clusters of two to a dozen or more and are deliciously fragrant. The plants are very wiry and slender, and should be grown in such a way that they may lean forward toward the sun; along the top of a wall or in rock clefts are the best places. \$1 each; \$10 per doz.; \$75 per 100.

Lilium rubellum. Rose-pink, with yellow anthers. \$7.50 per doz.; \$55 per 100.

Lilium speciosum album. Very delicately beautiful pure white form of Speciosum. It is a little dwarfer, as a rule, than the pink variety, and blooms somewhat later. It requires the same attention, but seems to demand full sunlight for it languishes in shade.

Each \$55 00 35 00

the same treatment. In this variety the petals are almost solid dark crimson-pink.

Each Doz. \$8 00 6 00 \$60 00 45 00 . . \$1 00 75 50

Lilium speciosum rubrum. The Showy Lily. Very handsome white flowers thickly powdered with vivid rose dots and slightly flushed with pink. It is delicately fragrant. This is also of the stem-rooting type and requires deep planting and a ground-cover. It will also withstand partial shade, but is better if the tops have full sunlight. The plants grow 3 to 4 feet high and flower in August and September. A fairly easy Lily to grow and very lovely.

6 00 3 50 45 00

Lilium superbum. American Turk's-Cap Lily. This is a very handsome tall-growing Lily somewhat like Canadense. The flowers are more sharply recurved, brighter, larger, and there are more of them. It is base-rooting only and should be planted quite shallow. A heavy mulch or ground-cover is advisable. It usually blooms in July and August. 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per doz.; \$25 per 100.

Lilium tenuifolium. Coral Lily. Drooping, rich scarlet flowers. \$3.50 per doz.;

\$25 per 100.

Lilium testaceum. The Nankeen Lily. Unique in the Lily family for the peculiar, pale buff-cream color of its nodding, bell-shaped flowers. It grows 4 to 5 feet tall and blooms in June and July. As it is base-rooting only, it should be planted quite shallow. It wants full sunlight, with a light under-cover. Very scarce and highly prized. \$3 each; \$30 per doz.

Lilium tigrinum splendens. The Tiger Lily. Extremely showy and very easily grown, producing immense quantities of brilliant orange-red flowers, elegantly spotted with brownish black. Full sun suits it perfectly, and it should be planted quite deep. Grows to 3 to 4 feet or more; blooms in August. 30 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.; \$20 per 100.

Lilium tigrinum flore-pleno. A double form of the Tiger Lily and even more showy. Requires the same treatment. 35 cts. each; \$3.50 per doz.; \$25 per 100.

Lilium Wallacei. Dwarf variety growing about 2½ feet tall, rather similar to some forms of Elegans, with erect, rosy apricot flowers in clusters. Blooms in August, and requires about the same treatment as Elegans. \$1 each; \$7.50 per doz.

Lilium Willmottiæ. Bell-like bright flowers, orange spotted brown, borne in a large cluster on top of a 3 or 4-foot stem. The bulb should be deeply planted. Blooms in July. \$1.75 each; \$18 per doz.

Cold Storage Lilies for Forcing









The same soil and care which produce good cabbage or potatoes will produce good Roses; but usually Hybrid Tea Roses are expected to be ornaments in the garden as well as to produce cut-flowers. Therefore they cannot always be grown as potatoes are grown but must be planted in regular beds and given special care.

The beds ought not to be more than 4 feet wide, and the soil should be rich. Avoid making the ground loose or spongy. The stiffer and harder the soil in the lower layers of the bed the better Roses grow. Old sods, greasy decayed cow manure, bone-meal, and commercial dried sheep manure are good fertilizers. Keep the surface of the Rose-beds well cultivated.

Plant Hybrid Tea Roses 1½ feet apart. More vigorous types need more space. Set the "bud" or "graft" at least 1 inch beneath the surface. Spread out the fine roots carefully and tamp the soil firmly about them. It is sometimes well to tread the soil hard about the roots. Loose planting is fatal.

Roses must be pruned when planted, and every spring afterward. Remove weak and dead wood, and shorten the new growths to 6 inches or less, remembering that dwarf, slender-growing Roses must be cut back harder than strong ones. Climbing Roses ought not be cut in the spring except to take out dead wood, but in July, when they have finished flowering, remove the old canes and train up new vigorous shoots from the roots for next year's bloom.

The green plant-lice which attack the tips and buds of Roses in spring and fall may be destroyed by a nicotine spray such as "Black-Leaf 40." Hand picking is best for rosebugs, although some people report that Melrosine is effective. Black-spot and mildew may be prevented by bordeaux mixture or the sulphur-arsenate dust recommended by The American Rose Society. This dust is composed of nine parts dusting sulphur and one part powdered arsenate of lead. It is applied by beating a thin bag of it among the bushes, or with a dust-gun. Dust when the air is still, so it will float underneath the leaves as well as on top.

Protect for winter by drawing the earth 6 inches high about them and cover the tops with leaves or other litter. Remove the protection gradually when freezing weather is past.



Hunt's PERFECTION Plants



Hybrid Tea or Everblooming Roses

Extra-strong field-grown plants, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.; 3 Roses in one variety for \$2.50, postpaid. April delivery

Betty. Extra-large flowers, full and fragrant, of a peculiar shade of coppery rose, overspread with golden yellow. Vigorous plant.

Chateau de Clos Vougeot. An indispensable Rose in any garden by reason of its deep, soft, velvety scarlet flowers of the utmost richness and most notable fragrance.

Columbia. A different and splendid American Rose, the lively pink buds and blooms of which do not fade as they mature. Nearly thornless stems, freely produced on

strong plants.

Duchess of Wellington. Vigorous and free-flowering Rose. Its buds are slim and elegant, saffron-yellow, and opening to a loose and informal flower of great sweetness.

The planting crimson buds quickly open into a very double flower

Francis Scott Key. Its pleasing crimson buds quickly open into a very double flower of immense size and great beauty, lasting in perfection for days.

General MacArthur. Large, full, and well-shaped flowers of velvety scarlet, shading to bright crimson, and produced abundantly on strong-growing plants.

George C. Waud. Fine and fragrant globular flowers of bright and different red-crimson

on a vigorous plant that persists in blooming all summer. Unique in its color

Gruss an Teplitz. The one Rose that blooms all summer and autumn, defying drought and hot sun. Its glowing crimson flowers are in clusters on plants that may be grown into a wonderful hedge. Fine for planting in shrubbery border.

Harry Kirk. Probably the most dependable in its color, which is the much-desired clear yellow. The flowers are sweetly perfumed; plant remarkably vigorous and of freeflowering habit.

H. V. Machin. Very large flowers of the much-admired scarlet-crimson color, on sturdy and productive plants. Clear and bright red Roses are always pleasing.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Cherry-red and silvery pink in an immense bud and flower that

looks like an intensified La France. Unique; good fall bloomer; plants vigorous.

Killarney Queen. Remarkable for its very long and lovely deep pink buds, freely produced on a vigorous plant, and opening into broad blooms of informal beauty.

Much better than the original Killarney.

Lady Alice Stanley. Deep coral-rose on the outside of the broad petals, pale flesh on the inside, with well-shaped buds which develop into fragrant blooms, profusely borne on very vigorous plants.

Lady Ashtown. Pale crimson-pink, shading to golden yellow at the base of the petals.

Large, well-formed flowers; a profuse bloomer all season until frost.

Los Angeles. Awarded world's highest Rose honor at Paris in 1918. Color indescribable

-flame-pink, apricot, salmon, gold, mingled in an informal flower of notable fra-

grance; buds exquisite. Miss Cynthia Forde. On a tall and vigorous plant come many brilliant, rose-pink buds, opening into large flowers that show peculiarly pointed and edged petals; fragrant

and fine, and at the head of its class. Mme. Butterfly. Flowers are a brilliant pink, suffused apricot and gold, of good texture and fragrance, and are unusually enduring.

Mme. Caroline Testout. Broad petals of satiny rose make up the large, rounded flower, shaded darker at the center and lighter at the edges; vigorous bushes.

Mme. Edouard Herriot. Also called "The Daily Mail Rose." Its coral-red buds develop into flowers of the same hue, shaded yellow to scarlet—an extraordinary coloring. Mme. Jules Bouche. A most dependable white Rose, its lovely buds being tinted and

flushed pink at times. Plant has all good qualities and blooms well.

Mme. Leon Pain. Unusually large and full flowers, with ovoid buds of salmon, shaded to orange-salmon in a distinct and delightful combination. Plant vigorous and a good fall bloomer.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. A Rose of pleasing surprises because of its color variations, all based on its normal, deep Indian-yellow hue. Buds lovely, coming in profusion on

the strong plants.

Mrs. Ambrose Ricardo. Large blooms of fine substance, deep yellow overlaid with a lighter color and suffused in pink.

Mrs. Wakefield Christie-Miller. Great peony-like, open flowers of delightful clear rose and blush tints. It is top-notch in its color.





HYBRID TEA or EVERBLOOMING ROSES, continued

Ophelia. A standard with which to compare other Roses is this salmon-flesh-pink flower with its buds of peculiar elegance. Formerly only known as a greenhouse Rose, but found to do well in the garden.

Premier. Rich, dark pink flowers of full size, fine form, and pleasing fragrance, borne

singly on stiff, thornless stems rising from a vigorous and robust plant.

Radiance. Lovely, light silvery pink flowers, with beautiful suffusions of deeper color. The plant is upright, vigorous, and disease-resistant, and may be relied upon to produce abundant flowers under all conditions.

Red Radiance. Even better than the parent Radiance in habit, and a lovely deep red

color in its great, globular flowers.

Collection: 12 roses in 12 varieties, our selection, \$10, postpaid

Hybrid Perpetual or June Roses

These old-time Roses will give an abundance of bloom in June and grow much taller than the Everblooming Roses; for this reason they are mostly used for individual bushes, among shrubbery, or along fences. The hardiest of all Roses.

Extra-strong, field-grown plants, \$1 each, \$9 per doz. April delivery

Captain Christie. Plump and heavy buds with backward-curling petals including both light and dark pink colors.

Frau Karl Druschki. The most popular white Rose in America. Its pure snow-white, unshaded blooms are of immense size, sometimes reaching 6 inches in diameter.

Georg Arends. Well-shaped, delicate pink buds of pure, even color, opening into large and very beautiful flowers.

Magna Charta. Large flowers of rosy carmine, carrying heavy fragrance, and freely produced on vigorous plants.

Mrs. John Laing. Immense blooms of soft, clear pink; fragrant. Deservedly popular. Ulrich Brunner. Large flowers of light, clear red, tending toward scarlet.

Collection: 5 Hybrid Perpetual Roses in 5 varieties, our selection, \$4, postpaid

Everblooming Hybrid Teas

Strong, 2-year plants from pots, ready for delivery in May and later, 90 cts. each, \$10 per doz.

WHITE

Double White Killarney. Strong in growth; free flowering and very fragrant. Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. Soft, pearly white, shading to creamy yellow, very double and sweetly fragrant.

PINK AND BLENDED

Columbia. Lovely shade of peach-pink, deeper at the center. Very strong in growth; free and fragrant.

Killarney Brilliant. Color varying from bright pink to deep rosy carmine. Very free blooming and excellent for cutting.

Killarney Queen. Color sparkling cerise-pink, shading to lighter pink at base of petals; well-formed flowers; handsome when in full bloom.

Lady Alice Stanley. Deep coral-rose on outside, inside petals pale flesh. One of the best garden Roses.

Los Angeles. Flamed pink, toned with coral and shaded translucent gold at base of petals; exceedingly fragrant; very vigorous in growth.

Mme. Abel Chatenay. Carmine-rose, shaded salmon. Very hardy and satisfactory for

cutting or garden decoration.

Ophelia. Salmon-pink, shaded with rose; large, well-formed flowers, carried on long, stiff stems. One of the most popular Roses introduced in recent years.

Premier. Brilliant pink; very free; produces large flowers on erect, strong stems. Radiance. Flowers large and perfect in form. Carmine-salmon shade, mingled with rose, shading to a coppery yellow at base of petals.





HYBRID TEAS, YELLOW, ORANGE AND SALMON

Duchess of Wellington. Color intense saffron-yellow, becoming deep copper-yellow as flower expands. The flowers are of large size and splendid in form.

Golden Ophelia. Bright yellow, shading to pale yellow at edge of petals. Very fragrant and vigorous in growth. A new variety of great merit.

Lady Pirrie. Outside of petals coppery, reddish salmon-apricot-yellow flushed fawn and copper on the inside.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Deep Indian yellow, shading to primrose-yellow toward the edges of the petals. Very dainty, perfectly shaped buds and blooms.

Tea Roses

This class of Roses requires a good location somewhat sheltered.

Strong 2-year plants from pots, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Harry Kirk. Deep sulphur-yellow, passing to lighter shade at margin of petals. Robust grower.

Lady Hillingdon. Deep golden yellow. The finest of all yellow Roses. Maman Cochet. Beautiful rose-pink, outer petals splashed bright rose.

Molly Sharman-Crawford. Large, perfectly formed white flowers of excellent keeping qualities.

White Maman Cochet. A pure white sport of Maman Cochet, and similar to its parent excepting in color.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

Strong 2-year plants from pots, \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Captain Hayward. Bright carmine-crimson; large-petaled flowers opening well; fragrant and free.

Frau Karl Druschki. Pure white in color, perfect in form, and very free flowering. General Jacqueminot. This magnificent variety is known as the "Jack Rose. Flaming

scarlet.

George Dickson. Velvety black, shaded crimson, veined crimson-maroon; fragrant and of splendid substance and form.

Hugh Dickson. Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet; a magnificent Rose, free and fragrant. Margaret Dickson. White with pale flesh center; splendid form and substance. Growth very vigorous. Should be pruned lightly.

Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Large, full flowers, cup-shaped in form. Pale clear pink in color; very fragrant.

Mrs. John Laing. Color, beautiful soft pink, flowers very large, perfect in form, and exceedingly fragrant.

Ulrich Brunner. Cherry-red; flowers large, full, and of globular form.

Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses

Haidy Childing and Rambiel Roses		
Strong 1-year plants from 4½-inch pots for May delivery	Each	Doz.
American Pillar. Bears heavy trusses of pink flowers\$6	90	\$9 00
Climbing American Beauty. Produces rosy crimson flowers	90	9 00
Crimson Rambler. Double crimson flowers in great profusion	90	9 00
Dorothy Perkins. Bears beautiful clusters of pink blooms	90	9 00
Excelsa. The red Dorothy Perkins	90	9 00
Lady Gay. Cerise-pink; very attractive	90	9 00
Tausendschon. Delightful shade of soft pink	90	9 00
White Dorothy Perkins. Pure white	90	9 00
Baby Rambler Roses Strong plants from 4-inch pots for delivery May 1		
	-	0 00

Baby Elegance. Single; salmon-pink	70	8 00
Chin-Chow. Soft yellow; dwarf growth	70	8 00
Jessie. Bright cherry-red	70	8 00
Mrs. William Cutbush. Beautiful pink; very profuse bloomer	70	8 00
Perle d'Or. Nankeen-vellow	70	8 00
Yvonne Rabier. The best white	70	8 00





Greenhouse Roses of Recent Introductions

We are listing what we consider to be the most up-to-date varieties; other kinds not listed can be supplied at advertised prices. All Grafted Plants. Briarcliff. Large, perfect flowers of brilliant rose-pink color. Easy to grow Doz. 100 \$60 00 60 00 60 00 60 00 80 00 80 00 60 00 60 00 Premier Supreme. Large, double blooms of deep rose-pink, almost scarlet, on long stems. Vigorous grower and free bloomer. From 3-in. pots... 60 00 Rapture. Like Mme. Butterfly but bloom somewhat deeper pink, borne 55 00 Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. Perhaps the most popular yellow green-80 00 pink on yellow base. Vigorous grower; free bloomer. From 3-in. pots. 9 00 Templar. The color is an even shade of red which does not change as the 70 00 flower ages. Easy and productive to grow. From 3-in. pots........
Yellow Butterfly. Has all Mme. Butterfly's good qualities, differing only 55 00 80 00

Carnations. Rooted Cuttings

We offer the following rooted cuttings for delivery January, February, and later.

Per 100
Aviator Red
Betty Lou. Dark pink
Dandy. New rose-pink sport of
Morning Glow. This is a free
cropper, and a good shipper 17 50
Early Dawn. Yellow
Early Rose. (Dorner's.) Medium
light pink
Eldora. Variegated
Enchantress Supreme. Bright pink. 12 00
Golden Glow. Pure yellow 15 00
Johnson's Crimson
Laddie. Salmon-pink. True stock. 20 00
Maine Sunshine. Yellow 20 00
Matchless. White
North Star. Yellow
Pink Abundance. Bright pink 25 00
Pink Delight
Radiolite Scarlet
Royal Purple
Sceptre. Light salmon-pink 20 00
Senator. Very fine white 25 00
Spectrum. Deep red 12 00



Most of the above varieties can be supplied in 21/4-inch pots for March and April delivery, at market prices.





Hardy Herbaceous Perennials

Cultural Directions by T. H. Everett

These are indispensable in any garden, large or small. Given minimum care, they bloom with increasing beauty and splendor from year to year, and from a wise selection of varieties a continuous display of bloom may be had from spring until the ground freezes in the fall. Their forms and colors are so diverse that varieties can be found to suit all purposes. We have the stately, rich blue spires of the Delphinium, and the golden leaves of the Helenium, the tall-growing Artemesia, and the lowly Campanula carpatica; varieties for the border, varieties for the wild garden, varieties for massing in beds, and, of course, a host of invaluable subjects which must form the backbone of the summer cut-flower garden.

While a few hardy perennials succeed well in shade, the majority require an open situation. The most important point in successful culture is very thorough preparation of the soil before planting. This should consist of spading to a depth of 12 inches and incorporating a liberal amount of well-rotted manure and a dressing of bone-meal. Lime is valuable on land at all inclined to be sour, but it should not be applied at the same time as the manure. When farmyard manure is unobtainable, shredded cattle-

manure is an excellent substitute.

Planting is best undertaken in spring or in the period from mid-September to November. When arranging a border not less than three, and preferably five or more plants of a kind should be used to form a group. Arrange the groups so that in the main the taller-growing subjects are toward the back, but break any stereotyped effect by occasionally allowing a clump of taller stature to come to the front and lower growing kinds to recess to the rear. Plant firmly and allow ample space (according to variety)

for development.

Routine work amongst hardy herbaceous perennials consists of frequent cultivation during the growing season and watering only during period of drought, staking and tying as may be required, and the removal of faded flowers. After killing frosts the dead tops may be cleared away, and when the ground has frozen hard, cover with a light mulch of salt hay, litter, peat-moss, leaves or similar material. Fork in a dressing of manure and bone-meal each spring. Pulverized Sheep-Manure is excellent for this purpose. Most herbaceous plants benefit by being lifted and replanted every third year.

We offer the following list of hardy perennial plants. Varieties marked with an asterisk (*) are potted plants; all others are extra-strong, field-grown roots. Spring and

fall delivery.

ACHILLEA Ptarmica, Boule de Neige. Ball of Snow. An improvement on The Doz.
Pearl with fuller and more perfect flowers. 1½ ft. June-September\$3 00
ACONITUM napellus. Monkshood. Deep blue flowers. 4 to 5 ft. In autumn 4 75
*ALYSSUM saxatile compactum. Rock Madwort; Golden Tuft. Large, compact
masses of yellow flowers in early spring; excellent for rockery. Very attrac-
tive and showy. 1 ft. April, May
ANCHUSA italica, Dropmore. Alkanet. A great improvement on the type, with
large, gentian-blue flowers. If not allowed to go to seed, will bloom contin-
uously from June to September. 4 to 5 feet
*ANEMONE japonica alba. Pure white showing yellow anthers
*japonica, Queen Charlotte. A strong grower, producing large, semi-double
pink flowers
ANTHEMIS tinctoria Kelwayi. Golden Marguerite. Flowers rich yellow; fine for cutting. A very popular sort and largely planted. 2 ft. June-October 3 00
AQUILEGIA, Barr's Large Hybrids. Hardy. Excellent strain of large and long-
spurred flowers, containing an exquisite variety of colors, ranging from pure white and blush to scarlet and from pale and dark blues to primrose and
rich yellows
cærulea. Rocky Mountain Columbine. Large, blue-and-white, long-spurred
flowers. 1½ ft
chrysantna. Golden-spurred Columbine. Numerous, very showy, fragrant,
yellow flowers 2 to 3 inches across. A fine variety
Mrs. Scott Elliott's Long-spurred Hybrids. We have a magnificent strain of
these choice Columbines in many new and beautiful shades. Assorted colors
only 5 00





HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS, continued

*ARABIS alpina. Rock Cress. Adapted for rock-gardens and borders; pure white flowers in April and May. 5 in	D(oz.
ARTEMISIA lactiflora. An excellent hardy border plant, producing large, branch-	ų.	UU
ing panicles of sweetly scented, creamy white flowers. 3 to 4 ft. Aug., Sept	2	50
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. Butterfly Weed. A remarkably showy plant with several erect umbels of bright orange flowers. 2 ft. July, August	2	50
*ASPERULA odorata. Sweet Woodruff; Waldmeister. A sweet-scented herb;		
when dried, used in flavoring wine; flowers white. 6 to 8 in. May, June	3	00
ASTER delicata. Double lilac flowers. August-October	3	00
Blue Gem. Semi-double, dark blue flowers. 4 ft. August-October		
Cloudy Blue. Fine pale blue, semi-double flowers. 4 ft. August-October Well's White. Large white flowers. 4 ft. August, September	3	00
*AUBRIETIA deltoidea. False Wall Cress. Fine for rockeries; dark violet. 6 in.		
BELLIS perennis. English Daisy. An old-fashioned plant, but always inter-		
esting; white and pink flowers. 5 in. May, June	2	00
*CAMPANULA carpatica. Harebell. Flowers large, erect, light blue. 5 to 7 in.		
July, August	3	50
*glomerata. Forms a dense tuft of dark green foliage, covered with globular,	_	
dark blue flowers. 1½ it. June. July	5	00
Medium. Canterbury Bells. An old favorite. Blue, Rose, or White. 2 ft. June. Medium calycanthema. Cup-and-Saucer Canterbury Bell. In Blue, Lilac,	2	50
Rose and White	2	50
Rose, and Whitepersicifolia. Peach-leaved Bellflower. Large, cup-shaped, blue flowers. 2 ft.	_	70
June, July		00
persicifolia alba grandiflora. A white variety of the above	4	00
pyramidalis. Steeple Bellflower. Long spikes, covered with blue flowers.	2	ΛΛ
4 to 5 ft. August, Septemberpyramidalis alba. A white form of the above		00
CENTAUREA montana. Perennial Cornflower. Large flowers, resembling the	,	00
cornflowers. 2 ft. June–September	3	00
montana alba. A fine white form of the above	3	00
*CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snow-in-Summer. Bright silvery foliage, with white		
flowers; suitable for the rockery or planting in dry, sunny places. 6 in. May	3	00
COREOPSIS lanceolata. Begins to flower early in June and continues one mass		
of golden yellow until killed back by frost. Flowers are borne on long,	_	50
graceful stems, making them invaluable for cutting. 2 ft. June-October		50
DIANTHUS barbatus, Newport Pink. A distinct variety in this favorite flower,	2	50
being a salmon-rose-pink. Barbatus, Scarlet Beauty. Rich deep scarlet flowers with bright green foliage	3	50 50
Barbatus, Double. Assorted colors. 2 ft	2	50
DIGITALIS purpurea gloxiniæflora. Gloxinia-flowered Foxglove. Flowers	_	
spotted, Rose, Purple, White, each color separate or assorted. 2 to 3 ft.		
June. July		50
*DORONICUM caucasicum. Leopard's Bane. Has large, yellow, Marguerite-like	6	00
flowers, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches across. May, June	U	VV
GAILLARDIA grandiflora. Blanket-flower. Orange and red. 1½ ft. May-November	3	00
GYPSOPHILA paniculata. Baby's Breath. Masses of minute, pure white flowers.	J	00
For cutting it is exquisite, especially in combination with high-colored flow-		
ers. 2 to 3 ft. June. July	3	00
ers. 2 to 3 ft. June, Julypaniculata flore-pleno. A light and graceful cut-flower, compatible with all		
others, no matter of what shape or color; masses of minute double white	7	50
flowers. (We guarantee all plants sold to be double and grafted)	/	20
*HELENIUM autumnale, Riverton Beauty. Rich lemon-yellow flowers, with	3	50
large purplish black cone. 5 ft. August, September* *autumnale, Riverton Gem. Yellow, changing to red. A splendid cut-flower on	J	70
a long stem. 5 ft. August, September	3	50





HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS, continued

·		
LUPINUS polyphyllus, Downer's Hybrids. Lupine. Deep blue, pea-shaped flowers on long stems. 4 to 5 ft. June, July	Do 34	00
rose, pea-shaped flowers a foot long, on stems 3 feet long. June, July	4	00
	3	00
MERTENSIA virginica. Bluebell. Flowers blue, funnel-formed, in nodding clusters. Should not be disturbed when once planted. 1½ ft. May, June	2	00
MONARDA didyma. Oswego Tea. Compact heads of bright red flowers. 3 ft.		
June-August*MYOSOTIS alpestris robusta grandiflora. Forget-me-not. A dwarf and compact	3	00
variety; flowers pale blue. 8 in. May, June	2	50
PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Japanese Spurge. A trailing plant 6 to 8 inches high, forming broad mats of bright glossy green foliage and producing small		
spikes of flowers during May and June. A ground-cover, which will grow in all shady situations. Strong, field-grown plants, 2-year\$15 per 100	2	50
PHLOX, Bridesmaid. Tall white flowers with large, rose-crimson center Elizabeth Campbell. Very large spikes, with flowers of distinct light salmon,	3	00
changing to pink in center		00
Fire Glow. Brilliant orange-scarlet, with darker center; large trusses		00
		00 50
subulata. Moss Pink. Low-spreading stems and narrow, moss-like leaves:	J	70
flowers in wonderful profusion. 3 to 6 in. April, May	3	50
suffruticosa, Miss Lingard. Flowers pure white, with pale pink center; flower	3	50
PLATYCODON grandiflorum. Balloon Flower. An old-time favorite, forming		
a dense, branching plant of upright habit; flower 3 inches across, blue or	2	00
	3	00
	Э	UU
*PRIMULA acaulis (vulgaris). Common English Primrose. One of the earliest spring flowers; bright lemon-yellow and fragrant. 6 to 9 in. April, May	4	00
*japonica. Whorls of large purple-crimson flowers in June. 9 in	4	00
SCABIOSA caucasica. Pin-cushion Flower. Handsome, hardy plant, and one		
which should be grown by everyone; beautiful, soft lilac flowers; vigorous	4	00
japonica. A variety from Japan, with clear blue flowers 1 to 1½ inches in		
1	3	00
,	2	50
*THALICTRUM dipterocarpum. One of the handsomest Thalictrums, with		
graceful flowers on stems 4 feet high; rosy purple with citron-yellow anthers. August, September	3	50
TROLLIUS, Orange Globe. A profuse bloomer, of robust growth; large orange	6	00
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	O	00
- and adapt of the state of the	3	00
VERONICA incana. Silvery gray foliage and spikes of violet-blue flowers. 1 ft.	3	00
July, August	5	00
to bloom until late fall. 2 ft. August, September	3	00
VIOLA cornuta, G. Wermig. Large blue flowers, produced in great numbers	2	00
daring the chine bullined	3	00
VIOLET, Jersey Gem. Rich royal purple blossoms from spring until frost. Most desirable both in the garden and for cut-flowers	4	50
	_	00





Hardy Alpines or Rock Plants

EXTRA-STRONG PLANTS

Delightful little plants suitable for crevices in pavements, or steps, and relied upon to furnish the more elaborate rock gardens. Because of their hardiness and dwarf growth they are also very satisfactory for edging flower beds and borders.

ARABIS alpina nana compacta. Dwarfest variety. \$5 per doz.

ARENARIA montana. Creeping variety forming mounds of green, covered in early spring with large white flowers. \$5 per doz.

AUBRIETIA deltoidea græca. Lilac-blue. \$7 per doz. deltoidea purpurea. Sheets of rich purplish blue bloom. \$6 per doz.

CAMPANULA rotundifolia. Delicate blue. 8 to 10 inches. \$7 per doz.

DIANTHUS alpinus. Lovely Alpine Pink that thrives in partial shade. Profuse bright rose blooms in profusion. Dwarf. \$12 per doz.

DRABA aizoides. Beautiful rosettes of hairy leaves. Bright yellow flowers in spring. 2 inches. \$10 per doz.

ERINUS alpinus. Purple flowers in racemes. 6 inches. \$7 per doz.

GYPSOPHILA repens. Trailing plant for rockery or wall-garden. Delicate small flowers in July and August. \$5 per doz.

IBERIS sempervirens. Pure white flowers in June. Glaucous blue foliage. 6 inches. \$5 per doz.

LEONTOPODIUM alpinum (Edelweiss). Woolly flower-heads on 6-inch stalks rise from a loose tuft of narrow gray leaves in June. \$5 per doz.

LINARIA alpina. One of the loveliest rock plants, bearing a profusion of rich violet flowers with orange throat, like a miniature snapdragon. Blooms continuously from frost to frost. 3 inches. \$7 per doz.

alpina rosea. Like the above, but bearing a profusion of pale pink blossoms. \$7 per doz.

MAZUS rugosus. Loose, trailing masses of blue and white flowers speckled with gold in the throat. Splendid for flagging and carpeting. \$7 per doz.

MENTHA Requieni. A minute carpeting plant from Corsica. Fine for a cool, damp position or in the crevices of the paved walk; delicately mint scented. 1 inch. \$8 per doz.

NIEREMBERGIA rivularis. A trailing alpine plant with cup-shaped, white flowers, gold lined. \$5 per doz.

SAXIFRAGA decipens grandiflora. Charming hybrids with countless flowers in many shades of white, rose, and crimson. \$13 per doz.

SEDUM acre. A dwarf grower, forming a thick carpet of green, moss-like foliage hidden by yellow flowers in June. \$5 per doz.

album. Small, succulent leaves which turn reddish brown in fall. White flowers in June and July. \$5 per doz.

Ibericum. Numerous deep rose flowers among dark green foliage. \$5 per doz.

kamtschaticum. Foliage deep green. Numerous yellow flowers in flat heads. 6 inches. \$5 per doz.

reflexum. Glaucous green leaves. Yellow blooms. 8 to 10 inches. \$5 per doz.

THYMUS serpyllum lanuginosus. Clouds of delicate purple flowers among carpets of woolly gray leaves. Lovely trailing habit. \$5 per doz.

VERONICA prostrata. Dwarf, close-growing species with sheets of brilliant blue blooms. \$8 per doz.

repens. Tiny blue flowers in early spring. A gem. \$6 per doz.







Standard

LANTANA FUCHSIA HELIOTROPE HIBISCUS

Graceful, tree-like plants, just formal enough to give dignity and Old-World charm to well-planned gardens. They are trained to one upright stem, upon which a rounded top is formed and from which the blooms sparkle at the level of the eye, relieving the monotony of uniformly level beds.

They come to you with splendid, well-formed heads, and need only occasional pinching to keep them in shape. Their general cultural requirements are the same as those of the usual forms of these plants. In cool climates these standards should be lifted at the approach of winter and stored like geraniums. Treated thus, they will gain in beauty and impressiveness from year to year.

We offer four varieties trained in this form.

LANTANA. Gay gold and orange flowers, always bright as sunshine. 1-yr. specimens, \$5 each; 2-yr., \$12 each; 3-yr., \$18 each; 4-yr., \$24 each.

FUCHSIA. Very graceful flowers produced in cascades of variously colored bells. Strong, 1-yr. plants from 8-in. pots, $3\frac{1}{2}$ -ft. stems, \$6 each.

HELIOTROPE. Fragrant, well-loved flowers of blue and lavender, with the genuine flavor of old-time gardens. Specimens with well-formed heads, from 7 and 8-in. pots, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. high, \$5 each.

HIBISCUS. Showy, brilliant flowers for tropical effects. Constantly in bloom. 1-yr. specimens, 3½ to 4 ft. high, \$5 each; 2-yr. specimens, 3½ to 4 ft. high, \$10 each.

Packing extra, at cost, in all cases

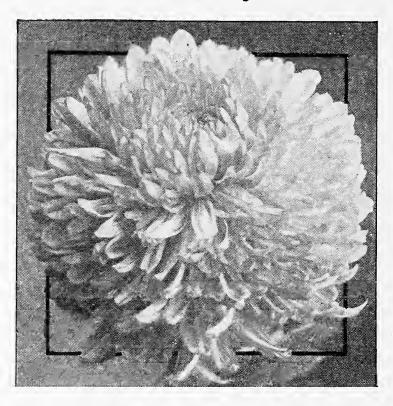
These standards are grown especially for us on the estate of E. T. Bedford, Esq., Greens Farms, Conn.; Mr. J. G. Brock, Supt.

Interested visitors are invited to call to see this stock.





New Chrysanthemums for 1930



Because of their extreme variability in type, season, and habit, Chrysanthemum novelties have a stronger appeal than most other greenhouse subjects. grower who sticks to the old tried and true varieties is missing a great opportunity for pleasure and success if he does not keep up with the progress of this marvelous flower. We are glad to offer a choice selection of the outstanding novelties of several Chrysanthemum specialists, and recommend them highly for greenhouse display, cutting, and exhibition.

- DOROTHY TURNER. A Pompon type with broad petals of rich old-gold, deepening to chestnut-bronze at the center, borne on rigid, wiry stems 30 inches long, in beautifully formed sheafs. The flowers are well spaced on the stem and are held erect. It is excellent for pot-culture and of ideal habit for growing on benches. Dorothy Turner won the Silver Cup of the Chrysanthemum Society of America when exhibited at the Annual Exhibition in Baltimore in 1927 as the best seedling Pompon. It is a late November-flowering variety, coming in perfectly for the Thanksgiving season, with the ideal holiday color.
- EARLY MONARCH. (Smith, 1929.) The largest white to mature by October 10. High, rounded flowers of pure glistening white, 8 inches in diameter. Select bud August 16 to 20. Height, 4 feet. C. S. A. Certificate.
- GOLDEN WAVE. (Smith, 1929.) Bloom decidedly incurved in form, brighter yellow than Richmond, 6 inches in diameter. Matures October 20. Excellent stem and foliage. Select bud about September 6. C. S. A. Certificate.
- HILDA H. BERGEN. One of the most useful commercial types of Chrysanthemums ever introduced. The color is a deep, rich mahogany-bronze, and every bud produces a perfect flower. Comes into bloom October 20.
- MOHAWK CHIEF. (Smith, 1929.) The latest crimson to date, its reflexed form showing this color to best advantage; 7½ inches in diameter. Matures the end of November into December. Buds selected October 1 and later for best color. Height, 3 feet. C. S. A. Certificate.
- PINK RELIANCE. (Smith, 1929.) An addition to the early pink section. The pinkish salmon, full, globular blooms mature October 7. Wonderful stem and foliage. Height, 3 feet. Select bud August 20. C. S. A. Certificate.
- TOM BROWN. (As best known by his friends in the trade.) (Smith, 1929.) A wonderful pure white that matures November 20 to 30. Blooms 8½ inches are not unusual, and as they closely surmount the foliage upon a very heavy stem, this variety qualifies as one of the best. Height, 4 feet. C. S. A. Certificate.
- Prices on all the above varieties: Rooted cuttings, \$3 per doz., \$22.50 per 100; from 21/4-in. pots, \$4 per doz., \$30 per 100







WATER-LILIES

Water-Lilies can be cultivated in the United States with greater success than anywhere else in the world. With minimum effort, their exquisite blooms can be had aplenty from early May until October. They can be grown in natural ponds or lakes, constructed ponds of formal or informal design, or even in half-barrels sunk in the ground. They require no weeding, no watering, no cultivation or staking, and they are practically free from attack by disease or pest. All they demand is an open, sunny position and attention to the details of planting, with the removal of faded blooms and leaves.

It is usually preferable to plant the hardy varieties in boxes the same as the tropical varieties. These boxes are best made of cypress and should contain at least a cubic foot of soil—two or three times that amount is better—especially for those of robust growth.

The soil must be rich, consisting of good top soil with the addition of sand, humus, cow-manure, and bone-meal. Plant firmly and cover the surface of the soil with three-quarters of an inch of sand to prevent the compost washing into the water. Hardy varieties may be planted during April or May; tropical varieties as soon as settled warm weather has arrived. Avoid checking the young plants by placing them in very cold water. The crown of the plant should be from 8 to 10 inches below the surface.





Day-Blooming Tropical Water-Lilies Each
Mrs. C. W. Ward. Deep rosy pink on long stems
bloom ages
Pulcherrima. Of a fine light blue with yellow center
Zanzibariensis rosea Various shades of rose
Night-Blooming Tender Nympheas
Note.—The following are supplied after June 1 in strong, growing pot plants, and should not be planted out until after the weather has become settled and warm. Place your order for these plants early, and we will reserve them until the proper planting season
Bissetti. Flowers 8 to 10 inches in diameter, cup-shaped, of a beautiful glowing Each
shade of rosy pink\$2 50
Dentata. White; 8 to 12 inches across
Devoniensis. Produces its large pure red flowers in the greatest abundance 1 25 Frank Trelease. The darkest colored of all tender Water-Lilies. Dark crimson 1 75
Rubra rosea. One of the best and largest rosy reds
Hardy Nympheas or Water-Lilies A select list of the most suitable varieties for all hardy water-garden purposes.
Ready April 15 to June 1.
Aurora. Soft rosy yellow on first day changing to deep red on third day\$3 00
Gladstoniana. Flowers pure dazzling white, cup-shaped, and very massive 1 75
Marliacea albida. Large, of sparkling whiteness; stamens light yellow. Fragrant 1 75 Marliacea carnea. Soft flesh-pink, deepening toward the base of the petals 1 75
Marliacea chromatella. Petals and stamens bright yellow; 4 to 6 inches across 2 50
Odorata. The native White Pond Lily. Very desirable for planting in quantity
in natural ponds for effect and for cut-flowers
Odorata rosea. Clear pink, very fragrant flowers 5 to 6 inches across
Odorata, W. B. Shaw. Large, fragrant flowers of a rich, clear rose-pink 1 75
Tuberosa Richardsoni. Flowers pure white and quite double. No variety in the Water-Garden is admired more than this immense snowball-like flower, 8 inches in diameter
Tuberosa rosea. Flowers an exquisite shade of pink. A vigorous grower, of the
easiest culture
Miscellaneous Aquatic Plants
Cyperus alternifolius (Umbrella Plant)\$3 per doz Each
Cyperus Papyrus (Papyrus antiquorum). The true Egyptian Paper Plant\$0 75
Eichhornia azurea. Flowers a lovely shade of lavender-blue. It makes long, trailing, floating stems, growing rapidly and flowering profusely all summer. Tender
Eichhornia crassipes major (Water Hyacinth). Flowers delicate lilac-rose in trusses like a hyacinth
Thalia dealbata. A stately, hardy aquatic with canna-like leaves and tall, graceful spikes of plum-colored flowers which are followed by attractive seeds of the same color; it grows from 4 to 7 feet high and should be grown in shallow
water or wet ground
Vallisneria spiralis (Tape, Eel Grass or Wild Celery)





Garden Requisites

All prices subject to change without notice

Fertilizers, Manures, Etc.

Acid Phosphate. Unexcelled for all crops and as a top dressing. Ton \$40.

Adco. An artificial stable manure. The process consists of making a heap of all garden trash as it is collected and adding Adco. In three or four months the heap is converted into a pile of excellent manure. Instruction free on request. Bags of 150 lbs. for \$10.50. Bags of

Agricultural Lime, Hydrated. For use on sour soils. Ton \$35; carload lots in 100-lb. bags, \$12.50 per ton; carload lots in bulk, \$6 per ton.

Agricultural Salt. 100 lbs. \$3.50, ton \$35. Basic Slag (Basic Lime Sulphate). Ton \$47.

Bentley's Carnation Manure. One of the best aids to successful carnation culture. 56 lbs. \$9.

Bentley's Imported Sweet Pea Manure. 112 lbs. \$15.

Blood, Dried. Splendid stimulant. 100 lbs. \$9.50, ton \$130.

Blood and Bone. 100 lbs. \$8, ton \$110.

Bon Arbor. Highly concentrated fertilizer. 20 lbs. \$8, 50 lbs. \$18, 100 lbs. \$35.

Bone-Meal for General Use. (Steamed.)
Pure ground bone. 100 lbs. \$4.50, 200 lbs. \$8.50, ton \$70.

Bone-Meal, Raw, Fine-Ground. 100 lbs. \$5.50, 200 lbs. \$9.50, ton \$90.

Bone-Meal, for Roses. 100 lbs. \$5.50, 200 lbs. \$10, ton \$85.

Bones, Crushed, Coarse. For vine borders. 100 lbs. \$6.75, 200 lbs. \$13, ton \$95.

Cattle Manure, Fresh. Best manure for roses. Sold only in carload lots, \$7 per ton, f.o.b. New York City.

Clay's Fertilizer. Highly concentrated plantfood; the standby of every professional gardener. Excellent for greenhouse and

gardener. Excellent for greenhouse and pot plants. Amateur's size can 75 cts., 28 lbs. \$4, 56 lbs. \$7, 112 lbs. \$13.50. Complete Fertilizer 4-8-4. Ton \$70.

Cow Manure, Shredded. 100 lbs. \$5, ton \$80. Dallium. The fertilizer for Dahlias. Creates exhibition blooms and firm tubers. 10 lbs. \$1.25, 25 lbs. \$2.25, 50 lbs. \$3.75, 100 lbs. \$6.

Farmogerm. High-bred nitrate-gathering bacteria for peas, beans, clover, etc. Acresize \$1, 3-acre size \$2.50, 12-acre size \$9.

Horse Manure, Fresh. Finest quality. Carload lots, 30 to 40 tons, \$7.50 per ton, f.o.b. New York.

Horse Manure, Rotted. Carload lots only, \$8 per ton, f.o.b. New York.

Humus, Hyper. In carload lots in bulk at \$9.50 per ton.

Lawn Sand. (Imported.) Kills dandelions, etc.; fertilizes the lawn. 28 lbs. \$7, 56 lbs. \$10, 112 lbs. \$18.

Lawn Top Dressing. 100 lbs. \$6, ton \$95.

Limestone, Ground. Cloth bags, in carload lots, \$23.50 per ton.

Milorganite. Excellent manure for lawns. Ton \$80, f. o. b. Milwaukee, Wis.

Muriate of Potash. 100 lbs. \$6, ton \$90.

Natural Humus. 100 lbs. \$1.50, 500 lbs. \$7, ton (in bags) \$22. In carload lots, in bulk, \$9.50 per ton.

Nitrate of Soda. 167 lbs. \$10.50, ton \$110.

Peruvian Guano, Genuine. A splendid fertilizer for greenhouse uses. 100 lbs. \$10.

Potash Manure. (Matchless.) Ton \$70.

Potash Marl. A valuable fertilizer for lawns, crops, and flowers. Contains 7 per cent potash. 100 lbs. \$2.50, ton \$40.

Potato Fertilizer. Complete, highest grade. Ton \$70.

hodono. The aluminum sulphate com-pound. For Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Heaths, Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel) Rhodono. and all plants of the same family. Ask for Special Circular. Can be used at any time of the year and immediately brings the soil to a proper chemical condition for the natural healthy development of these plants. 100 lbs. \$5, ton \$85.

Scotch Soot. Promotes dark green foliage. Bag (approximately 100 lbs.) \$7.50.

Sheep Manure, Pulverized. 100 lbs. \$4.50, 200 lbs. \$7.50, ton \$70.

Smith's Chrysanthemum Manure. 100 lbs. \$10.

Sulphate of Ammonia. Excellent for improving lawns and putting greens, also used for top dressing crops. Contains ammonia, 24 per cent, and nitrogen, 19 per cent. 100 lbs. \$7.50, 200 lbs. \$14.

Sulphate of Potash. 100 lbs. \$6, ton \$90.

Tankage, Blood. Contains both bone and blood. 100 lbs. \$7.50, 200 lbs. \$14, ton \$110.

Tankage, Ground. 100 lbs. \$7, 200 lbs. \$12, ton \$105.

Thomson's Chrysanthemum Manure. For top dressing. 28 lbs. \$4.50, 56 lbs. \$8, 112 lbs. \$15.

Thomson's Vine and Vegetable Manure. Safe and reliable. Excellent for vine borders and potted plants. 56 lbs. \$6, 112 lbs. \$11.50.

Vigoro. A specially prepared plant-food for lawns, vegetable- and flower-gardens. 100 lbs. \$6.

Wilson's O. K. Tree Fertilizer. 100 lbs. \$25. Wood Ashes, Canada Unleached. 100 lbs. \$4, ton \$60.

Zenke's New Plant Life. Contains all elements for perfect plant-growth. Liquid, gal. \$4, 5 gals. \$19.





Potting Materials

Charcoal, Dust. 100 lbs. \$6.

Lump. For orchids, etc., 100 lbs. \$6.50.

Leaf-Mould. Bag, \$3.75; carload lots, in bulk at \$16 per ton; in bags at \$20 per ton.

Moss, Dry Sphagnum. Bale \$4.50. Live Green Sphagnum. Bag \$4.50. Sheet. For florists' work. Bag \$5.

Peat, Fibrous. For ferns, begonias, etc. Bag \$3.75.

For Orchids. Bag \$4.

Peat Moss, Granulated. The perfect mulch for roses. Keeps soil moist; adds fertility to the soil; prevents weeds from over-running the beds; economical and easy to apply. Ideally suited for rose-beds. Bale \$4, 5 bales \$18.75.

Insecticides

Agripax. Contact insecticide founded on the toxic principle of pyrethrum. Gal. \$3.50, 5 gals. \$12.

Antrol. Exterminates ants at the source. Pt. \$1.

Ansect Rose-Bug Destroyer. Highly effective when used on rose bugs, many hardbodied insects, red spider, mealy bug and other garden pests. Use one part in 30 to 50 parts of water. Qt. \$1.50, gal. \$5.50.

Ant Food. For exterminating ants, roaches, wood-lice, and snails. Easy to apply. Brings quick results. Lb. \$1, 5 lbs. \$4.75.

Ant Destroyer (Agramid). Very effective. 5 lbs. \$3.

Aphine. Destroys aphis, thrips, mealy bug, etc. Qt. \$1, gal. \$3.25, 6 gals. \$18, 12 gals. \$36.

Aphis Punk. For fumigating. Carton, containing 12 packets, \$11.

Arsenate of Lead, Paste. For spraying fruit and vegetables. 5 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$6, 100 lbs. \$21.

Arsenate of Lead, Powder. For spraying and dusting. One pound makes 15 gallons of solution. 5 lbs. \$2.50, 25 lbs. \$10, 100 lbs. \$30.

Asbestos Torches. For burning out tent caterpillars in trees. \$1.

Axfixio. Destroys thrip on dahlias, etc. 5-Ib. can, \$3.

Black-Leaf 40. Kills black aphides and sucking insects. ½lb. \$1.25, 2 lbs. \$3.75, 10 lbs. \$15.50.

Bordeaux Mixture. Effective against blight and fungus. Liquid, gal. \$2.25, 5 gals. \$9.25. Paste, 5 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$5.25, 100 lbs. \$17.

Bordeaux Mixture, Powder. 10 lbs. \$3, 25 lbs. \$6, 100 lbs. \$22.50.

Bordo-Lead Paste. Destroys potato bugs. 5-lb. can \$2, 25 lbs. \$6.50, 100 lbs. \$21.

Borowax. Effective protection against all tree borers. Gal. \$2.50, 6 gals. \$12. Bug-Death. 10 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$3.50.

Carbola. Disinfecting white paint. For stables, cowbarns, etc. 10 lbs. \$1.50, stables, cowbarns, etc. 10 50 lbs. \$6, bbl. (300 lbs.) \$30.

Copper Solution. \$1.50, gal. \$3.75. Prevents mildew. Qt.

Cutworm Killer. 5 lbs. \$2, 25 lbs. \$8.

Cyanogas (Calcium Cyanide). For fumigating, etc. 5 lbs. \$3.50, 25 lbs. \$15.

Del-Bli. For the prevention of root-rot and blight in delphiniums. Gal. \$4.50.

Dry Lime-Sulphur. For dormant spraying against San José scale, etc. 5 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$5, 100 lbs. \$17.

Ever Green. A non-poisonous insecticide. Very effective against all kinds of insects. 2 lbs. \$3.50, gal. \$13.

Fish-Oil Soap. Destroys all plant aphis. 5 lbs. \$1.75, 25 lbs. \$7.50.

Flowers of Sulphur. 10 lbs. \$2, 100 lbs. \$12. Fly Spray. (Key Brand.) For spraying cattle and horses. Gal. \$2, 5 gals. \$8.

Formaldehyde. Gal. \$5, 5 gals. \$22.50. Fungine. Remedy for mildew, wilt and rust. Qt. \$1, gal. \$3.50, 12 gals. \$36.

Fungtrogen. A highly concentrated fungicide that conquers mildew and controls blackspot on roses, phlox, and other plants, and is an effective plant stimulant, as well. ½gal. \$3.50, gal. \$6.

Grafting Wax. Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.25. Grape Dust, Hammond's. For mould, etc. 10 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$20.

Hellebore Powder. Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.50. Herbicide. The well-known weed exterminator. Gal. \$1.50, 5 gals. \$7, 30 gals. \$30, bbl. (50 gals.) \$45.

Imp Soap Spray. Kills aphis, etc. Gal. \$3.50, 5-gal. keg \$12.50, 10 gals. \$22.50.

Kerosene Emulsion. Destroys aphis and scale. Gal. \$2, 5 gals. \$7.50.

Lemon Oil. Kills green and black fly. Qt. \$1.25, gal. \$4, 10 gals. \$25.

Lime and Sulphur Solution. Kills scale.

Ennie and Sulphur Solution. Kills scale. 5 gals. \$5.50, 30 gals. \$13, 50 gals. \$20. Melrosine. A real remedy for rose-bug troubles. Dilute 1½ pints Melrosine with 3 gallons of water, for general use. Qt. \$1.75, gal. \$6.

Nico-Fume Liquid. For spraying and fumigating. Lb. \$2.35, 4 lbs. \$8, 8 lbs. \$15.

Nico-Fume Paper. For fumigating. 24 sheets

\$1.25, 144 sheets \$5.25, 288 sheets \$9.50. Nicofume Powder. For fumigating. Economical and effective. 5 lbs. \$4, 10 lbs Eco-

Nikoteen. Lb. \$2.50, 10 lbs. \$22.50.

Para di chloro benzol. Exterminates peachborers, both indoors and outside. Lb. 75c., 10 lbs. \$5.

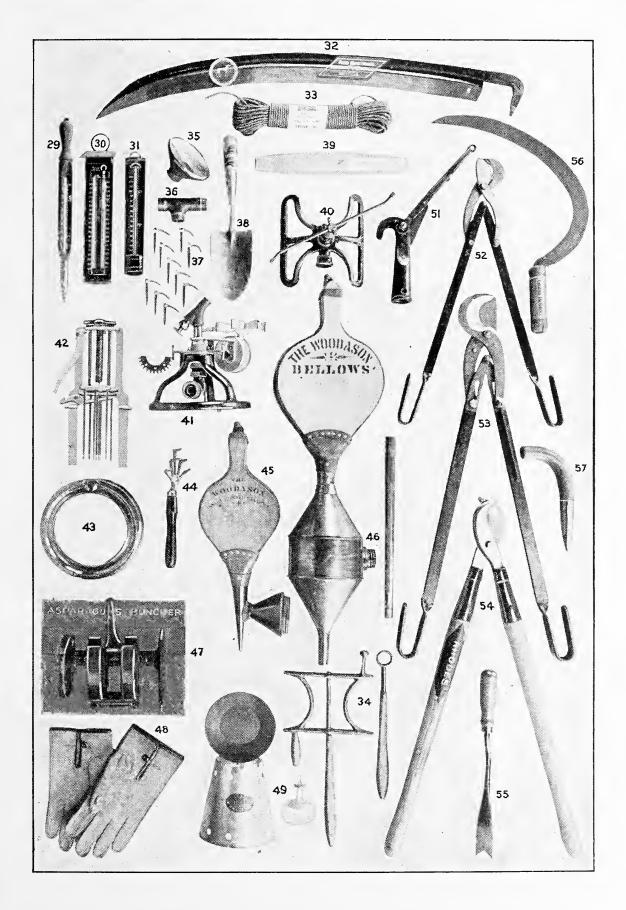
Paris Green. Destroys potato bugs. Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.

Pyrox. Combined insecticide and fungicide. Destroys potato bugs, etc. 5 lbs. \$2, 10 lbs. \$3.75, 25 lbs. \$8, 100 lbs. \$24.

Red-Arrow (Pyrethrum) Insecticide. One of the most reliable all-round insecticides on the market today. Qt. \$6, gal. \$20.













INSECTICIDES, continued

Scalecide. Destroys San José scale. Gal. \$1.75, 5 gals. \$7.75, 30 gals. \$29, 50 gals. Gal.

patch, etc. 5 lbs. \$13. Semesan.

Slug Shot, Hammond's. Effective again potato bugs. 10 lbs. \$2, 100 lbs. \$17.50. Effective against

Snarol. Kills cutworms, snails, slugs, etc. 3 lbs. \$1.50, 15 lbs. \$3.75, 50 lbs. \$12.

Sodium-Cyanide. Lb. \$1.25, 5 lbs. \$5.75.

Styptic, X-L-ALL or Thomson's (Imported). Prevents vine bleeding after pruning. Bottle, \$1.50.

Tobacco Dust. For burning or dusting. 100 lbs. \$5.

Tobacco Stems. 100 lbs. \$4, 300 lbs. \$10.50. Tree Tanglefoot. Lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.35, 10 lbs. \$4.50.

Tree Wound Paint. For use after pruning trees; prevents decay; withstands the action of all weather. Gal. \$3, 5 gals. \$13.75.

Kills soil-vermin. Gal. \$3.50, Vermine.

6 gals. \$18.

Volck. For the control of red spider, mite, aphis, thrip, mealy bug, scale, white and green fly and caterpillars. Qt. \$1, gal. \$3, 5 gals. \$12.

Teed Killer. (Key Brand.) One gallon makes 25 gallons for use. Gal. \$2, 5 gals. \$7.50, 30 gals. \$35.50, 50 gals. \$54. Weed Killer.

Wilson's O. K. Plant Spray. Very effective against all plant aphis. Gal. \$3, 5 gals. \$12, 10 gals. \$20, 25 gals. \$50, 50 gals. \$90.

Weed Killer. (Atlas Non-Poisonous.) One gallon is ample to clear 500 square feet of densely vegetated area. Simply dilute with ten parts of water and apply to pernicious vegetation with a sprinkling-can. Will exterminate all undesirable vegetation, including poison ivy, as easily as watering a garden, without endangering human or animal life. 1-gal. can \$2, 5-gal. drum \$8, 50-gal. drum \$55.

Worm Eradicator, X-L-ALL. (Imported.) For lawns, putting greens, croquet-grounds, etc. Apply at the rate of 2,000 pounds to the acre, about ½ pound to the square yard in rainy weather or thoroughly drench with the use of a hose. The worms come to the surface almost immediately and die. Can be used at any season of the year. 28 lbs. \$3.50, 56 lbs. \$6.50, 112 lbs. \$12.50. X-L-ALL Insecticide, Imperial. (Original).

Kills mealy bug, etc. ½gal. \$5, gal. \$9,

5 gals. \$40.

X-L-ALL Vaporizing Compound. The most effectual method of fumigating greenhouses. No. 1, bottle sufficient for 40,000 cu. ft., \$10; No. 2, bottle sufficient for 20,000 cu. ft., \$5.50.

Fumigators for above. Fig. 49. \$2.25 ea. Zenke's Ant Remedy. \(\frac{1}{2} \text{pt.} \) 25 cts., pt.

Zenke's Compound Plant Insecticide. Kills white fly, red spider, mealy bug, etc. Gal. \$3, 5 gals. \$12.

Zenke's Fungicide. Effective remedy for leaf-spot, rust, mildew and black rot. Gal. \$4, 5 gals. \$18.75.

Spraying and Watering Supplies

Auto Sprayer, Brown's No. 1B. Brass tank "Auto Pop" nozzle. Fig. 62. \$10.

Waterfan Oscillating Irrigator. Automatically waters entire surface, with fine, rainlike spray. No. 6 will spray an area 15 x 45 feet, \$15; No. 8 will spray an area 25 x 45 feet, \$18.

GARDEN HOSE.

Electric Garden Hose. Undoubtedly the most satisfactory Hose. 34-in. \$25 per 100 ft.; ½-in. \$20 per 100 ft.

Greenhouse Hose, Hunt's Special. Non-kinkable. Very durable. 4-in. 35 cts. per ft.; ½-in. 33 cts. per ft.

Sprayer Hose. Extra-strong Hose made to withstand the heavy pressure and corrosive elements used in spraying. ½-in. \$30 per 100 feet.

Clamps. ½-in. \$2 per doz.; ¾-in. \$2.50 per doz.

Hose Menders, Cooper's. 34-in. \$2.50 per doz.; 1/2-in. \$1.75 per doz.

Hose Menders, Bull-Dog. Perfect clinching 3/4-in. \$2.50 per doz.; 1/2-in. \$2 per doz.

Hose Reel. Built entirely of metal. Hose Washers. ½-in. and ¾-in. Lb. \$2.

Kinney Pump. Fig. 36. Distributes water and manure together. \$2.50.

Maid of the Mist Sprinkler (Water-Witch). \$1.25.

Ring Lawn Sprinkler. Fig. 43. Heavy brass; diameter 9 in. \$1.50.

Abol Syringe. Fig. 19. Makes an exceptionally fine spray; two roses, angle neck, and drip preventer; solid brass. \$12 each.

Dayton Lawn Sprinkler, Automatic. Type A, Fig. 41, \$9; Type C, Fig. 40, \$2.50. MacDonald's Circular Tree Sprinkler. A new Sprinkler, specially designed to water trees at one operation. It saves time, labor, and money. No. 1, 4-ft. diam., \$17.50; No. 2, 3-ft. diam., \$15.

White Showers Rainbow Sprinkler. seventeen nozzles, mounted on an oscillator. Can be quickly adjusted for watering small areas and narrow strips and borders.

\$45.

The Stott Sprayer. For spraying under foliage. Single Nozzle, \$2; Double Nozzle,

The Boston Nozzle. Throws coarse or fine spray. 3/4-in., \$1.

The Boston Rose-Hose Sprinkler. Fig. 35. 3-in. face, \$1; 4-in. face, \$1.50.











SPRAYING AND WATERING SUPPLIES, continued

Turbo Rotary Oscillator. Designed for a water pressure of 45 pounds, to discharge 5 to 7 gallons per minute, and evenly cover an area about 75 feet in diameter. Ideal for tennis-courts and putting greens. Price complete, \$22.50.

Peacock Lawn Sprinkler (Skinner System). 12½ ft. long (on wheels), 56 nozzles, sprays 15 x 60 ft., \$20.

sprays 15 x 60 ft., \$20.

Watering-cans, Haws' Pattern, Imported.
Fig. 58. 3-qt. (shelf) \$4; 4-qt. \$5.25;
6-qt. \$5.75; 8-qt. \$6.75; 10-qt. \$7.50.

French. Fig. 59. 6-qt. \$6; 8-qt. \$6.75;
10-qt. \$7.50; 12-qt. \$8.

Philadelphia. Fig. 60. 4-qt. \$4; 6-qt.
\$4.50; 8-qt. \$5.25; 10-qt. \$6.25; 12-qt.
\$6.75; 16-qt. \$8.50.

Pomona Barrel Spray Pump (Gould's).
Easily operated by one person. Outfit D,
sprayer with agitator and two 15-ft. leads
of 3/4-in. spray hose and two spray nozzles. of $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. spray hose and two spray nozzles. Complete with barrel, \$47.50.

Canes and Plant Supports

Bamboo Canes. Genuine Chinese; natural,
strong, heavy. 100 1,000
4 ft. x ½-in. diam\$4 00 \$35 00
5 ft. x ½-in. diam 5 50 50 00
6 ft. x ³ / ₄ -in. diam 6 50 60 00
8 ft. x $\frac{1}{2}$ -in. diam 8 00 75 00
9 ft. x $\sqrt[3]{4}$ -in. diam
9 ft. x ¾-in. diam16 00 Extra-heavy Bamboo Poles,
$6\frac{1}{2}$ ft. x $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. to $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in.
diam20 00 Bamboo Canes, Heavy Chinese. Painted
Bamboo Canes, Heavy Chinese. Painted
green. 100 1.000
4 feet x 5/8 to 3/4-in. diam \$7 50 \$70 00 5 feet x 5/8 to 3/4-in. diam 8 50 80 00
5 feet x % to ¾-in. diam 8 50 80 00
6 feet x 5/8 to 3/4-in, diam 9 50 90 00
Bamboo Canes, Japanese. Natural. Thin and light.
3 feet
6 feet
Painted green. 3 feet 2 50 20 00
4 feet
5 feet 4 50 40 00
5 feet 4 50 40 00 Carnation Supports. Galvanized 100 wire. 2 rings
wire. 2 rings\$8 50
3 rings
3 rings
4 feet
5 feet
6 feet
6 feet
Dahlia Poles, Round. Painted green.
Very strong. 4 feet
5 feet
6 feet
Plant Stakes. Round, painted green.
2 feet
4 feet
5. feet
5.166

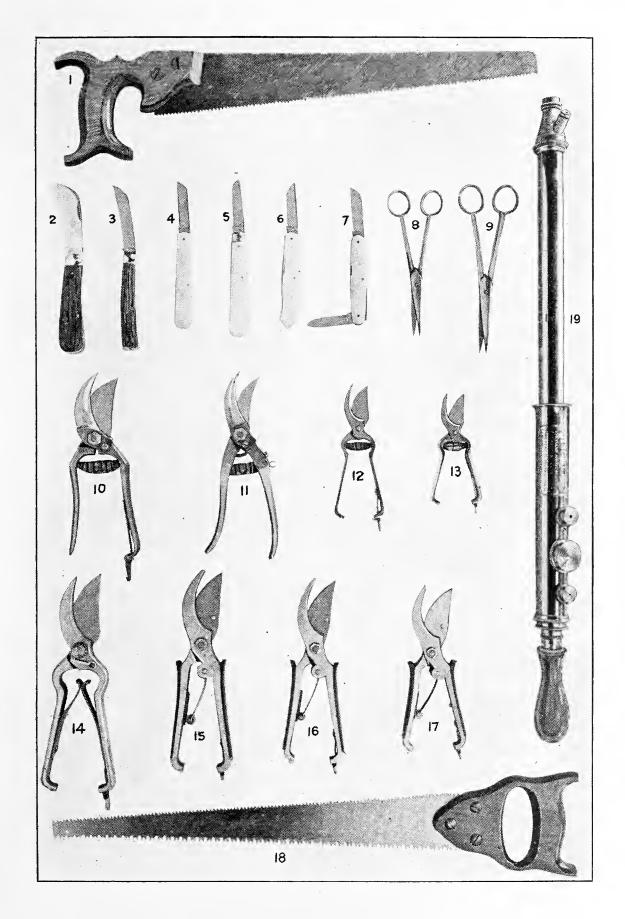
CANES and	PLANT	SUPPORTS, con.
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Wire Stakes. Galvanized.		10	0
2 feet	 	 . \$2	00
3 feet	 	 . 3	00
4 feet			
5 feet			
6 feet			
	 	 _	

Garden Tools
Asparagus Buncher. No. 2. Fig. 47. Each Makes bunch 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. diam.; length adjustable 7 to 9 in \$6 00 Axes, Handled. Finest steel. $4\frac{1}{2}$ lbs 3 75
Axes, Handled. Finest steel. 4½ lbs 3 75 Dibbles. Fig. 57. Steel pointed 75 Forks, Digging or Spading. Fig. 22 2 75 Hay or Stable
Easy to operate; attach to electric light plug. Complete with 100 feet
of wire
40-in
Scuffle or Push. Fig. 28, 5-in., \$1.10; Fig. 27, 6-in., \$1.25; Fig. 26, 7-in 1 50 Warren (Triangular). With handle 2 25
Pruning Saws. Fig. 18. (Double-bladed). 16-in
18-in
(handled). 12 teeth \$1.50; 14 teeth 1 75 16 teeth
18 teeth
Hay. Fig. 21. 26 teeth \$1.25; 28 teeth
Japanese Bamboo Leaf-Rakes
Scythe Snath or Handle
Hedge, Ridal's Patent. Imported. 9.in
Sheep or Grass
Point. Fig 25
Sickles or Grass Hooks. Fig. 56. English
Spades, Square, Fig. 23, D- or Long Handle
Fig. 38. 6-in. 75 cts., 7-in 90 Hand Weeder. Fig. 44 50











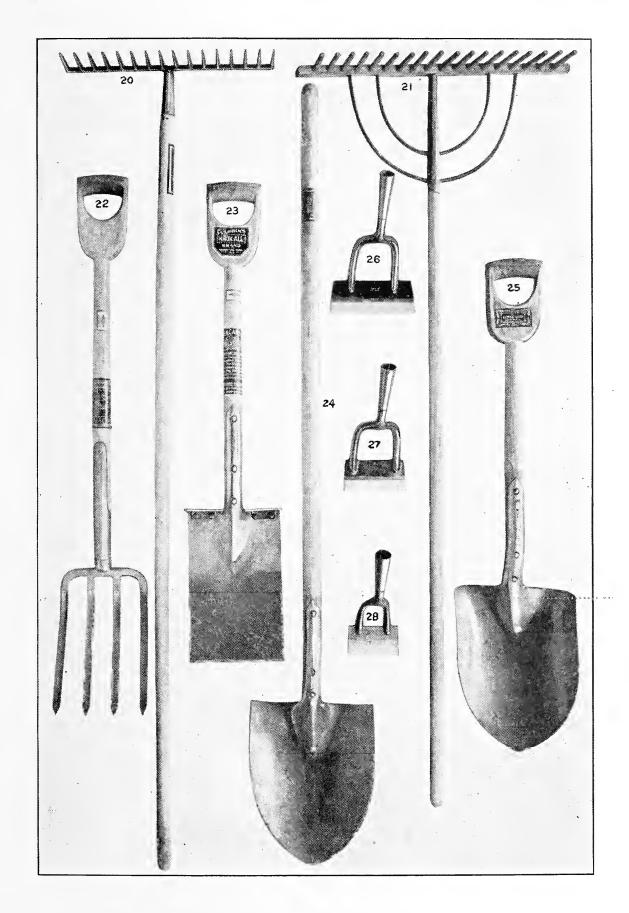
GARDEN TOOLS, continued

Knives Earl
Asparagus Knives (Saw blade) \$1 75 Granite State. Fig. 55 1 00
Granite State. Fig. 55
Budding Knives. No. 204B. Fig. 5
Handy Garden Knives. Fig. 7. 2-bladed, brass bolstered, imported steel
Pruning Knives. No. 938. Fig. 2
Shears
Scissors, Grape-thinning. Fig. 8. 6-in . 2 60 7-in. Fig. 9 2 75
McKenney Tree Pruner. No. 1. Fig.
McKenney Tree Pruner. No. 1, Fig. 52, cuts limbs up to 1 in. diam., \$5.50. No. 2, Fig. 53, cuts limbs up to $1\frac{1}{2}$
in. diam
12-ft
Pruning Shears, Rhodes' Double Cut. Fig. 54 5 50
Pruning Shears, Ladies'. Nickel plated. 6-in
Pruning Shears, X-L-ALL. Fig. 17. (Imported.) The best English Shears
made. 7-in
8-in. Fig. 16
California. 9-in. Fig. 14
Pruning Shears or Secateurs. English make. 7-in. Fig. 12
8-in
Pruning Shears, Plucca. The Plucca
Pruner is the only combined pruner and fruit and flower-gatherer on the
market. 7-in
9-in
Pruning Shears, Kunde. Imported.
8-in. Fig. 10
Tying Materials, Etc.
Raffia, White. Long and broad. Lb. 50 cts.,
5 lbs. \$2.50, Green. Lb. \$1.25, 5 lbs. \$6.
Sisal Cord. Extra-strong twine for baling, etc. 5-Ib. balls, \$3.
Silkaline. For stringing smilax, etc.
FFF Coarse, eight 2-oz. spools \$3 00 FF Medium, eight 2-oz. spools 3 00 F Fine, eight 2-oz. spools 3 00
Twine. Heavy and light parceling. Lb. ball, 90 cts.
Binding. In 50-lb. balls, 50 cts. per lb. Italian Hemp. On reels (about 10 lbs. to
the reel). Reel No. 12, Fine\$9 50 No. 18, Fine 9 00
No. 24, Medium 8 50

LS, continued
Twine, Italian Hemp, continued
No. 36, Medium \$8 00 No. 48, Heavy 7 75 No. 60, Heavy 7 50
Sea Island. 8 balls to a box. \$1.50 per box.
Soft Jute. For vines, 3 and 5-ply. In balls at 60 cts. per lb.
Tarred. Imported. Thin, 1-lb. balls, 95c.; Medium, 1-lb. balls, 90 cts.; Thick, 1-lb. balls, 85 cts.
Tarred Marline. Heavy. 5-lb. ball, \$4.75.
Planet Jr. Cultivators
Save time, lighten labor, help give bigger crops. Tools for real economy. Fully guaranteed.
No. 3. Hill and Seed Drill. Holds Each 3 qts. of seed\$22 00
No. 25. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow
No. 11. Combined Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Plow and Rake 16 00
No. 16. Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Plow and Rake
No. 8. Combined Horse Hoe and Cultivator
Lawn Mowers
Lawn Mowers All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request.
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower.
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut. \$475 00 Model H. 30-in. cut. 425 00 Model L. 25-in. cut. 350 00 Coldwell's Imperial Mower. Fig. 61. 10- inch high wheel. 4-blade 5-blade 14-in. \$18 00 \$21 00 16-in. 20 00 22 50
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut
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All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut. \$475 00 Model H. 30-in. cut. 425 00 Model L. 25-in. cut. 350 00 Coldwell's Imperial Mower. Fig. 61. 10-inch high wheel. 4-blade 5-blade 14-in. \$18 00 \$21 00 16-in. 20 00 22 50 18-in. 22 00 24 00 20-in. 24 00 27 00 Coldwell's Chain Roller Mower. Especially designed to cut borders, terraces, verges, etc. 4-blade 6-blade 12-in. \$32 00 \$33 00
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut. \$475 00 Model H. 30-in. cut. 425 00 Model L. 25-in. cut. 350 00 Coldwell's Imperial Mower. Fig. 61. 10- inch high wheel. 4-blade 5-blade 14-in. \$18 00 \$21 00 16-in. 20 00 22 50 18-in. 22 00 24 00 20-in. 24 00 27 00 Coldwell's Chain Roller Mower. Especially designed to cut borders, terraces, verges, etc. 4-blade 6-blade 12-in. \$32 00 \$33 00 14-in. 34 00 35 00
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut. \$475 00 Model H. 30-in. cut 425 00 Model L. 25-in. cut 350 00 Coldwell's Imperial Mower. Fig. 61. 10-inch high wheel. 4-blade 5-blade 14-in. \$18 00 \$21 00 16-in. 20 00 22 50 18-in. 22 00 24 00 20-in. 24 00 27 00 Coldwell's Chain Roller Mower. Especially designed to cut borders, terraces, verges, etc. 4-blade 6-blade 12-in. \$32 00 \$33 00 14-in. 34 00 35 00 16-in. 36 00 37 00 18-in. 38 00 40 00
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut. \$475 00 Model H. 30-in. cut. 425 00 Model L. 25-in. cut. 350 00 Coldwell's Imperial Mower. Fig. 61. 10- inch high wheel. 4-blade 5-blade 14-in. \$18 00 \$21 00 16-in. 20 00 22 50 18-in. 22 00 24 00 20-in. 24 00 27 00 Coldwell's Chain Roller Mower. Especially designed to cut borders, terraces, verges, etc. 4-blade 6-blade 12-in. \$32 00 \$33 00 14-in. 34 00 35 00
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut
All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut
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All accessories for Coldwell's Motor Mowers supplied at list prices. Descriptive circular on request. Coldwell's Model G. Motor Mower. 35-in. cut











Miscellaneous Sundries

Barrows Gardeners Rubber State Boxes Leatheroid, continued	Fo	_	Royce Louthowaid continued
Agrons, Gardeners' Serge. Imported. 4 50 Regular size. Barrows, Garden No. 4. Medium size. 9 50 Regular size	Aprons, Gardeners' Rubber\$3	00	Boxes, Leatheroid, continued 2-Tray Cases.
Baskets, English Garden. Fig. 63, No. 4. 15 x 8 in. 1. 25 No. 5. 16 x 9 in. 1. 25 No. 5. 16 x 9 in. 1. 75 No. 6. 18 x 10 in. 2. 20 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2. 20 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2. 20 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2. 25 No. 10. 28 x 14 in. 3. 20 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3. 20 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3. 20 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3. 25 No. 10. 28 x 14 in. 4. 20 No. 252 per 1,000. 253 per 1,000. 253 per 1,000. 264 in. 2 50 No. 2. 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 2. 20 No. 2. 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 2. 20 No. 2. 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 2. 20 No. 3. 23 x 13 x 7 in. 2. 25 No. 5. 25 x 16 x 8½ in. 3. 00 No. 3. 23 x 13 x 7 in. 2. 25 No. 5. 25 x 16 x 8½ in. 3. 00 No. 3. 23 x 13 x 7 in. 2. 25 No. 5. 25 x 16 x 8½ in. 3. 00 No. 3. 20 x 10 x	Aprons, Gardeners' Serge. Imported 4	50	Length Width Depth Each
Baskets, English Garden. Fig. 63, No. 4. 15 x 8 in. 1. 25 No. 5. 16 x 9 in. 1. 25 No. 5. 16 x 9 in. 1. 75 No. 6. 18 x 10 in. 2. 20 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2. 20 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2. 20 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2. 25 No. 10. 28 x 14 in. 3. 20 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3. 20 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3. 20 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3. 25 No. 10. 28 x 14 in. 4. 20 No. 252 per 1,000. 253 per 1,000. 253 per 1,000. 264 in. 2 50 No. 2. 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 2. 20 No. 2. 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 2. 20 No. 2. 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 2. 20 No. 3. 23 x 13 x 7 in. 2. 25 No. 5. 25 x 16 x 8½ in. 3. 00 No. 3. 23 x 13 x 7 in. 2. 25 No. 5. 25 x 16 x 8½ in. 3. 00 No. 3. 23 x 13 x 7 in. 2. 25 No. 5. 25 x 16 x 8½ in. 3. 00 No. 3. 20 x 10 x	Barrows, Garden No. 4. Medium size 8	50	E 34 in 15 in 11 in 42 00
No. 4. 15 x 8 in. 1 25 No. 5. 16 x 9 in. 1 275 No. 6. 18 x 10 in. 2 00 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2 02 52 No. 8. 23 x 12 in. 3 00 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3 05 No. 10. 28 x 14 in. 3 05 No. 10. 28 x 15 x 8 in. 2 05 No. 2 21 x 12 x 6 in. 2 05 No. 2 21 x 12 x 6 in. 2 05 No. 2 20 x 10	Baskets, English Garden, Fig. 63.	90	F 38 in. 16 in. 11 in 47 00
No. 6. 18 x 10 in. 2 00 No. 7. 21 x 11 in. 2 205 No. 8. 23 x 12 in. 3 00 No. 9. 24 x 13 in. 3 25 No. 10. 28 x 14 in. 3 25 Saskets, Orchid. 6-in., doz. \$7.50; 7-in., doz. \$9; 8-in., doz. \$10.50 Saskets, Crchid. 6-in., doz. \$7.50; 7-in., doz. \$9; 8-in., doz. \$10.50 Saskets, Strawberry. 1-qt. \$2 per 100, \$25 per 1,000; 2-qt. \$2.75 per 100, \$25 per 1,000. Saskets, Vegetable. Fig. 64. Each No. 1 18 x 10½ x 6½ in. 2 00 No. 2 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 2 00 No. 3 23 x 13 x 7 in. 2 50 No. 4. 28 x 15 x 8 in. 2 75 No. 2 21 x 12 x 6½ in. 3 00 Baskets, Wire Hanging. 12-in. 50 No. 5. 55 x 16 x 8½ in. 3 00 Baskets, Wire Hanging. 12-in. 50 Soots, Gardeners' Rubber. ½ length, Best quality. Pair \$8.50 No. 1 quality, 36 in. wide. 20 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. 20 No. 3 quality, 36 in. wide. 20 No. 3 quality, 36 in. wide. 20 No. 3 quality, 36 in. wide. 30 No. 3 quality, 36 in. wide. 30 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. 30 No. 3 quality, 36 in. side. 30 No. 3 quality, 36 in. 30 No. 3 quality, 36 in. 30 No. 3 qual	No. 4. 15 x 8 in 1		Prices quoted include trays fitted in case
No. 7. 21 x 11 in	No. 5. 16 x 9 in	75	
No. 9, 24 x 13 in	No. 7. 21 x 11 in 2	25	
No. 10 28 × 14 in	No. 8. 23 x 12 in	00	
Baskets, Orchid. 6-in., doz. \$75.50; 7-in., doz. \$9; 8-in., doz. \$10.050.			
Sy S - in	Baskets, Orchid. 6-in. doz. \$7.50: 7-in d	oz.	100 1,000
\$\frac{\text{S17}, 50}{\text{ per 1}, 1000}\$ per 1,000; 2-qt. \$\frac{\text{\$2.75}}{25}\$ per 1000, \$\frac{\text{Baskets, Vegetable.}{\text{ Fig. 64.}}\$ Fig. 64. \$\frac{\text{Fach}}{No. 1. 18 \text{ No. 1. 19 \text{ No. 1. 18 \text{ No. 18 \text{	\$9; 8-in., doz. \$10.50.		
\$25 per 1.000. Baskets, Vegetable. Fig. 64.	Baskets, Strawberry. 1-qt. \$2 per 1		
Baskets, Vegetable, Fig. 64. Each No. 1. 18 x 10/2 x 6 in. \$175		00,	6-in 9 50 85 00
No. 2. $21 \times 12 \times 6/6$ in 2 2 00 No. 3. $23 \times 13 \times 7$ in 2 2 00 No. 4. $28 \times 15 \times 8$ in 2 2 75 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 2 75 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 3 00 No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 81/6$ in 1. $25 \times 16 \times 16 \times 16 \times 16 \times 16 \times 1$	Baskets, Vegetable. Fig. 64. Ea	.ch	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	No. 1. 18 x 10½ x 6 in	75	
No. $4.\ 28 \times 15 \times 8 \ \text{in}$	No. 3. 23 x 13 x 7 in 2	50	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	No. 4. 28 x 15 x 8 in 2	75	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	No. 5. $25 \times 16 \times 8\frac{1}{2}$ in 3		
Bellows, Woodason's. Fig. 46. Double cone. For dusting hellebore, sulphur, etc., \$7.50. Single Cone. Fig. 45. \$5. \$Boots, Gardeners' Rubber. $\frac{1}{2}$ 4 length. Best quality. Pair \$8.50. \$Brooms, English Birch. \$1 each, \$10 per doz. Burlap, Wrapping. For protecting plants. In lengths 25 to 200 yards. \$Yard No. 1 quality, 36 in. wide. \$0.22 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. \$0.22 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. \$0.20 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. \$0.20 No. 1 quality, 54 in. wide. \$0.20 No. 2 quality, 54 in. wide. \$0.20 No. 6328 x 8 x 5 in. \$0.25 no. \$0.25			
Bellows, Woodason's. Fig. 46. Double cone. For dusting hellebore, sulphur, etc., \$7.50. Single Cone. Fig. 45. \$5. \$5. \$8oots, Gardeners' Rubber. ¾ length, Best quality. Pair \$8.50. \$2 00 \$11 00 \$3 00 00 \$30 00 \$	18-in		3¾-in
\$7.50. Single Cone. Fig. 45. \$5. \$ Boots, Gardeners' Rubber. \$\frac{3}{2}\$ length. Best quality. Pair \$\frac{3}{8}\$.50. \$ Brooms, English Birch. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ teach, \$\frac{10}{2}\$ per doz. \$ Burlap, Wrapping. For protecting plants. In lengths 25 to 200 yards. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Yard No. 1 quality, 36 in. wide. \$\frac{5}{2}\$ 20 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. \$\frac{20}{2}\$ 20 No. 3 quality, 36 in. wide. \$\frac{20}{2}\$ 20 No. 3 quality, 36 in. wide. \$\frac{20}{2}\$ 27 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. \$\frac{20}{3}\$ 20 No. 3 quality, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tin. wide. \$\frac{33}{3}\$ No. 2 quality, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tin. wide. \$\frac{33}{3}\$ No. 2 quality, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tin. wide. \$\frac{33}{3}\$ No. 3 quality, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tin. wide. \$\frac{35}{3}\$ 100 No. 3 quality, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tin. wide. \$\frac{27}{3}\$ 25 100 No. 3 quality, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tin. wide. \$\frac{27}{3}\$ 27 loops on the strong. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 100 No. 6326 6-in. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20 19 50 No. 3 quality, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ tin. wide. \$\frac{27}{3}\$ 100 No. 6326 6-in. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50 19 50 No. 32 til. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ til.	Bellows, Woodason's. Fig. 46. Dou	ble	
Boots, Gardeners' Rubber, 34 length, Best quality, Pair \$8.50.		tc.,	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		est	6-in\$2 00 \$11 00
Burlap, Wrapping. For protecting plants. In lengths 25 to 200 yards. Yard No. 1 quality, 36 in. wide. \$0 22 No. 2 quality, 36 in. wide. \$0 22 No. 3 quality, 36 in. wide. \$18 No. 1 quality, 54 in. wide. \$18 No. 1 quality, 54 in. wide. \$18 No. 2 quality, 54 in. wide. \$18 No. 3 quality, 54 in. wide. \$100 No. 6326 Gin. \$100 No. 6326 Gin. \$25 No. 100 No. 6326 Gin. \$25 No. 100 No. 6327 7-in. \$100 No. 6328 No. 114 No. 11			7-in
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	C 38 in. 16 in. 16 in 52		





MISCELLANEOUS SUNDRIES, continued

Fach

Each
Fruit Pickers. On 10-ft. pole\$1 50
Garden Line. Fig. 33. 100-ft 1 75 Garden Reel. Fig. 34. Wrought iron 1 75
Grape Bags, Paper. \$2 per 100, \$19 per 1,000.
Grape Bags, Wax Paper. \$3 per 100, \$27.50
per 1,000. Gloves, Gardeners. Fig. 48. For pruning.
Pair \$3.
Horse Boots. The best make. Per set of 4 boots, \$22.
Labels, Wooden, Pot and Gar- 100 1,000 den. 4-in., painted \$2 00
4½-in., painted
6-in., painted
10-in., painted
3½-in. (copper wire tree),
painted
Copper Labels, complete with stylus. \$2 per 100.
Simplex Weatherproof Garden Labels. No.
1, 3 x ½in., \$3 per 100; No. 2, 4 x ¾in., \$5 per 100; No. 3, 5 x 1 in., \$7 per 100.
Simplex Garden Labels. No. 10, 23/4 x 11/2
in., 24 in. high, \$3 per doz.; No. 11, 3 x 2 in., 24 in. high, \$3.60 per doz.
Simplex Celluloid Pot Labels. No. 21, 4 x 5\{\gamma\text{in., \$1.95 per 100; No. 22, 5 x 3\{\gamma\text{in., }}\}\} \frac{100}{3} \text{in., } \frac{100}{3}
Pencils, Indelible. For marking labels. 20 cts. each.
Lever Clips, Blake's. For fastening stakes to wires in greenhouse benches. \$2.50 per 1,000.
Mats, Frost-Proof, Burlap. No. 2D. Water-
proof duck, one side. Each Doz. 40 x 76 in
Mats, Milo Hotbed. Specially prepared heavy-weight burlap; waterproof and
airtight. Easy to handle. Wears for years. Each Doz.
40 x 78 in\$4 00 \$30 00
78 x 80 in 5 75 57 50
Mastica. A preparation for glazing. \$3.50 per gal.
Melon Nets. Fig. 65. Imported. \$20 per 100.
Mole Traps, Olmsted's. Fig. 42. \$2.50 each. Reddick. \$1.25 each.
Mulch Paper. For preserving soil-moisture.
Instructive circular on request. Type B. 150 yards, 18-in. width, \$4.50 per roll. 300 yards, 36-in. width, \$9 per roll.
Netting. For fruit protection. Ideal for
Strawberries etc
No. 1, 60 x 30 ft., 2½-in. mesh, Each No. 6 thread
No. 2, 120 x 29 ft., 2½-in. mesh, No. 6 thread

Paper, Manila Wrapping. 24 x 36 in. 15 cts., 50 lbs. (ream) \$7. White Tissue. 24 x 36 in. Lb. 60 cts., 10 lbs. (ream) \$5.

Manila Tissue, Brown. 24 x 36 in. Lb. 45 cts., 10 lbs. (ream) \$3. Parceling. 20 x 30 in., 24 x 30 in., 30 x 40 in. Lb. 18 cts., ream (50, 60, and 100 lbs. respectively), lb. 17 cts. Parceling on Rolls, Kraft. 18 in. wide, weight 25 lbs., \$5. Parceling on Rolls, Kraft. 24 in. wide, weight 39 lbs., \$7.75. Parceling on Rolls, Kraft. 36 in. wide, weight 60 lbs., \$11.50. Waxed, White. 18 x 24 in., 24 x 36 in., 10 lbs., \$5. Waxed, Green. 18 x 24 in., 24 x 36 in., 10 lbs., \$6. Waxed, Purple. 18×24 in., 24×36 in., 10 lbs., \$6.50. Stand and Cutter, "The Rex." For paper on rolls 18 to 36 in. \$3 each. Plant-Protecting Cloth. 36 in. wide, heavy grade. 100 yds. \$32.50. Sash, Hotbed. Cypress wood, glazed and painted. \$8 each, \$90 per doz. Thermometers, Japanned. Fig. 31. Heavy tin case; brass scale, white figures. Scale range, 10 to 40 degrees below zero to 120 degrees above. Standard Grade. 8-inch, \$1.50; 10-inch, \$1.75. Mushroom Bed. Fig. 29. Galvanized frame. \$3 each. Self-registering. Fig. 30. Copper case, black brass scale, white figures. Maximum and 10-inch, \$6.50. Magnet Minimum. with each. Summer Cloud. An English preparation for shading greenhouses. Per tin, 75 cts. Tubs, Cedar Plant. Round. Painted green, No. 2 and larger sizes have hook handles; smaller sizes drop handles. Outside Outside No. diam. height 30 in. 28 in. 0 12345 26 in. 24 in. 22 in. 18½ in..... 17 in..... 9 00 50 5 75 4 25 20 in. 16 in..... 6 7 18½ in. 17 in. 15 in..... 4 00 8 16 in. 13 in....... 14 in. 12 in Wall Nails, Chandler's English Patent. Fig. 37. 11/4-in. \$2 per box; 11/2-in. \$2.25; 2-in. \$2.50. Lawn Rollers, Water Ballast. No. of Diam. of Width Weight Weight filled Price drums drums drums with water 250 lbs \$22 00 330 lbs 26 00 24 in. 24 in. 14 in. 18 in.

24 in.

440 Ibs

1

24 in.





Index

Page	Page	Page
Achillea	Browallia	Cyperus53, 114
Achimenes82	Brussels Sprouts 8	Dahlias53, 86–89
Aconitum	Buckwheat26	Daisies45, 51, 53, 56, 108
Acroclinium40	Bulbs and Roots82-100	Delphinium 54, 59
Ageratum	Butterfly Flower69	Dianthus35, 55, 108, 110
Agrostis40	Butterfly Weed108	Didiscus55
Alkanet	Cabbages9	Dielytra85
Aloysia40	Caladiums83	Digitalis53, 108
Alpine Plants110	Calceolaria	Dimorphotheca53
Alyssum	Calendar, Planting . 2d. cov.	Doronicum108
Amaryllidaceæ85	Calendula	Draba
Amaryllis82	Calla	Dusty Miller
Anchusa40, 107	Calliopsis46	Echinacea
Anemone40, 107	Campanula47, 108, 110	Echinops
Anthemis	Canary Bird Flower77	Edelweiss57, 59, 110
Anthoxanthum40	Candytuft48	Eel Grass
Antirrhinum35, 37–39, 41	Cannas	Eggplant14
		Eichhornia114
Apple Pie	Canterbury Bells108	
Apples	Cardinal Creeper58	Elephant Ear83
Aquatic Plants	Carnation	Endive
Aquilegia	Carrots	Eragrostis56
Arabis	Castor-oil Bean	Erianthus
Arctotis42	Cauliflower	Erinus
Arenaria110	Celery	Eschscholtzia56
Artemisia	Celosia	Eulalia56
Artichoke	Celsia	Euphorbia56
Arundo	Centaurea49, 108	Everlasting57
Asclepias	Cerastium49, 108	Farm and Field Seeds26, 27
Asparagus	Cheiranthus49	Ferns
Asparagus, Ornamental 42	Cherries79	Fetticus14
Asperula	Chervil 8	Feverfew
Astermums44	Chicory11	Fire Plant, Mexican 56
Asters35, 37, 42–45, 70, 108	Chrysanthemums51, 112	Flower Seeds33–78
Aubrietia 45, 108, 110	Cigar Plant51	Flower Seed Novelties . 35, 36
Auricula	Cineraria37, 49	Forget-me-nots62, 109
Baby's Breath57, 108	Clarkia	Four o'Clock
Bachelor's Button49	Clovers	Foxglove.*53, 108
Ball of Snow	Cobæa51	Fruits
Balloon Flower109	Cockscomb48	Fuchsia111
Balsam	Coix51	Gaillardias37, 56, 108
Barley27	Coleus	Galega56
Beans	Collections, Flower Seed 37	Geranium56
Bean, Soja	Columbine	Gerbera
Beets 7	Coreopsis	Geum56
Beets, Sugar 7	Corn, Field	Gilia56
Begonia37, 45, 83	Corn Salad	Gladiolus90–95
Bellflower	Corn, Sweet	Globe Amaranth 56
Bellis	Cornflower49, 108	Globe Flower
Blackberries	Cosmos	Gloxinias57, 85
Blanket Flower56, 108	Cowpeas	Gnaphalium57
Bleeding Heart	Cowslip	Golden Feather 66
Bluebell	Cress	Golden Tuft107
Blue Lace Flower55	Cress, False Wall 45, 108	Gomphrena56
Bocconia	Cress, Rock108	Gooseberries80, 81
Borecole4	Cucumbers	Grapes
Brachycome	Cup-and-Saucer47, 108	Grasses, Ornamental
Briza	Cuphea	37, 40, 45, 56, 70
Broccoli8	Cyclamen	Grass Seed
Bromus	Cynoglossum53	Grass, Sudan27
	C, 110610334111	J. 200, J. 2011.



Hunt's PERFECTION Seeds



Page	Page	Page
Grevillea	Mertensia	Primroses 63, 66, 67, 109
Gumbo	Mexican Fire Plant56	Primula35, 66, 67, 109
Gynerium	Mignonette62	Pumpkin19
Gypsophila57, 108, 110	Millet	Pyrethrum66
Gypsopinia	Mimulus	
Harebell		Quince80
Helenium 57, 108	Monarda	Radishes22
Helianthus57	Monkey Flower62	Rape27
Helichrysum57	Monkshood107	Raspberries81
Heliotrope 58, 109, 111	Montbretias	Red-Hot Poker
Herbs	Morning-Glory58	Reseda
Hesperis	Moss Pink	Rhodanthe67
Heuchera	Mushroom Spawn16	Rhubarb27
Hibiscus	Muskmelon17	Ricinus67
		Romaine
Hollyhocks	Musk Plant62	
Hordeum58	Mustard	Roses
Horse-radish27	Myosotis	Rudbeckia56
Hunnemannia58	Nasturtium	Rutabaga25, 26
Hyacinth, Water114	Nemesia	Rye27
Hyacinthus85	Nerine	Sage, Scarlet 69
Iberis	Nicotiana63	Saintpaulia69
Incarvillea58	Nierembergia	Salpiglossis
		Salsify22
Ipomœa	Nigella	
Ivy, Kenilworth58	Nympheas114	Salvia
Job's Tears51	Oak, Silk57	Saxifraga110
Kale 4	Oats26	Scabiosa69, 109
Kale, Sea	Enothera	Scabious
Kochia	Okra19	Schizanthus69
Kohlrabi14	Onion	Scorzonera23
Lady's Slipper	Onion Sets	Sedum
Lantana	Ostrich Plume 48	Shamrock69
		Smilax 69
Larkspur35, 37, 54, 59	Oswego Tea	
Lathyrus58	Pachysandra109	Snapdragons38, 39, 41
Lavandula	Painted Tongue68	Sneezewort57
Lavatera58	Pampas Grass 57	Snow-on-the-Mountain56
Lavender, Sea 69, 109	Panicum	Snow-in-Summer108
Leek14	Pansies	Solanum
Leontopodium59, 110	Papaver	Sorrel
Leopard's Bane 108	Paper Plant114	Spinach
Leptosyne	Papyrus	Spirea
Lettuce	Parsley	Spurge
Lilies	Parsnip	Squash23
	-	Squasii
Lily-of-the-Valley	Peaches	Statice69, 109
Linaria	Pears	Stevia
Linum	Peas	Stipa
Lobelia	Peas, Field	Stocks37,71
Loganberries81	Pennisetum 65	Stokesia
Love Grass	Pentstemon65	Stonecrop90
Love-in-a-Mist63	Pepper19	Straw Flower67
Lupins59-61, 109	Pepper Grass	Streptocarpus70
Lupinus59, 60, 109	Perennial Plants107-109	Sunflowers27, 57, 70
Lychnis	Periwinkle	Sun Plant
Lycoris	Petunias	Sweet Peas 36, 58, 72–76
Madwort, Rock107		
	Phlox	Sweet Potatoes27
Mallows58	Pin-cushion Flower109	Sweet Rocket58
Mangels	Pinks55	Sweet Sultan
Marguerite 107	Platycodon	Sweet William37, 70
Marigolds 37, 46, 61	Plums	Sweet Woodruff108
Marvel of Peru62	Polyanthus66	Swiss Chard 7
Matricaria	Poppies 37, 45, 56, 64, 65	Tagetes
Mazus	Portulaca	Tea, Oswego90
Mentha110	Potatoes	Thalia114





Page Thalictrum	Page Bleachers, Celery	Page Plant Stakes
Tritoma .85 Trollius .77, 109 Tropæolum .63, 77 Tuberoses .85 Turnip .25 Umbrella Plant .53, 114 Valeriana .109	Cans, Watering	Raffia 122 Rakes, Wooden 120 Reels 118, 125 Rollers, Lawn 125 Sash, Hotbed 125 Saucers, Flower Pot 124 Saws, Pruning 120
Vallisneria	Forks	Saws, Tulling 120 Scissors, Vine 122 Scythes 120 Scythe Stones 120 Semesan 30 Shears 120, 122 Shovels 120
Vinca. .77 Viola. .77, 109 Violet. .77, 109 Wahlenbergia. .78 Waldmeister. .108 Wallflower. .49, 78	Hose Clamps 118 Hose-Menders 118 Hose, Rubber 118 Hose Washers 118 Insecticides 116, 118 Knives 122	Sickles. 120 Silkaline. 122 Spades. 120 Sprayers. 118 Sprinklers. 118, 120 Summer Cloud. 125
Water-Lilies	Labels 125 Lawn-Mower 122 Line, Garden 125 Mastica 125 Mats, Frostproof 125 Mats, Hotbed 125 Mulch Paper 125	Sundries 124, 125 Syringe 118 Thermometers 125 Traps, Mole 125 Trimmers 120 Trowels 120 Tubs, Plant 125
Aprons 124 Axes 120 Bags, Paper 125 Barrel Spray Pump 120 Barrow 124 Baskets 124 Bellows 124	Nails, Wall. 125 Nets, Melon. 125 Netting. 125 Nozzles, Hose. 118 Pans, Bulb or Seed. 124 Paper, Manila Wrapping. 125 Pencils. 125	Twines 122 Tying Material 122 Vases 124 Wadding, Cotton 124 Water-Fan 113 Watering Cans 120 Weeders 120

Vegetables which should be grown in every garden for exhibition or general purposes

BUSH BEANS
Masterpiece
Golden Wax-podded
BEET
Hunt's Dark-lvd. Globe
Crimson Globe
BRUSSELS SPROUTS
Hunt's Exhibition
CABBAGE
Hunt's Earliest
Early Jersey Wakefield
CARROT
Hunt's Scarlet Intermed.
Danvers Half-Long
CELERY
White Plume
Winter Queen
CORN
Country Gentleman
Golden Bantam

CAULIFLOWER Extra-Early Snowball CUCUMBER (outdoors) Selected White Spine **LEEK** Hunt's Exhibition **LETTUCE** Hunt's Favorite Big Boston LETTUCE, COS Hunt's Dwarf Gem ONION Hunt's Victory Ailsa Craig **PARSLEY** Hunt's Perfecta PARSNIP American Hollow-Crown **PEAS** Gradus Telephone **POTATOES** Irish Cobbler Green Mountain RADISH Crimson Giant SPINACH King of Denmark **SQUASH** Golden Hubbard TOMATOES (outside) John Baer TOMATOES (forcing) Hunt's Victory Early Sunrise **TURNIP** Early Snowball

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